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Digitized with financial assistance from

Shri Brihad Bhartiya Samaj

on 31 October, 2019

# A.

## *List of Permanent Educational Endowment Funds.*

B 1044—1

| No. | Names of Funds. | Government Securities. In whose Name. | Rate per cent. | Value. Rs. a. p. | Where deposited. | Annual Interest. Rs. a. | Total Interest. Rs. a. | Trustees approved by Government in the Educational Department. | Government Order. | Remarks. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | **CENTRAL DIVISION.** | | | | | | | | | |
| | **ISLAND OF BOMBAY.** | | | | | | | | | |
| | *Elphinstone High School.* | | | | | | | | | |
| 1 | Elphinstone Institution Fund. | Accountant General, Bombay, and the Hon'ble Mr. M. G. Ranade. | 3½ per cent. | 1,9,800 0 0 | Bank of Bombay. | 4,193 0 | 4,193 0 | | | The interest of Nos. 1 and 2 is credited to Provincial Funds towards the expenses of the school and college. |
| | *Elphinstone College.* | | | | | | | | | |
| 2 | Elphinstone Professorship Fund. | Do. do. ... | 3½ do. ... | 4,44,200 0 0 | Do. ... | 15,550 8 | 15,550 8 | | | |
| 3 | West Scholarship Fund ... | Do. do. ... | 3½ do. ... | 28,100 0 0 | Do. ... | 994 0 | 994 0 | The Hon'ble Mr. Justice M. G. Ranade, Sir Jamsetji Jijibhoy, R. M. Sayani, Esquire, and the Accountant General. | Educational Department No. 303, dated 10th July 1869, and the trust deed, dated 16th April 1869. | |
| 4 | Clare Scholarship Fund ... | Do. do. ... | 3½ do. ... | 38,800 0 0 | Do. ... | 1,358 0 | 1,358 0 | | | |
| 5 | Gáikwár Scholarship Fund . | Do. do. ... | 3½ do. ... | 6,000 0 0 | Do. ... | 210 0 | 210 0 | | | |
| 6 | Bell Prize Fund .. ... | Do. do. ... | 3½ do. ... | 2,000 0 0 | Do. ... | 70 0 | | | | |
| | | Do. do. ... | 3½ do. ... | 500 0 0 | Accountant General's Office. | 17 0 | | | | |
| | | | | 2,500 0 0 | | | 87 8 | | | |
| 7 | Rája of Dhár Prize Fund ... | Do. do. ... | 3½ do. ... | 1,000 0 0 | Bank of Bombay. | 35 0 | 35 0 | | | |
| 8 | Ganpatráo Vithal Prize Fund. | Do. do. ... | 3½ do. ... | 2,600 0 0 | Do. ... | 91 0 | 91 0 | | | |
| 9 | Sundarji Jiváji Prize Fund | Do. do. ... | 3½ do. ... | 1,500 0 0 | Do. ... | 52 8 | | | | |
| | | Accountant General... | 3½ do. ... | 1,000 0 0 | Accountant General's Office. | 35 0 | | | | |
| | | | | 2,500 0 0 | | | 87 8 | | | |
| 10 | Nawáb of Sachin Fund ... | Trustees ... ... | 3½ do. ... | 1,700 0 0 | Bank of Bombay. | 59 8 | 59 8 | The Hon'ble Mr. Justice M. G. Ranade, Sir Jamsetji Jijibhoy, and R. M. Sayani, Esquire. | Financial Department No. 495 of 1st February 1873. | Funds Nos. 10, 12, 13 and 14 transferred to the non-official Trustees of the Elphinstone Funds and trust deed executed by Government Resolution, Educational Department, No. 700A of the 13th April 1896 and Government Resolution, Educational Department, No. 929, dated the 16th May 1896. |
| 11 | Mountstuart Elphinstone Memorial Fund. | Accountant General and the Hon'ble Mr. M. G. Ranade. | 3½ do. ... | 5,500 0 0 | Do. ... | 192 8 | | The Hon'ble Mr. Justice M. G. Ranade, Sir Jamsetji Jijibhoy, R. M. Sayani, Esquire, the Accountant General and the Director of Public Instruction. | | |
| | | Accountant General... | 3½ do. ... | 2,500 0 0 | Accountant General's Office. | 87 8 | | | | |
| | | | | 8,000 0 0 | | | 280 0 | | Educational Department No. 904, dated 31st August 1874. | |
| 12 | Surbhái Dayalji, Desái of Pooni Scholarship Fund. | Trustees ... .. | 3½ do. ... | 3,600 0 0 | Bank of Bombay. | 126 0 | 126 0 | Same as No. 10 ... | Educational Department No. 8 of the 4th January 1888. | |
| 13 | Gokhale Prize Fund... ... | Do. ... .. | 3½ do. ... | 1,000 0 0 | Do. ... | 35 0 | 35 0 | Do. ... | Educational Department No. 748 of the 28th April 1888. | |

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| No. | Names of Funds. | Government Securities. | | | | Annual Interest. | Total Interest. | Trustees approved by Government in the Educational Department. | Government Order. | Remarks. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | In whose Name. | Rate per cent. | Value. | Where deposited. | | | | | |
| | CENTRAL DIVISION—*continued.* | | | Rs. a. p. | | Rs. a. | Rs. a. | | | |
| | ISLAND OF BOMBAY—*contd.* | | | | | | | | | |
| | *Elphinstone College*—contd. | | | | | | | | | |
| 14 | Jehángir Cowasji Jehángir Endowment Fund. | Trustees ... ... | 3½ per cent. | 2,200 0 0 | Bank of Bombay. | 77 0 | 77 0 | Same as No. 10 ... | Educational Department No. 1080 of 2nd June 1891. | |
| | *Grant Medical College.* | | | | | | | | | |
| 15 | Farish Scholarship Fund. | ..... | 6 do. ... | 19,900 0 0 | Book Debt ... | 1,194 0 | | | | |
| | | Accountant General. | 3½ do ... | 1,800 0 0 | Accountant General's Office. | 63 0 | | | | |
| | | | | 21,700 0 0 | | | 1,257 0 | | | |
| 16 | Carnac Scholarship Fund. | ..... | 6 do ... | 16,700 0 0 | Book Debt .. | 1,002 0 | | | | |
| | | Accountant General. | 3½ do ... | 5,400 0 0 | Accountant General's Office. | 189 0 | | | | |
| | | | | 22,100 0 0 | | | 1,191 0 | Sir Jamsetji Jijibhoy, Bart., C. S. I., the Director of Public Instruction, and the Principal, Grant Medical College. | Educational Department No. 782 of 5th May 1888. | |
| 17 | Anderson Scholarship Fund. | ..... | 6 do ... | 14,900 0 0 | Book Debt ... | 894 0 | 894 0 | | | |
| 18 | Reid Scholarship Fund ... | ..... | 5 do ... | 13,600 0 0 | Do. ... | 680 0 | | | | |
| | | Accountant General. | 3½ do ... | 3,900 0 0 | Accountant General's Office. | 136 8 | | | | |
| | | | | 17,500 0 0 | | | 816 8 | | | |
| 19 | McLennan Scholarship Fund. | ..... | 5 do ... | 9,400 0 0 | Book Debt ... | 470 0 | | | | |
| | | Accountant General. | 3½ do ... | 37,00 0 0 | Accountant General's Office. | 129 8 | | | General Department No. 3358 of 20th November 1856. | |
| | | | | 13,100 0 0 | | | 599 8 | | | |
| 20 | Jamkhandi Scholarship Fund. | Do. ... | 3½ do ... | 3,300 0 0 | Do. ... | 115 8 | 115 8 | | Political Department No. 242 of the 13th June 1862. | |
| 21 | Cowasji Jehángir Scholarship Fund. | Do. ... | 3½ do ... | 5,100 0 0 | Do. ... | 178 8 | 178 8 | | Educational Department No. 49 of the 28th January 1869. | |
| 22 | Hemábhái Vákhatchand Medal Fund. | Do. ... | 3½ do ... | 6,300 0 0 | Do. ... | 220 8 | 220 8 | | General Department No. 958 of the 19th March 1859. | |
| 23 | Sir Jamsetji Jijibhoy Medical Book Fund. | ..... | 5 do ... | 14,100 0 0 | Book Debt ... | 705 0 | | | | |
| | | Accountant General. | 3½ do .. | 900 0 0 | Accountant General's Office. | 31 8 | | | | |
| | | | | 15,000 0 0 | | | 736 8 | The Director of Public Instruction and the Principal, Grant Medical College. | General Department No. 2625 of the 24th July 1848. | |
| 24 | Sir Jamsetji Jijibhoy Medical Prize Fund. | ..... | 5 do ... | 5,900 0 0 | Book Debt ... | 295 0 | | | | |
| | | Accountant General. | 3½ do ... | 1,000 0 0 | Accountant General's Office. | 35 0 | | | | |
| | | | | 6,900 0 0 | | | 330 0 | | | |

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|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 25 | Sir Jamsetji Jijibhoy Prize Medal Fund. | ..... | 5 | do. ... | 3,800 | 0 0 | Book Debt ... | 190 | 0 | 190 | 0 | General Department No. 207, dated 23rd January 1857. |
| 26 | Sir J. P. Willoughby Prize Fund. | Accountant General . | 3½ | do. ... | 4,200 | 0 0 | Accountant General's Office. | 147 | 0 | 147 | 0 | Educational Department No. 410 of the 23rd July 1868. |
| 27 | Arnott Prize Medal Fund . | Do. ... | 3½ | do. ... | 700 | 0 0 | Do. ... | 24 | 8 | 24 | 8 | Educational Department No. 182 of the 29th March 1870. |
| 28 | Sir Cowasji Jehángir Ready-money Fund. | Do. ... | 3½ | do. ... | 1,500 | 0 0 | Do. ... | 52 | 8 | 52 | 8 | Educational Department No. 307 of the 6th March 1878. |
| 29 | J. C. Lisboa Scholarship Fund. | Do. ... | 3½ | do. ... | 4,700 | 0 0 | Do. ... | 164 | 8 | 164 | 8 | Educational Department No. 935, dated 31st July 1879, Government, Resolution, Educational Department, No. 1065 of 21st May 1892 and Government Resolution, Educational Department, No. 511, dated 3rd March 1896. |
| 30 | Hunter Memorial Fund ... | Do. ... | 3½ | do. ... | 1,000 | 0 0 | Do. ... | 35 | 0 | 35 | 0 | Educational Department No. 826, dated 28th May 1881. |
| 31 | Hunter Prize Fund ... ... | Do. ... | 3½ | do. ... | 400 | 0 0 | Do. ... | 14 | 0 | 14 | 0 | Educational Department No. 1810 of the 28th November 1881. |
| 32 | Mayo Memorial Fund ... | Do. ... | 3½ | do. ... | 14,200 | 0 0 | Do. ... | 497 | 0 | 497 | 0 | The Financial Secretary to Government and the Director of Public Instruction. | Financial Department No. 424, dated 2nd February 1880, and also Educational Department No. 665 of the 26th April 1881. | Vested in the Treasurer by Government Resolution, Educational Department, No. 100, dated 16th January 1896. |
| 33 | Dr. Cursetji Frámji Khory Prize Fund. | Do. .. | 3½ | do. ... | 1,500 | 0 0 | Do. ... | 52 | 8 | 52 | 8 | The Director of Public Instruction and the Principal, Grant Medical College. | Educational Department No. 1321, dated 13th July 1885. | |
| 34 | Dr. Cursetji Frámji Khory Scholarship Fund. | Do. ... | 3½ | do. ... | 5,200 | 0 0 | Do. ... | 182 | 0 | 182 | 0 | | Educational Department No. 409, dated 10th March 1886. | |
| 35 | Dr. MacDougall Memorial Fund. | Do. ... | 3½ | do. ... | 1,500 | 0 0 | Do. ... | 52 | 8 | 52 | 8 | | Educational Department No. 631, dated 17th April 1886. | |
| 36 | Dinbái Dinsháw Wácha Prize Fund. | Do. ... | 3½ | do. ... | 1,500 | 0 0 | Do. ... | 52 | 8 | 52 | 8 | | Educational Department No. 1867 of 18th October 1888. | |
| 37 | Frámji Dinshaw Petit Library Fund. | Do. ... | 3½ | do. ... | 3,000 | 0 0 | Do. ... | 105 | 0 | 105 | 0 | | Educational Department No. 1411, of 29th July 1889. | |
| 38 | The Lady Reay Fund for Nurses. | Do. ... | 3½ | do. ... | 1,00,700 | 0 0 | Do. .. | 3,524 | 8 | 3,524 | 8 | The Advocate General, the Principal, Grant Medical College, and three others. | General Department No. 3361 of 20th August 1889. | Vested in the Treasurer by Government Resolution, Educational Deprtment, No. 445, dated 24th February 1896. |
| 39 | Lord Reay Lectureship Fund. | Do. ... | 3½ | do. ... | 11,000 | 0 0 | Do. ... | 385 | 0 | 385 | 0 | ..... | Government Resolution, Educational Department No. 1103, dated 6th June 1891. | Vested in the Treasurer by Government Resolution, Educational Department, No. 499, dated 2nd March 1896. |
| 40 | Hewlett Memorial Fund ... | Do. ... | 3½ | do. ... | 2,800 | 0 0 | Do. ... | 112 | 0 | 112 | 0 | The Director of Public Instruction and the Principal, Grant Medical College. | Educational Department No. 1421 of 5th July 1892 and No. 2128 of 4th October 1893. | |
| 41 | Wellington Gray Memorial Fund. | Do. ... | 3½ | do. ... | 900 | 0 0 | Do. ... | 31 | 8 | 31 | 8 | ..... | Educational Department No. 1191, dated 20th June 1895. | |

| No. | Names of Funds. | Government Securities. | | | | Annual Interest. | Total Interest. | Trustees approved by Government in the Educational Department. | Government Order. | Remarks. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | In whose Name. | Rate per cent. | Value. | Where deposited. | | | | | |
| | CENTRAL DIVISION—*continued.* | | | Rs. a. p. | | Rs. a. | Rs. a. | | | |
| | ISLAND OF BOMBAY—*contd.* | | | | | | | | | |
| | *Law Class.* | | | | | | | | | |
| 42 | Perry Testimonial Fund ... | Accountant General . | 3½ per cent. | 53,700 0 0 | Accountant General's Office. | 1,879 8 | 1,879 8 | The Honourable Mr. Justice M. G. Ranade and the Accountant General. | General Department No. 1181 of the 20th of March 1855. | Vested in the Treasurer *vidé* Government Resolution, Educational Department No. 1267 of 2nd July 1895 and Government Resolution, Educational Department No. 431 of 21st February 1896. |
| | *Sir J. J. School of Art.* | | | | | | | | | |
| 43 | Sir Jamsetji Jijibhoy School of Art Fund. | ..... | 5 do. ... | 1,00,000 0 0 | Book Debt ... | 5,000 0 | 5,000 0 | The Director of Public Instruction and the Principal, Sir J. J. School of Art. | General Department No. 64 of the 18th June 1853, and Despatch from the Honourable Court of Directors, No. 13 of the 27th April 1854. | Credited to Provincial Funds towards the expenses of the school. |
| 44 | School of Art Prize Fund ... | Trustees ... ... | 3½ do. ... | 7,000 0 0 | Bank of Bombay. | 245 0 | 245 0 | The Municipal Commissioner, Bombay, Sir Jamsetji Jijibhoy, Bart., C.S.I., and the Director of Public Instruction. | General Department No. 818 of the 4th May 1868. | A Trust Deed for Funds Nos. 44, 47, 48, 50, 51, 52, and 53 was executed by Government Resolution, Educational Department, No. 2229, dated the 18th November 1895, and Government Resolution, Educational Department, No. 2112, dated the 3rd November 1896. |
| 45 | Sorábji Jamsetji Jijibhoy Scholarship Fund. | ..... | 5 per cent. | 3,600 0 0 | Book Debt ... | 180 0 | 180 0 | ..... | Educational Department No. 257 of the 24th of June 1862. | |
| 46 | Ráo of Cutch Scholarship Fund. | Accountant General . | 3½ do. | 17,100 0 0 | Accountant General's Office. | 598 8 | 598 8 | ..... | Political Department No. 6008 of the 12th December 1871 and No. 1640 of 16th March 1872. | Vested in the Treasurer by Government Resolution, Educational Department, No. 1796, dated the 11th October 1895. |
| 47 | Sassoon Scholarship Fund ... | Trustees ... ... | 3½ do. ... | 3,600 0 0 | Bank of Bombay. | 126 0 | 126 0 | ..... | Educational Department No. 437 of the 9th April 1872. | |
| 48 | Cowasji Jehángir Ellis Prize Fund. | Do. ... | 3½ do. ... | 1,000 0 0 | Do. ... | 35 0 | 35 0 | ..... | Educational Department No. 562, dated 19th May 1875. | |
| 49 | Mayo Prize Fund ... ... | Accountant General . | 3½ do. ... | 11,800 0 0 | Accountant General's Office. | 413 0 | 413 0 | The Financial Secretary to Government and the Director of Public Instruction, | Educational Department No. 565 of the 5th April 1881. | |
| 50 | Vináyak Wásudev Scholarship Fund. | Trustees ... ... | 3½ do. ... | 3,000 0 0 | Bank of Bombay. | 105 0 | 105 0 | The Director of Public Instruction and the Principal, Sir J. J. School of Art. | Political Department No. 6020, dated the 11th of December 1880. | |
| 51 | Waddington Memorial Fund. | Do. ... | 3½ do. ... | 2,100 0 0 | Do. ... | 73 8 | 73 8 | | Educational Department No. 1348, dated 17th July 1885. | |

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 52 | Govarishankar Udayshankar Scholarship Fund. | Do. ... | 3 | do. ... | 3,000 0 0 | Do. ... | 90 0 | 90 0 | ..... | Educational Department No. 856 of 21st April 1892, No. 1817 of 4th September 1894, and No. 898 of 8th May 1895. | |
| 53 | Griffiths Prize Fund ... | Do. ... | 3½ | do. ... | 900 0 0 | Do. ... | 31 8 | 31 8 | ..... | Educational Department No. 1399, dated 23rd July 1896. | |
| | *Miscellaneous.* | | | | | | | | | | |
| 54 | Cowasji Jehangir Endowment Fund. | Trustees ... ... | 3½ | do. ... | 1,700 0 0 | Bank of Bombay. | 59 8 | 59 8 | Messrs. Silas Meyer Moses and Shellim Ezekiel Shellim. | Educational Department No. 1765, dated 15th November 1886. | A Trust-deed executed by Government Resolution, Educational Deptment, No. 473, dated the 6th March 1895. |
| 55 | Rastamji Jamsetji Jijibhoy School Fund. | Accountant General... | 3½ | do. ... | 72,000 0 0 | Accountant General's Office. | 2,520 0 | 2,520 0 | The Director of Public Instruction and the Educational Inspector, C. D. | Educational Department No. 449 of 24th of August 1863. | |
| 56 | Baigree Memorial Fund ... | Do. ... | 3½ | do. ... | 10,500 0 0 | Do. ... | 367 8 | 367 8 | The Financial Secretary to Government and the Director of Public Instruction. | General Department No. 2846, dated 11th October 1879. | |
| 57 | Cathedral High School Endowment. | Do. ... | 3½ | do. ... | 52,000 0 0 | Do. ... | 1,820 0 | 1,820 0 | The Bishop of Bombay and the Archdeacon for the time being. | Educational Department No. 1009 of the 21st August 1878. | |
| 58 | Bombay Education Society Endowment. | Bishop of Bombay ... | 4 | do. ... | 1,06,200 0 0 | Bombay Port Trust Bond. (Deposited in the Bank of Bombay.) | 4,248 0 | | The Bishop of Bombay. | Educational Department No. 180 of 12th October 1882. | |
| | | Do. ... | 5 | do. ... | 10,500 0 0 | Bombay Municipal Debentures. (Deposited in the Bank of Bombay.) | 525 0 | | | | |
| | | Do. ... | 3 | do. ... | 1,900 0 0 | Government Promissory Notes. (Deposited in the Bank of Bombay.) | 57 0 | | | | |
| | | | 3½ | do. ... | 500 0 0 | | 17 8 | | | | |
| | | | | | 1,9,100 0 0 | | | 4,847 8 | | | |
| 59 | Sir Mangaldás Nathubhoy Girls' School Fund. | Accountant General. | 3½ | do. ... | 44,600 0 0 | Accountant General's Office. | 1,561 0 | 1,561 0 | ..... | Educational Department No. 1462 of the 9th August 1883. | Vested in the Treasurer by Government Resolution, Educational Department, No. 2786 of 22nd December 1892. |
| 60 | Lady Frere Scholarship Fund. | Do. ... | 3½ | do. ... | | | | | ..... | | |
| 61 | Jairázbhoy Peerbhoy Girls' School Fund. | Do. ... | 3½ | do. ... | 15,000 0 0 | Do. ... | 525 0 | 525 0 | The Director of Public Instruction and the Educational Inspector, C. D. | Educational Department No. 1104 of the 28th June 1884. | Incorporated Local Fund. |
| 62 | Willoughby Translation Fund. | Do. ... | 3½ | do. ... | 8,200 0 0 | Do. ... | 287 0 | 287 0 | The Director of Public Instruction and the Principal, Elphinstone College. | Educational Department No. 1333 of the 7th August 1884. | Excluded Local Fund. |
| 63 | Frere-Fletcher Orphanage Endowment Fund. | Do. ... | 3½ | do. ... | 50,000 0 0 | Do. ... | 1,750 0 | 1,750 0 | The Archdeacon of Bombay, the Senior Chaplain of St. Thomas' Cathedral, Bombay, the Accountant General, the Collector of Bombay, and the Principal, Elphinstone College. | Educational Department No. 935 of the 24th of May 1883. | The interest is adjusted to the credit of the fund subordinate to Revenue Deposits. |

| No. | Names of Funds. | Government Securities. | | | | Annual Interest. | Total Interest. | Trustees approved by Government in the Educational Department. | Government Order. | Remarks. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | In whose Name. | Rate per cent. | Value. | Where deposited. | | | | | |
| | | | | Rs. a. p. | | Rs. a. | Rs. a. | | | |
| | CENTRAL DIVISION—*continued.* | | | | | | | | | |
| | *Miscellaneous*—continued. | | | | | | | | | |
| 64 | The Winifred Gift ... ... | Accountant General... | 3½ per cent | 1,000 0 0 | Accountant General's Office. | 35 0 | 35 0 | The Bishop of Bombay and the Educational Inspector, C. D. | Educational Department, No. 249 of 5th February 1889. | |
| 65 | Kazi Shahabudin Fund ... | Do. ... | 3½ do. ... | 1,00,000 0 0 | Do. ... | 3,500 0 | 3,500 0 | Kazi Shahabudin and the Accountant General. | Educational Department, No. 269 of 8th February 1892. | Vested in the Treasurer by Government Resolution, Educational Department, No. 1469 of 11th July 1892. |
| | POONA. | | | | | | | | | |
| | *Deccan College.* | | | | | | | | | |
| 66 | Candy Scholarship and Prize Fund. | Trustees ... ... | 3½ do. ... | 2,200 0 0 | Bank of Bombay | 77 0 | 77 0 | Sir Jamsetji Jijibhoy, Dr. Ramkrishna Gopal Bhandarkar and Mr. Justice M. G. Ranade. | Educational Department No. 11 of the 11th January 1868. | A Trust-deed was executed by Government Resolution, Educational Department, No. 526 of 15th March 1895. |
| 67 | Havelock Memorial Fund ... | Do. ... ... | 3½ do. ... | 2,000 0 0 | Do. ... | 70 0 | 70 0 | | Educational Department No. 479 of the 3rd April 1878. | |
| 68 | Mahájani Prize Fund ... | Do. ... ... | 3½ do. ... | 1,000 0 0 | Do. ... | 35 0 | 35 0 | | Educational Department No. 1505 of the 9th December 1879. | |
| 69 | Náráyan Govind Apte Prize Fund. | Do. ... ... | 3½ do. ... | 1,000 0 0 | Do. ... | 35 0 | 35 0 | | Educational Department No. 1720 of the 6th October 1884. | |
| | *College of Science.* | | | | | | | | | |
| 70 | Frere Scholarship Fund ... | Trustees ... ... | 3½ do. ... | 7,500 0 0 | Bank of Bombay | 262 8 | 262 8 | Sir Jahangir Cawasjee Jehangir, Ráo Bahádur Narayan Bhai Dhandekar and Mr. Gangadhar Vinayek Mehendale. | Educational Department No. 117 of the 13th March 1867. | A Trust-deed was executed by Government Resolution, Educational Department, No. 1614, dated 20th August 1895. |
| 71 | McDougall Scholarship Fund. | Do. ... ... | 3½ do. ... | 1,500 0 0 | Do. ... | 52 8 | 52 8 | | Educational Department No. 135 of the 27th January 1886. | |
| 72 | Watt Scholarship Fund ... | Do. ... ... | 3½ do. ... | 4,100 0 0 | Do. ... | 143 8 | 143 8 | | Educational Department No. 1639 of the 16th October 1886. | |
| 73 | Kaikhasru Rastomji Woonwala Scholarship Fund. | Do. ... ... | 3½ do. ... | 3,000 0 0 | Do. ... | 105 0 | 105 0 | | Educational Department No. 418 of 7th March 1888. | |

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|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | *Normal School.* | | | | | | | | | |
| 74 | Poona Normal School Fund . | Accountant General... | 3½ | do. .. | 50,000 0 0 | Accountant General's Office. | 1,750 0 | 1,750 0 | ..... | Educational Department No. 1094 of the 30th December 1871. | Vested in the Treasurer by Government Resolution, Educational Department, No. 1172, dated the 18th June 1895. Adjusted as Provincial Revenue under XII Interest. |
| 75 | Wedderburn Scholarship Fund. | Do. ... | 3½ | do. ... | 1,000 0 0 | Do. ... | 35 0 | 35 0 | The Collector of Ahmednagar and the Educational Inspector, C. D. | Educational Department No. 1644, dated 22nd of September 1882. | Excluded Local Funds. |
| 76 | Bhima Ába Puránik Prize Fund. | Do. ... | 3½ | do. ... | 500 0 0 | Do. ... | 17 8 | 17 8 | The Collector of Poona and the Educational Inspector, Central Division. | Educational Department No. 979 of the 23rd June 1887. | |
| | *Medical School.* | | | | | | | | | | |
| 77 | Byrámji Jijibhoy Medical School Fund. | Do. ... | 3½ | do. ... | 10,000 0 0 | Do. ... | 350 0 | 350 0 | ..... | General Department No. 285, dated 5th February 1879. | Adjusted as Provincial Revenue under XII Interest. |
| 78 | Vináyekráo Jagannáth Shankarshet Memorial Fund. | Do. ... | 3½ | do. ... | 500 0 0 | Do. ... | 17 8 | 17 8 | The Director of Public Instruction and the Principal, Grant Medical College. | Educational Department No. 816 of the 9th July 1877. | Excluded Local Funds. |
| 79 | Dr. Bálkrishna Chintoba Testimonial Fund. | Do. ... | 3½ | do. ... | 3,000 0 0 | Do. ... | 105 0 | 105 0 | The Director of Public Instruction and the Educational Inspector, C. D. | General Department No. 286 of the 5th February 1879. | |
| | *Miscellaneous.* | | | | | | | | | | |
| 80 | Sir James Fergusson Prize Fund. | Do. ... | 3½ | do. ... | 1,300 0 0 | Do. ... | 45 8 | 45 8 | The Collector of Poona, the Accountant General and the Director of Public Instruction. | Educational Department No. 1635, dated 24th October 1887. | |
| 81 | Duke of Albany Memorial Fund. | Do. ... | 3½ | do. ... | 700 0 0 | Do. ... | 24 8 | 24 8 | The Collector of Poona and the Educational Inspector, C. D. | Educational Department No. 1054 of the 8th July 1886. | Excluded Local Funds. |
| 82 | Náráyan Govind Apte Prize Fund. | Do. ... | 3½ | do. ... | 500 0 0 | Do. ... | 17 8 | 17 8 | Do. ... | Educational Department No. 1330, dated 23rd August 1886. | |
| 83 | Colonel Young's Fund ... | Do. ... | 3½ | do. ... | 1,400 0 0 | Do. ... | 49 0 | 49 0 | Do. ... | Educational Department No. 306 of 24th February 1887. | |
| 84 | Pensioners School Fund ... | Do. ... | 3½<br>3 | do. ...<br>do. ... | 15,000 0 0<br>3,000 0 0 | Do. ... | 525 0<br>90 0 | 615 0 | The Bishop and the Archdeacon of Bombay. | Educational Department No. 1340 of the 20th of July 1883. | |
| | | | | | 18,000 0 0 | | | | | | |
| 85 | European Schools endowment (Bishop's High School and St. Mary's School). | Do. ... | 3½ | do. ... | 32,000 0 0 | Do. ... | 1,120 0 | 1,120 0 | The Bishop of Bombay. | Educational Department No 2158 of the 7th December 1885. | |

| No. | Names of Funds. | Government Securities. | | | | Annual Interest. | Total Interest. | Trustees approved by Government in the Educational Department. | Government Order. | Remarks. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | In whose Name. | Rate per cent | Value. | Where deposited. | | | | | |
| | | | | Rs. a. p. | | Rs. a. | Rs. a. | | | |
| | CENTRAL DIVISION —*continued.* | | | | | | | | | |
| | KHÁNDESH. | | | | | | | | | |
| 86 | Dhulia High School Fund... | Accountant General... | 3½ per cent. | 21,000 0 0 | Accountant General's Office. | 735 0 | 735 0 | The Collector of Khándesh and the Educational Inspector, C. D. | General Department No. 2536 of the 5th of August 1854. | Credited to Provincial Services towards salaries of Masters. |
| 87 | Dhulia Gymnasium Fund... | Do. .. | 3½ do. ... | 2,500 0 0 | Do. .. | 87 8 | 87 8 | Do. do. ... | Educational Department No. 505 of the 28th August 1868. | Credited to Provincial Services towards the salary of the Gymnastic Teacher. |
| 88 | Trimbak Garud Sanskrit Prize Fund. | Do. ... | 3½ do. ... | 500 0 0 | Do. ... | 17 8 | 17 8 | The Deputy Collector of Khandesh and the Educational Inspector, C. D. | Educational Department No. 1160, dated 15th July 1882. | Excluded Local Fund. |
| 89 | Garud Prize Fund ... ... | Do. .. | 3½ do. ... | 500 0 0 | Do. ... | 17 8 | 17 8 | Do. do. ... | Educational Department No. 1358 of the 3rd September 1887. | Do. |
| 90 | Probyn Memorial Fund ... | Do. ... | 3½ do. ... | 9,000 0 0 | Do. ... | 315 0 | 315 0 | Collector of Khándesh and the Educational Inspector, Central Division. | Financial Department No. 1252 of 25th March 1889 and Government Resolution, Educational Department, No. 1885 of 8th September 1893. | Vested in the Treasurer by Government Resolution, Educational Department, No. 1357, dated the 17th July 1896. |
| | AHMEDNAGAR. | | | | | | | | | |
| 91 | Sadáshiv and Yamuna Scholarship Fund. | Do. ... | 3½ do. ... | 1,800 0 0 | Do. ... | 63 0 | 63 0 | The Director of Public Instruction and the Collector of Ahmednagar. | Educational Department No. 880, dated 22nd July 1879. | Excluded Local Fund. |
| 92 | Krishna Prize Fund ... | Do. .. | 3½ do. ... | 100 0 0 | Do. ... | 3 8 | 3 8 | The Collector of Ahmednagar and the Educational Inspector, C. D. | Educational Department No. 1160 of the 15th July 1882. | |
| 93 | Sávitribái Scholarship Fund. | Do. ... | 3½ do. ... | 500 0 0 | Do. ... | 17 8 | 17 8 | | Educational Department No. 188 of the 29th January 1883. | |
| 94 | D'Oyly Prize Fund ... | Do. ... | 3½ do. ... | 500 0 0 | Do. ... | 17 8 | 17 8 | | Educational Department No. 1741 of the 5th September 1882. | |
| 95 | Frámji Ardesir Scholarship Fund. | Do. .. | 3½ do. ... | 600 0 0 | Do. ... | 21 0 | 21 0 | | Educational Department No. 513 of the 22nd March 1884. | |
| 96 | Rukhminibái Shárangpáni Prize Fund. | Do. ... | 3½ do. ... | 300 0 0 | Do. ... | 10 8 | 10 8 | The Collector of Násik and the Educational Inspector, C. D. | Educational Department No. 1967 of the 22nd November 1884. | Excluded Local Fund. |

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|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | **NORTHERN DIVISION.** | | | | | | | | | |
| | **AHMEDABAD.** | | | | | | | | | |
| 97 | Gujarát College Fund ... | Accountant General. | 3½ per cent. | 67,200 0 0 | Accountant General's Office. | 2,352 0 | 2,352 0 | The Collector of Ahmedabad and the Educational Inspector, N. D. | Educational Department No. 243 of the 27th February 1879. | |
| 98 | Maganbhái Karamchand Scholarship Fund. | Do. ... | 3½ do. ... | 15,500 0 0 | Do. ... | 542 8 | 542 8 | Do. ... | General Department No. 801, dated 6th March 1856. | |
| 99 | Maganbhái Girls' School Fund. | Do. ... | 3½ do. ... | 19,000 0 0 | Do. ... | 665 0 | 665 0 | Do. ... | General Department No. 4240 of the 28th October 1850. | |
| 100 | Sethání Harkuvarbái Girls' School Fund. | Do. ... | 3½ do. ... | 14,500 0 0 | Do. ... | 507 8 | 507 8 | | General Department No. 598 of the 20th of February and No. 3524 of the 10th December 1856. | |
| 101 | Mahárája of Mysore Prize Fund. | Do. ... | 3½ do. ... | 200 0 0 | Do. ... | 7 0 | 7 0 | Do. ... | Educational Department No. 538 of 23rd March 1888. | Excluded Local Funds. |
| 102 | His Highness the Diván of Pálanpur's Prize Fund. | Do. ... | 3½ do. ... | 500 0 0 | Do. ... | 17 8 | 17 8 | Do. ... | Educational Department No. 132 of 25th January 1888. | |
| 103 | Dinshaw Máneckji Petit Book Fund. | Do. ... | 3½ do. ... | 500 0 0 | Do. ... | 17 8 | 17 8 | The Director of Public Instruction and the Principal, Grant Medical College. | General Department No. 285 of the 5th of February 1879. | |
| 104 | Keshowji Náik Scholarship Fund. | Do, ... | 3½ do. ... | 4,000 0 0 | Do. ... | 140 0 | 140 0 | | Do. do. do. | |
| 105 | Byrámji Jijibhoy Scholarship Fund. | Do. ... | 3½ do. ... | 4,000 0 0 | Do. ... | 140 0 | 140 0 | | Do. do. do. | |
| 106 | Cowasji Jehángir Scholarship Fund. | Do. ... | 3½ do. ... | 4,000 0 0 | Do. ... | 140 0 | 140 0 | | Do. do. do. | |
| 107 | Gáikwár Book Fund. ... | Do. ... | 3½ do. ... | 3,000 0 0 | Do. ... | 105 0 | 105 0 | | Do. do. do. | |
| 108 | Mangaldás Nathubhái Scholarship Fund. | Do. ... | 3½ do. ... | 4,000 0 0 | Do. ... | 140 0 | 140 0 | | Do. do. do. | |
| 109 | Hirjibhoy Narsingji Prize Fund. | Do. ... | 3½ do. ... | 1,000 0 0 | Do. ... | 35 0 | 35 0 | | Do. do. do. | |
| 110 | The I'dar Prize Fund ... | Do. ... | 3½ do. ... | 500 0 0 | Do. ... | 17 8 | 17 8 | The Headmaster, Ahmedabad High School, and the Educational Inspector, N.D. | Educational Department No. 1305 of 18th July 1888. | |
| 111 | Lálkáka Prize Fund ... | Do. ... | 3½ do. ... | 300 0 0 | Do. ... | 10 8 | 10 8 | Do. do. ... | Educational Department No. 835 of 15th May 1888. | |
| | **BROACH.** | | | | | | | | | |
| 112 | Sorábsha Dádábhái Munsiffna Prize Fund. | Do. ... | 3½ do. ... | 500 0 0 | Do. ... | 17 8 | 17 8 | The Educational Inspector, N. D., and the Head Master, Broach High School. | Educational Department No. 1802 of the 24th of November 1886. | Excluded Local Funds. |
| 113 | Ardesir Kámdin Victoria Jubilee Prize Fund. | Do. ... | 3½ do. ... | 500 0 0 | Do. ... | 17 8 | 17 8 | The Educational Inspector, Northern Division, and the Head Master, Broach High School. | Educational Department No. 93 of the 20th January 1887. | |

| No. | Names of Fund. | Government Securities. | | | | Annual Interest. | Total. | Trustees approved by Government in the Educational Department. | Government Order. | Remarks. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | In whose Name. | Rate per cent. | Value. | Where deposited. | | | | | |
| | NORTHERN DIVISION—*continued.* | | | Rs. a. p. | | Rs. a. | Rs. a. | | | |
| 114 | Ráo Bahádur Parvatishankar Mánishankar Dave Prize Fund. | Accountant General .. | 3½ per cent | 800 0 0 | Accountant General's Office. | 28 0 | 28 0 | The Educational Inspector, Northern Division, and the Head Master, Broach High School. | Educational Department No. 1909 of 8th September 1890. | |
| | KAIRA. | | | | | | | | | |
| 115 | Dahi Lakshmi Scholarship Fund. | Do. ... | 3½ do. ... | 1,200 0 0 | Do. ... | 42 0 | 42 0 | The Collector of Kaira and the Educational Inspector, N. D. | Educational Department No. 1675 dated 25th October 1886. | |
| | SURAT. | | | | | | | | | |
| 116 | Fardunji Sorábji Párakh School of Art and Industry Fund. | Do. ... | 3½ do. ... | 48,500 0 0 | Do. ... | 1,697 8 | 1,697 8 | The Judge of Surat and the Educational Inspector, N. D. | Educational Department No. 225 of the 20th May 1863. | The interest is remitted to the Collector of Surat. |
| 117 | Chotálál Párvatishankar Prize Fund. | Do. ... | 3½ do. ... | 500 0 0 | Do. ... | 17 8 | 17 8 | The Head Master, Surat High School, and the Educational Inspector, N. D. | Educational Department No. 1319 of 17th July 1889. | Excluded Local Fund. |
| 118 | Jaláipur School Fund ... | Do. ... | 3½ do. ... | 3,000 0 0 | Do. ... | 105 0 | 105 0 | The Collector of Surat, and the Educational Inspector, N. D. | Educational Department No. 345 of the 22nd June 1861. | The interest is credited to the Surat District Educational Fund. |
| 119 | Dinshaw Mánekji Petit Korsad School Fund. | Do. ... | 3½ do. ... | 2,500 0 0 | Do. ... | 87 8 | 87 8 | | Revenue Department No. 805 of 12th March 1863. | |
| 120 | Tulsidás Varajdás Scholarship Fund. | Do. ... | 3½ do. .. | 1,200 0 0 | Do. ... | 42 0 | 42 0 | | Educational Department No. 778 of the 3rd May 1883. | Do. do. |
| 121 | Hope Scholarship Fund ... | Do. ... | 3½ do. ... | 1,100 0 0 | Do. ... | 38 8 | 38 8 | | Educational Department No. 1238 of 16th July 1888. | Excluded Local Fund. |
| 122 | Lállubhái Keshavlál Scholarship Fund. | Do. ... | 3½ do. .. | 1,200 0 0 | Do. ... | 42 0 | 42 0 | The Educational Inspector, N. D., and the Head Master, Surat High School. | Educational Department No. 2151 of the 7th December 1885. | |
| 123 | Atmárám Bhukanwála Prize Fund. | Do. ... | 3½ do. ... | 600 0 0 | Do. ... | 21 0 | 21 0 | Do. do. ... | Educational Department No. 1689, dated 3rd November 1887 and No. 1057 of 18th May 1892. | Excluded Local Funds. |
| 124 | Nárandás Purshotamdás Poor Encouragement Fund. | Do. ... | 3½ do. ... | 3,400 0 0 | Do. ... | 119 8 | 119 0 | Do. do. ... | Educational Department No. 368, dated 20th February 1891 and Government Resolution, Educational Department No. 1582 of 15th August 1895. | |
| | THÁNA. | | | | | | | | | |
| 125 | Coghlan Memorial Fund ... | Do. ... | 3½ do. ... | 1,000 0 0 | Do. ... | 35 0 | 35 0 | The Director of Public Instruction and the District Judge of Thána. | Educational Department No. 164 of the 24th January 1884. | Excluded Local Fund. |
| | CUTCH. | | | | | | | | | |
| 126 | Vináyak Náráyan Bhágvat Scholorship Fund. | Do. ... | 3½ do. ... | 1,500 0 0 | Do. ... | 52 8 | 52 8 | The Political Agent, Cutch, and H. H. the Ráo of Cutch. | Political Department No. 6181 of the 26th December 1882. | |
| 127 | Kalpan School Fund ... | Do. ... | 3½ do. ... | 21,500 0 0 | Do. ... | 752 8 | 752 8 | | Political Department No. 511 of the 22nd February 1865. | |
| 128 | Mahomedan School Fund ... | Do. ... | 3½ do. ... | 18,000 0 0 | Do. ... | 630 0 | 630 0 | | ..... | |

| | KA'THIA'WA'R. | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 129 | Káthiáwár Educational Fund. | Do. | ... | 3½ | do. | ... | 45,000 | 0 | 0 | Do. | ... | 1,575 | 0 | 1,575 | 0 | Political Department No. 1203 of 14th March 1856 and No. 2535 of 2nd March 1857. |
| 130 | Junágad and Jaitpur Scholarship Fund. | Do. | ... | 3½ | do. | ... | 10,300 | 0 | 0 | Do. | ... | 360 | 8 | 360 | 8 | Educational Department No. 782 of 5th May 1888. |
| 131 | Ráwat Wála Scholarship Fund. | Do. | ... | 3½ | do. | ... | 1,200 | 0 | 0 | Do. | ... | 42 | 0 | 42 | 0 | Do. do. |
| 132 | Hebbert and LaTouche Scholarship Fund. | Do. | ... | 3½ | do. | ... | 5,700 | 0 | 0 | Do. | ... | 199 | 8 | 199 | 8 | Political Department No. 3071 of the 25th of September 1869. |
| 133 | Anderson Scholarship Fund . | Do. | ... | 3½ | do. | ... | 1,500 | 0 | 0 | Do. | ... | 52 | 8 | 52 | 8 | Educational Department No. 782 of 5th May 1888. |
| 134 | Rájkumár College Endowment Fund. | Do. | ... | 3½ | do. | ... | 2,56,000 | 0 | 0 | Do. | ... | 8,960 | 0 | 8,960 | 0 | The Political Agent and the Principal of the Rájkumar College. Political Department No. 5638 of 30th September 1876. |
| 135 | Gondal Prize Fund ... ... | Do. | ... | 3½ | do. | ... | 2,500 | 0 | 0 | Do. | ... | 87 | 8 | 87 | 8 | The Political Agent, Káthiáwár, and the Principal, Rájkumár College, Rájkot. Political Department No. 6381 of 28th November 1884. |
| 136 | Ráo Bahádur Keshavráo Bháskerji Victoria Jubilee Prize Fund. | Do. | ... | 3½ | do. | ... | 500 | 0 | 0 | Do. | ... | 17 | 8 | 17 | 8 | Political Department No. 4998 of the 8th August 1887. |
| 137 | Sir James Fergusson Medal Fund. | Do. | .. | 3½ | do. | ... | 5,000 | 0 | 0 | Do. | ... | 175 | 0 | 175 | 0 | Letter dated 16th November 1884 from the Military Secretary to His Excellency the Governor. |
| 138 | Barton Scholarship Fund ... | Do. | ... | 3½ | do. | ... | 2,700 | 0 | 0 | Do. | ... | 94 | 8 | 94 | 8 | The Political Agent and the First Assistant Political Agent, Káthiáwár. Political Department No. 4464 of the 27th August 1884. |
| 139 | Desái Nánji Gokalji Scholarship Fund. | Do. | ... | 3½ | do. | ... | 300 | 0 | 0 | Do. | ... | 10 | 8 | 10 | 8 | Political Agent, Káthiáwár, and the Educational Inspector, N.D. Educational Department No. 1716 of the 9th November 1887. |
| 140 | Vináyak Bhágvat Book Fund. | Do. | ... | 3½ | do. | ... | 1,500 | 0 | 0 | Do. | ... | 52 | 8 | 52 | 8 | The Political Agent and the First Assistant Political Agent, Káthiáwár. Political Department No. 5054 of 13th October 1883. |
| 141 | Barton Training School Fund. | Do. | .. | 3½ | do. | ... | 36,300 | 0 | 0 | Do. | ... | 1,270 | 8 | 1,270 | 8 | Political Department No. 5285, dated 6th October 1884. |
| 142 | MacLelland Scholarship Fund. | Do. | ... | 3½ | do. | ... | 3,000 | 0 | 9 | Do. | .. | 105 | 0 | 105 | 0 | Political Department No. 4167, dated 3rd July 1885. |
| 143 | Wadhwán Tálukdári Girassia School Fund. | Do. | .. | 3½ | do. | ... | 11,500 | 0 | 0 | Do. | ... | 402 | 8 | 402 | 8 | The Assistant Political Agent and the Deputy Assistant Political Agent, Jhálavad, Kathiawar. ... .. |
| 144 | Premábái Scholarship Fund. | Do. | ... | 3½ | do. | ... | 500 | 0 | 0 | Do. | ... | 17 | 8 | 17 | 8 | The Political Agent, Káthiáwár, and the Educational Inspector, N.D. Educational Department No. 5, dated 2nd January 1886. |
| 145 | Mrs. Lely Prize Fund ... | Do. | .. | 3½ | do. | ... | 500 | 0 | 0 | Do. | ... | 17 | 8 | 17 | 8 | Educational Department No. 26, dated 9th January 1888. |
| 146 | Khán Bahádur Dhanjisháh Hormasji Victoria Jubilee Scholarship Fund. | Do. | ... | 3½ | do. | ... | 4,000 | 0 | 0 | Do. | .. | 140 | 0 | 140 | 0 | Educational Department No. 88 of 19th January 1888. |
| 147 | MacDougall Memorial Fund . | Do. | ... | 3½ | do. | ... | 600 | 0 | 0 | Do. | .. | 21 | 0 | 21 | 0 | Educational Department No. 196 of 2nd February 1888. |

| No. | Names of Funds. | Government Securities. | | | | Annual Interest. | Total Interest. | Trustees approved by Government in the Educational Department. | Government Orders. | Remarks. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | In whose Name. | Rate per cent | Value. | Where deposited. | | | | | |
| | NORTHERN DIVISION —*continued.* | | | Rs. a. p. | | Rs. a. | Rs. a. | | | |
| | KA'THIA'WA'R—*continued.* | | | | | | | | | |
| 148 | Jubilee Prize Fund ... .. | Accountant General... | 3½ per cent. | 500 0 0 | Accountant General's Office. | 17 8 | 17 8 | The Political Agent, Káthiawar, and the Educational Inspector, N.D. | Educational Department No. 269 of 14th February 1888. | |
| 149 | Miss Manning Prizes ... | Do. ... | 3½ do. ... | 300 0 0 | Do. ... | 10 8 | 10 8 | | Educational Department No. 1208 of 17th June 1891. | |
| 150 | Lang Scholarship Fund ... | Do. ... | 3½ do. ... | 6,400 0 0 | Do. ... | 224 0 | 224 0 | | Political Department No. 2617, dated 24th April 1891. | |
| | PA'LANPUR. | | | | | | | | | |
| 151 | Pálanpur Educational Fund. | Do. ... | 3½ do. ... | 4,200 0 0 | Do. ... | 147 0 | 147 0 | The Political Superintendent, Pálanpur, and the Hu'zur Deputy Assistant. | ..... | |
| 152 | Talakchand Mánchand Scholarship Fund. | Do. ... | 3½ do. ... | 600 0 0 | Do. ... | 21 0 | 21 0 | The Political Superintendent, Pálanpur, and the Educational Inspector, N.D. | Educational Department No. 1423, dated 6th September 1886. | |
| | REWA KA'NTHA. | | | | | | | | | |
| 153 | Rewa Kántha Educationa' Fund. | Do. ... | 3½ do. ... | 12,000 0 0 | Do. ... | 420 0 | 420 0 | The Political Agent and Assistant Political Agent, Rewa Kántha. | ..... | By Government Resolution, Political Department No. 2280 of 4th April 1895, this fund is transferred to the Account "Rewa Kantha Agency Fund." |
| | RA'JUTA'NA. | | | | | | | | | |
| 154 | Abu Lawrence School Fund . | Do. ... | 3½ do. ... | 81,100 0 0 | Do. .. | 2,838 8 | | The Agent to the Governor General, Rájputána, and the Honorary Secretary, Abu Lawrence School. | ..... | |
| | | | 3 do. ... | 3,000 0 0 | | 90 0 | 2,928 8 | | | |
| | | | | 84,100 0 0 | | | | | | |
| | SOUTHERN DIVISION. | | | | | | | | | |
| | RATNA'GIRI. | | | | | | | | | |
| 155 | Dáji Sáheb Kibe Scholarship Fund. | Do. ... | 3½ do. ... | 500 0 0 | Do. ... | 17 8 | 17 8 | The Collector of Ratnágiri and the Educational Inspector, S.D. | Educational Department No. 782 of 5th May 1888. | |
| 156 | Ellis Prize Fund ... ... | Do. ... | 3½ do. ... | 500 0 0 | Do. ... | 17 8 | 17 8 | The Director of Public Instruction and the Educational Inspector, S.D. | Educational Department No. 486 of the 13th September 1869. | Excluded Local Funds. |
| 157 | Ratnágiri Jubilee Fund ... | Do. ... | 3½ do. ... | 200 0 0 | Do. ... | 7 0 | 7 0 | The Collector of Ratnágiri and the Educational Inspector, S.D. | Educational Department No. 1599 of the 14th October 1887. | |
| 158 | Vináyak Náráyan Bhagvat Book Fund. | Do. ... | 3½ do. ... | 1,600 0 0 | Do. .. | 56 0 | 56 0 | The Director of Public Instruction and the Educational Inspector, S.D. | Financial Department No. 948 of the 15th March 1882. | |
| 159 | Luxmon Vithal Sáthe Scholarship Fund. | Do. ... | 3½ do. ... | 1,500 0 0 | Do. .. | 52 8 | 52 8 | The Collector of Ratnágiri and the Educational Inspector, S.D. | Educational Department No. 1373 of the 15th August 1884. | |
| 160 | Gangádhar Rámchandra Tilak Memorial Fund. | Do. ... | 3½ do. ... | 150 0 0 | Do. .. | 5 4 | 5 4 | | Educational Department No. 1751 of the 14th November 1887. | |

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|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 161 | Izon Prize Fund ... ... | Do. | ... | 3½ do. | ... | 1,000 0 0 | Do. | ... | 35 0 | 35 0 | The Collector of Ratnágiri and the Educational Inspector, S. D. | Educational Department No. 89 of 19th January 1888. | Excluded Local Fund. |
| 162 | Ellis Fund ... ... ... | Do. | ... | 3½ do. | ... | 26,800 0 0 | Do. | ... | 938 0 | 938 0 | | Financial Department No. 3489 of 20th November 1888. | Vested in the Treasurer by Government Resolution, Educational Department, No. 1733, dated September 1896. |
| | BELGAUM. | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 163 | Sir Salar Jang Mahomedan School Fund. | Do. | ... | 3½ do. | ... | 1,200 0 0 | Do. | .. | 42 0 | 42 0 | The Collector of Belgaum and the Educational Inspector, S. D. | Educational Department No. 1516 of the 30th of August 1882. | Excluded Local Fund. |
| | KÁNARA. | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 164 | Peyton Memorial Fund ... | Do. | ... | 3½ do. | ... | 3,700 0 0 | Do. | ... | 129 8 | 129 8 | The Collector of North Kánara and the Conservator of Forest Southern Circle. | Revenue Department No. 1453, dated 20th February 1895. | Vested in the Treasurer by Government Resolution, Financial Department, No. 2489, dated the 20th July 1896. |
| | DHÁRWÁR. | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 165 | Würth Prize Fund ... | Do. | ... | 3½ do. | ... | 1,500 0 0 | Do. | .. | 63 0 | 63 0 | The Collector of Dhárwár and the Educational Inspector, S. D. | Educational Department No. 1516 of the 30th August 1882. | Excluded Local Funds. |
| 166 | Moorsavirda Scholarship Fund. | Do. | ... | 3½ do. | ... | 3,200 0 0 | Do. | ... | 112 0 | 112 0 | | Educational Department No. 469 of the 4th Septemer 1869. | |
| 167 | Verdeten Aya Scholarship Fund. | Do. | ... | 3½ do. | ... | 1,500 0 0 | Do. | .. | 52 8 | 52 8 | | Do. do. | |
| 168 | English School Fund ... | Do. | ... | 3½ do. | ... | 5,000 0 0 | Do. | ... | 175 0 | 175 0 | | Educational Department No. 782 of 5th May 1888. | Credited to Provincial Revenues. |
| 169 | Victoria Jubilee Prize Fund. | Do. | ... | 3½ do. | ... | 500 0 0 | Do. | ... | 17 8 | 17 8 | | Educational Department No. 1481 of the 24th September 1887. | Excluded Local Funds. |
| 170 | Jardine Scholarship Fund... | Do. | ... | 3½ do. | ... | 1,000 0 0 | Do. | ... | 35 0 | 35 0 | | Educational Department No. 1516 of the 30th August 1882. | |
| 171 | Dhárwár Scholarship Fund. | Do. | ... | 3½ do. | ... | 7,200 0 0 | Do. | ... | 252 0 | 252 0 | The Director of Public Instruction and the Collector of Dhárwár. | Educational Department No. 469 of the 4th September 1869. | Excluded Local Funds. |
| 172 | Hubli Scholarship Fund ... | Do. | ... | 3½ do. | ... | 4,500 0 0 | Do. | ... | 157 8 | 157 8 | | | |
| 173 | Churmure Scholarship Fund | Do. | ... | 3½ do. | ... | 4,500 0 0 | Do. | ... | 157 8 | 157 8 | The Collector of Dhárwár and the Educational Inspector, S. D. | Revenue Department No. 7910 of the 25th October 1883. | |
| 174 | Lingáyat Educational Fund. | Do. | ... | 3½ do. | ... | 1,23,000 0 0 | Do. | ... | 4,305 0 | 4,305 0 | The Collector of Dhárwár and the Educational Inspector, S. D. | Educational Department, No. 40, dated 13th of January 1887. | |
| 175 | Venkasani Scholarship Fund. | Do. | ... | 3½ do. | ... | 9,100 0 0 | Do. | ... | 318 8 | 318 8 | The Collector of Dhárwár and the Educational Inspector, S. D. | Educational Department No. 1921 of the 20th December 1886. | |
| 176 | Dáda Náthája Jubilee Prize Fund. | Do. | ... | 3½ do. | ... | 500 0 0 | Do. | ... | 17 8 | 17 8 | The Collector of Dhárwár and the Educational Inspector, S. D. | Educational Department No. 942 of the 13th June 1887. | Excluded Local Fund. |
| 177 | Totadswami Sanskirt Education Fund. | Do. | ... | 3½ do. | ... | 10,000 0 0 | Do. | ... | 350 0 | 350 0 | The Collector of Dhárwár and the Educational Inspector, Southern Division. | Educational Department No. 2114 of the 7th October 1890. | Excluded Local Fund. |

| No. | Names of Funds. | Government Securities. | | | | Annual Interest. | Total Interest. | Trustees approved by Government in the Educational Department. | Government Order. | Remarks. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | In whose Name. | Rate per cent. | Value. | Where deposited. | | | | | |
| | | | | Rs. a. p. | | Rs. a. | Rs. a. | | | |
| | SOUTHERN DIVISION—*continued.* | | | | | | | | | |
| | KOLHA'PUR AND SOUTHERN MARA'THA COUNTRY. | | | | | | | | | |
| 178 | Jághirdárs' Fund ... ... | Accountant General. | 3½ per cent. | 18,500 0 0 | Accountant General's office. | 647 8 | 647 8 | The Political Agent, Kolhápur and Southern Marátha Country, and the Educational Inspector, Southern Division. | Financial Department No. 3354 of the 18th of September 1880. | The interest is applied towards the expenses of the Rájárám College, Kolhápur. |
| 179 | Alfred Scholarship Fund ... | The Political Agent, Kolhápur and Southern Marátha Country. | 3½ do. ... | 52,000 0 0 | Do. ... | 1,820 0 | 1,820 0 | The Political Agent, Kolhápur and Southern Marátha Country, and the Diván of Kolhápur. | ..... | |
| 180 | Rájárám Scholarship Fund... | Do. ... | 3½ do. ... | 21,000 0 0 | Do. ... | 735 0 | 735 0 | | | |
| 181 | Rájáram College Fund ... | Do. ... | 3½ do. ... | 1,300 0 0 | Do. ... | 45 8 | 45 8 | | | |
| 182 | Jaysingráo Ghatge Technical School Fund. | Do. and Diván of Kolhápur. | 3½ do. ... | 26,900 0 0 | Do. ... | 941 8 | 941 8 | | | |
| 183 | Fergusson Scholarship Fund. | Do. ... | 3½ do. ... | 20,000 0 0 | Do. ... | 700 0 | 700 0 | | | |
| 184 | Ghorpade Fellowship and Lectureship Fund. | Political Agent, Kolhápur and Southern Marátha Country. | 3½ do. ... | 15,000 0 0 | Do. ... | 525 0 | 525 0 | | | |
| 185 | Jaysingráo Ghatge Scholarship Fund. | Do. and Diván of Kolhápur. | 3½ do. ... | 1,500 0 0 | Do. ... | 52 8 | 52 8 | Do. ... | ..... | |
| 186 | Bhikájipant Gokhale Scholarship Fund. | Political Agent Kolhápur and Southern Marátha Country. | 3½ do. ... | 1,500 0 0 | Do. ... | 52 8 | 52 8 | | | |
| 187 | Krishnáji Bachaji Savani Prize Fund. | Do. and Diván of Kolhápur. | 3½ do. ... | 1,500 0 0 | Do. ... | 52 8 | 52 8 | | | |
| 188 | Báji Scholarship Fund ... | Do. ... | 3½ do. ... | 2,100 0 0 | Bank of Bombay. | 73 8 | 73 8 | The Political Agent, Kolhápur and Southern Marátha Country, and the Chief of Mudhol. | Political Department No. 3808 of 11th June 1892. | The interest is applied for scholarships in the Mudhol Anglo-Vernacular School. |
| 189 | Miráj Junior Scholarship Endowment Fund. | Do. ... | 3½ do. ... | 11,100 0 0 | Accountant General's office. | 388 8 | 388 8 | Do. and the Junior Chief of Miráj. | | |
| | SA'VANTVA'DI. | | | | | | | | | |
| 190 | Jacob Endowment Fund ... | ..... | 3½ do. ... | 1,200 0 0 | Accountant General's Office. | 42 0 | 42 0 | The Superintendent, Sávantvádi. | Financial Department No. 1664 of 2nd July 1887. | |

| | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | **SIND DIVISION.** | | | | | | | | | | |
| | **KARA'CHI.** | | | | | | | | | | |
| 191 | Frere Prize Fund ... ... | Accountant General... | 3½ | do. ... | 500 0 0 | Do. ... | 17 8 | 17 8 | The Collector of Karáchi and the Educational Inspector in Sind. | Educational Department No. 1640, dated 21st September 1882. | Excluded Local Funds. |
| 192 | MacLeod Memorial Fuud ... | Do. ... | 3½ | do. ... | 4,000 0 0 | Do. ... | 120 0 | 120 0 | | General Department No. 36 of the 6th January 1855. | |
| 193 | Karáchi Fair and Exhibition Fund. | Do. ... | 3½ | do. ... | 1,500 0 0 | Do. ... | 52 8 | 52 8 | | Educational Department No. 1640, of the 21st September 1882. | |
| 194 | Mansfield Scholarship Fund... | Do. ... | 3½ | do. ... | 1,400 0 0 | Do. ... | 49 0 | 49 0 | | Educational Department No. 1245, dated 24th August 1881. | |
| 195 | Virbáiji School Fund ... | Do. ... | 3½ | do. ... | 8,800 0 0 | Do. ... | 308 0 | 308 0 | | Educational Department No. 782 of 5th May 1888. | |
| 196 | Amir Sir Ali Murad Scholarship Fund. | Do. ... | 3½ | do. ... | 59,000 0 0 | Do. ... | 2,065 0 | 2,065 0 | ..... | Educational Department No. 1768, of 29th August 1894 and No. 907 of 8th May 1895. | Vested in the Treasurer by Government Resolution, Educational Department, No. 107, dated the 21st January 1897. |
| | **HYDERABAD.** | | | | | | | | | | |
| 197 | Medical School Fund ... | Do. ... | 3½ | do. ... | 88,600 0 0 | Do. ... | 3,101 0 | | | | |
| | | | 3 | do. ... | 7,000 0 0 | | 210 0 | | | | |
| | | | | | 95,600 0 0 | | | 3,310 0 | ..... | General Department No. 1434 of the 6th May 1881. | Adjusted as Provincial Revenue under XII.—Interest. |
| 198 | Navalrái Prize Fund ... | Do. ... | 3½ | do. ... | 500 0 0 | Do. ... | 17 8 | 17 8 | The Collector of Hyderabad and the Educational Inspector in Sind. | Educational Department No. 855 of the 4th May 1885. | Excluded Local Funds. |
| 199 | Dhero Prize Fund... ... | Do. ... | 3½ | do. ... | 250 0 0 | Do. ... | 8 8 | 8 8 | | Educational Department No. 1345 of the 17th July 1885. | |
| 200 | Hiránand Showkirám Advání Prize Fund. | Do. ... | 3½ | do. ... | 100 0 0 | Do. ... | 3 8 | 3 8 | | Educational Department No. 1554 of the 20th August 1885. | |
| 201 | Anandbái Prize Fund ... | Do. ... | 3½ | do. ... | 200 0 0 | Do. ... | 7 0 | 7 0 | | Educational Department No. 748 of the 21st of April 1885. | |
| 202 | Keshava Bapuji Bal Prize Fund. | Do. ... | 3½ | do. ... | 500 0 0 | Do. ... | 17 8 | 17 8 | ..... | Educational Department No. 1372 of the 19th July 1895. | |

# B

## *List of Temporary Educational Endowment Funds.*

| No. | Names of Funds. | Government Securities. | | | | Annual Interest. | Total Interest. | Trustees approved by Government in the Educational Department. | Government Order. | Remarks. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | In whose Name. | Rate per cent. | Value. | Where deposited. | | | | | |
| | CENTRAL DIVISION. | | | | | | | | | |
| 1 | Presidency Educational Pension Fund. | Accountant General... | 3½ per cent. | 25,500 0 0 | Accountant General's Office. | 892 8 | 892 8 | ..... | | |
| 2 | Poona District Educational Pension Fund. | Do. ... | do. ... | 26,600 0 0 | Do. ... | 931 0 | 931 0 | ..... | | Adjusted to the credit of the fund under Savings Bank Deposit—Special Account. |
| 3 | Sátára District Educational Pension Fund. | Do. ... | do. ... | 34,600 0 0 | Do. ... | 1,211 0 | 1,211 0 | ..... | | Do. do. |
| 4 | Sholápur District Educational Pension Fund. | Do. ... | do. ... | 23,100 0 0 | Do. ... | 808 8 | 808 8 | ..... | | Do. do. |
| 5 | Khándesh District Educational Pension Fund. | Do. ... | do. ... | 65,600 0 0 | Do. ... | 2,296 0 | 2,296 0 | ..... | | Do. do. |
| 6 | Ahmednagar District Educational Pension Fund. | Do. ... | do. ... | 37,600 0 0 | Do. ... | 1,316 0 | 1,316 0 | ..... | | Do. do. |
| 7 | Násik District Educational Pension Fund. | Do. ... | do. ... | 29,000 0 0 | Do. ... | 1,015 0 | 1,015 0 | ..... | | Do. do. |
| | NORTHERN DIVISION. | | | | | | | | | |
| 8 | Scott College Fund ... | Do. ... | do. ... | 36,000 0 0 | Do. ... | 1,260 0 | 1,260 0 | The Political Agent and the Assistant Political Agent, Máhi Kántha. | | |
| 9 | Pálanpur Victoria Tálukdári School Fund. | Do. ... | do. ... | 21,500 0 0 | Do. ... | 752 8 | 752 8 | ..... | | |
| 10 | Rájkumar College Building Fund. | Do. ... | do. ... | 4,000 0 0 | Do. ... | 140 0 | 140 0 | The Political Agent and the Principal Rájkumar College. | Government Resolution Political Department, No. 6166 of 13th September 1888. | |
| 11 | Káthiáwár Educational Pension Fund. | Do. ... | do. ... | 3,40,000 0 0 | Do. ... | 11,900 0 | 11,900 0 | The Political Agent and the First Assistant Political Agent Káthiáwár. | | |
| 12 | Rewa Kántha Educational Pension Fund. | Do. ... | do. ... | 48,700 0 0 | Do. ... | 1,704 8 | 1,704 8 | The Political Agent and Assistant Political Agent, Rewa Kántha. | | By Government Resolution, Political Department, No. 2280 of 4th April 1895, this fund is transferred to the Account "Rewa Kantha Agency Fund." |
| 13 | Ahmedabad District Educational Pension Fund. | Do. ... | do. ... | 40,600 0 0 | Do. ... | 1,421 0 | 1,421 0 | | | Adjusted to the credit of the fund under Savings Bank Deposit—Special Account. |
| 14 | Broach District Educational Pension Fund. | Do. ... | do. ... | 41,500 0 0 | Do. ... | 1,452 8 | 1,452 8 | | | Do. do. |
| 15 | Kaira District Educational Pension Fund. | Do. ... | do. ... | 52,300 0 0 | Do. ... | 1,830 8 | 1,830 8 | | | Do. do. |

| | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 16 | Panch Mahâls Educational Pension Fund. | Do. ... | do. ... | 11,000 | Do. ... | 385 0 | 385 0 | | | Do. | do. |
| 17 | Surat District Educational Pension Fund. | Do. ... | do. ... | 48,800 | Do. ... | 1,708 0 | 1,708 8 | | | Do. | do. |
| 18 | Thâna do. do. ... | Do. ... | do. ... | 34,900 | Do. ... | 1,221 8 | 1,221 8 | | | Do. | do. |
| | SOUTHERN DIVISION. | | | | | | | | | | |
| 19 | Ratnágiri District Educational Pension Fund. | Do. ... | do. ... | 27,100 | Do. ... | 948 8 | 948 8 | | | Do. | do. |
| 20 | Kolaba do. do. ... | Do. ... | do. ... | 11,000 | Do. ... | 385 0 | 385 8 | | | Do. | do. |
| 21 | Belgaum do. do. ... | Do. ... | do. ... | 33,500 | Do. ... | 1,172 8 | 1,172 8 | | | Do. | do. |
| 22 | Queen-Empress Jubilee Medal Fund. | Do. ... | do. ... | 1,000 | Do. ... | 35 0 | 35 0 | The Collector of Belgaum and the Director of Public Instruction. | Government Resolution, Educational Department, No. 463, dated 22nd March 1887. | | |
| 23 | Dhárwár District Educational Pension Fund. | Do. ... | do. ... | 45,000 | Do. ... | 1,575 0 | 1,575 0 | | | Adjusted to the credit of the fund under Savings Bank Deposit—Special Account. | |
| 24 | Bijápur do. do. ... | Do. ... | do. ... | 27,000 | Do. ... | 945 0 | 945 0 | | | Do. | do. |
| 25 | Kánara do. do. ... | Do. ... | do. ... | 22,000 | Do. ... | 770 0 | 770 0 | | | Do. | do. |
| | SIND DIVISION. | | | | | | | | | | |
| 26 | Karáchi District Educational Pension Fund. | Do. ... | do. ... | 30,300 | Do. ... | 1,060 8 | 1,060 8 | | | Do. | do. |
| 27 | Hyderabad District Educational Pension Fund. | Do. .. | do. ... | 24,700 | Do. ... | 864 8 | 864 8 | | | Do. | do. |
| 28 | Shikárpur Educational Pension Fund. | Do. ... | do. ... | 37,000 | Do. ... | 1,295 0 | 1,295 0 | | | Do. | do. |
| 29 | Thar and Párkar Educational Pension Fund. | Do. ... | do. ... | 100 | Do. ... | 3 8 | 3 8 | | | Do. | do. |
| 30 | Frontier District Educational Pension Fund. | Do. ... | do. ... | 1,600 | Do. ... | 56 0 | 56 0 | | | | |

# PART II.

## SHORT ACCOUNT OF EDUCATIONAL ENDOWMENT FUNDS.

N.B.—1. Mistakes and omissions should be pointed out to the Director of Public Instruction.

2. When the capital sum is larger than the original investment the increase is due to the investment of accumulated balances.

In 1827, a meeting of the Bombay Education Society was held to consider the most appropriate method for testifying the affectionate and respectful sentiments of the people of Bombay to the Hon'ble Mountstuart Elphinstone; and subscriptions were collected towards the endowment of professorships of the English language and the arts, sciences, and literature of Europe, to be called the Elphinstone Professorships. These professorships were connected with the Elphinstone Institution until 1856; but from that time the Institution was divided into the Elphinstone College and the Elphinstone High School. Up to 1869 the funds were under the management of Trustees, in whose name the securities still stand, and the interest was devoted to the support of the college and high school, and to paying the salaries of the Secretary and clerk to the Trustees. The interest is now credited to Provincial Funds which undertake the whole expenses of both college and school. Thirteen scholarships (Elphinstone) are allowed to the college; 5 of Rs. 20, 4 of Rs. 15, and 4 of Rs. 10; in all Rs. 200 per mensem, or Rs. 2,400 per annum. The provisions of the trust deed executed in 1869 are as under :—

1. Elphinstone Institution Fund.
2. Elphinstone Professorship Fund.

Elphinstone Institution Fund.

"The funded capital of this fund amounts to Rs. 1,19,800 and the yearly interest to Rs. 5,790. The whole income of the fund, together with the annual grant from Government, Rs. 20,000, is solely applied towards the Elphinstone Institution, now called the Elphinstone High School, for defraying the expense of the establishment of the school, as well as petty charges and annual repairs. It is permissible, if any unspent balance is left at the end of the year, to appropriate the same for making up the deficit, if any, of the three following funds aided by Government, *viz.*, Elphinstone Professorship Fund, West and Clare Scholarship Funds.

Elphinstone Professorship Fund.

"The funded capital of this fund, which is mostly accumulated from subscriptions from Sirdárs, Rájás, &c., amounts to Rs. 4,44,300, and the interest realised every year amounts to Rs. 17,922. The whole income together with the Government grant of Rs. 22,000, is only applied for defraying the expense of the Elphinstone College. The establishment of this institution being on a higher scale, there is consequently even a balance against this fund which is paid out of the surplus remaining from the Elphinstone Institution, West and Clare Scholarship Funds.

West Scholarship Fund.

"This fund was raised by subscription in honour of E. West, and consequently it was designated "The West Scholarship Fund". The funded capital amounts to Rs. 28,400, and this fund also receives the annual Government grant of Rs. 1,124. The whole income, as well as the Government grant, has been set apart for paying a certain number of scholars in the Elphinstone College, amounting every month to Rs. 190, or yearly Rs, 2,280, and the balance is yearly added to Elphinstone Professorship Fund to make up the deficit.

Clare Scholarship Fund.

"In honour of the Earl of Clare a scholarship fund was raised, and the capital invested in Government securities amounted to Rs. 38,800, the interest realised every year thereon being Rs. 1,597. The object of this fund is to establish a certain number of scholarships by paying a monthly stipend amounting in all to Rs. 250, or Rs. 3,000 every year. Any surplus of this fund is also considered as a part payment of the deficit of the Elphinstone Professorship fund.

Gáikwár Scholarship Fund.

"This fund was established by His Highness the Gáikwár of Baroda in honour of his own name, and the funded capital amounts to Rs. 6,000, and the yearly interest is Rs. 250, which is solely appropriated for paying scholarships every month of the value of Rs. 20, or Rs. 240 a year.

Bell Prize Fund.

"This fund was formed by subscription and in honour of Professor Bell, and the funded capital amounts to Rs. 1,500 and the yearly interest there on is Rs. 60. A prize of

Rs. 60 is awarded yearly to a student of the Elphinstone College named by the Director of Public Instruction.

Rája of Dhár Prize Fund.

"The funded capital of this fund is Rs. 1,000, and the yearly interest realized is Rs. 40. A prize of Rs. 40 is awarded to a student of the Elphinstone College.

Ganpatráo Vithal Prize Fund.

"This fund was instituted by him for the purpose of awarding every year a prize of Rs. 75 and the funded capital amounts to Rs. 1,500.

Sundarji Jiváji Prize Fund.

"The amount of this fund is Rs. 1,500, and the yearly interest which is realized Rs. 60. A prize of Rs. 60 is awarded to a student of the Elphinstone College."

3. West Scholarship Fund.

This fund originated in a subscription raised in 1828 in honour of Sir Edward West, Chief Justice of Bombay. The interest is supplemented by an annual grant from Government of Rs. 1,124. West Scholarships are given in Elphinstone College as under :— 2 of Rs. 15, 16 of Rs. 10 ; in all Rs. 190 per mensem, or Rs. 2,280 per annum. (*See* No. 1).

4. Clare Scholarship Fund.

This fund was raised by public subscription in 1835 in honour of the Earl of Clare, then Governor of Bombay. The interest is supplemented by an annual grant making up the total to Rs. 3,000. This sum is given for scholarships in Elphinstone College as follows :—12 of Rs. 15, 7 of Rs. 10; in all Rs. 250 per mensem (*See* No. 1.)

5. Gáikwár Scholarship Fund.

This fund was founded in 1850 by His Highness the Gáikwár of Baroda The interest is spent in 2 scholarships, of Rs. 10 per mensem, or together Rs. 240 per annum. (*See* No. 1.)

6. Bell Prize Fund.

A subscription was raised in 1848 in honour of Professor John Bell of the Elphinstone Institution. An annual prize is given to a student of Elphinstone College selected by the Director of Public Instruction. (*See* No. 1.)

7. Rája of Dhár Prize Fund.

This fund was instituted in 1853 by the Rája of Dhár. A prize is given yearly to a student of Elphinstone College. (*See* No. 1.)

8. Ganpatráo Vithal Prize Fund.

This fund was founded by Ganpatráo Vithal of Indore in 1854. A prize is given yearly to a student in Elphinstone College. (*See* No. 1.)

9. Sundarji Jiváji Prize Fund.

In 1842, Bábáji Sundarji established this fund in memory of his father. A prize is given yearly to a student in Elphinstone College. (*See* No. 1.)

10. Nawáb of Sachin Fund.

In 1871, Rs. 1,700 were given by the Nawáb of Sachin to establish a prize in memory of his son. A prize is yearly given to a student in Elphinstone College. The subject for the prize is left to the College authorities, but it was His Highness' wish that the words "Presented by His Highness Sidi Ebráhim Mahomed Yácub Khán, Nawáb of Sachin, in memory of his fourth son Sidi Abdul Karim Khán, who died at Bombay on the 1st April 1871", should be written on the book or books that are awarded. The fund is held by Trustees appointed under a Deed approved by Government Resolution, Educational Department, No. 700A, dated the 13th April 1896.

11. Mountstuart Elphinstone Memorial Fund.

In 1863, a sum of money was subscribed for the purpose of erecting in St. Paul's Cathedral in London a statue of the late Mountstuart Elphinstone. The balance (£568-18*s*) which remained after paying for the statue was placed at the disposal of the Elphinstone Trustees at Bombay combined with the Director of Public Instruction for the time being, for the endowment of a prize to be given to some deserving student. The Trustees, with the approval of Government, decided that the interest accruing on this balance, which is invested in Government paper, should be given yearly to the student of Elphinstone

College who passes the First Examination in Arts (now the Previous Examination) with the highest aggregate of marks. The trust deed relating to the fund is mentioned in Government Resolution, Educational Department, No. 904 of the 31st August 1874.

12. Surbhái Dayálji Desái Pooni Scholarship Fund.

In 1887, Ráo Bahádur Gopálji Surbhái Desái offered Rs. 3,600 in Government 4 per cent. promissory notes with a view to found a scholarship worth Rs. 12 (now Rs. 10) per mensem in the Elphinstone College in memory of his deceased father under the following conditions:—

1. The scholarship shall be called "The Surbhái Dayálji Desái of Pooni Scholarship" and shall be tenable for three years in each case.

2. It shall be awarded to the candidate of the Anávla Bráhman caste who shall pass first in the Matriculation Examination, or any other such examination as may hereafter qualify for admission to the Elphinstone College, on condition of his residing at the said Elphinstone College as a student.

3. The holder of the scholarship must be of good moral character during his college course and shall pass every year the higher examination until he obtains his B.A. degree. In the event of his failure in any year, the scholarship shall be awarded from that year to the Anávla Bráhman who shows the best proficiency at the Matriculation Examination that year.

4. In the event of there being no Anávla Bráhman qualified for the scholarship in any year, a Káthiáwári student shall be selected for it under the above conditions for three years.

5. After the lapse of three years in favour of the Káthiáwári student an Anávla Bráhman shall again be eligible for the scholarship.

6. In the event of there being any saving in any year in the income of the scholarship from any causes, it shall be utilized that year in assisting any other deserving Anávla student in the college who may be preparing for any other of the Arts degrees.

7. In the event of the Elphinstone College being at any time disestablished or transferred to any local or private management, it shall be competent for the Government of Bombay to attach the scholarship to any college in Bombay which prepares candidates for the B.A. degree, provided the managers agree to abide by the above rules; and in that case the above rules shall apply to the selected college or institution in all respects as if it were the Bombay Elphinstone College.

The fund is held by the Trustees mentioned above under fund No. 10.

13. Gokhále Prize Fund.

In 1888, the teaching staff and students of Elphinstone College subscribed Rs. 1,000 in memory of Mr. M. V. Gokhle, M.A. The subscribers to the fund intimated their wish that from the interest accruing a "Gokhale Prize" of the annual value of Rs. 50 (now Rs. 35) should be founded and be annually awarded to that student of Elphinstone College who should pass the 1st B.A. (now Intermediate) Examination of the Bombay University with the highest aggregate of marks. The fund is held by the Trustees mentioned above under fund No. 10.

14. Jehangir Cowasji Jehangir Endowment Fund.

In 1891, Mr. Jehangir Cowasji Jehangir gave the Elphinstone College Rs. 2,500 as a permanent endowment for purchasing or binding books. The endowment was accepted by Government Resolution, Educational Department, No. 1080 of the 2nd June 1891. With the consent of the donor, Rs. 2,200 were invested as a permanent fund according to Government Resolution, Educational Department, No. 1407 dated the 11th of July 1891. The fund is held by the Trustees mentioned above under fund No. 10.

15, 16, 17. Farish, Carnac and Anderson Scholarship Funds.

The origin of these funds is given in the subjoined extract from the Report of the Grant Medical College for the year 1845-46:—

"The Medical College has also the advantage of possessing endowments for the reward and encouragement of deserving students. These are the Farish, Carnac and Anderson

Scholarship Funds * * *. The Scholarship funds were subscribed by the friends of the Hon'ble Mr. Farish, in conformity with a Resolution passed at a public meeting held on the 18th February 1841; by those of Sir James Carnac, at a meeting held on the 22nd April 1841; by those of the Hon'ble Mr. Anderson, at a meeting held on the 16th February 1844."

"The following are the Resolutions which were passed at these respective meetings :—

"i. Resolved, that a scholarship designated after Mr. Farish be formed in the Grant Medical College.

"ii. Resolved, that the sum of ten thousand (Rs. 10,000) rupees be set apart for the foundation of a scholarship in the Grant Medical College, to be denominated 'The Carnac Scholarship' as an appropriate record of the interest Sir James R. Carnac has taken in the establishment of that institution, and the zealous support he has afforded it both in England and in India from its first submission to the notice and patronage of the Hon'ble the Court of Directors to the present time.

"iii. That the funds realized by the public subscription for a testimonial to the Hon'ble Mr. Anderson be appropriated in his name to such scholarships and prizes at the Grant Medical College as the Governors of that institution may deem best adapted for the promotion of Medical Science."*

The interest of the Farish Scholarship Fund is devoted to the payment of scholarships in Grant Medical College as follows :—1 of Rs. 25, 1 of Rs. 20, 2 of Rs. 15 each, 1 of Rs. 14; in all Rs. 1,068 per annum.

The interest of the Carnac Scholarship Fund is devoted to the payment of scholarships in Grant Medical College as follows :—1 of Rs. 25, 1 of Rs. 15, 2 of Rs. 13 each; in all Rs. 792 per annum.

The interest of the Anderson Scholarship Fund is devoted to the payment of scholarships in Grant Medical College as follows :—1 of Rs. 25, 3 of Rs. 15 each; making a total of Rs. 840 per annum.

18. Reid Scholarship Fund.

The origin of this fund is given in the subjoined extract from the annual report of the Grant Medical College for the third year session, 1848-49 :—

"On the occasion of the presentation of the scholarships and other prizes at the close of the session, the meeting was addressed by Cursetji Jamsetji, Esq., to the following effect :

"On behalf of the Reid Testimonial Committee, and as its Secretary, I take the present opportunity of intimating to the President of the Board of Education and to this meeting that the Committee have communicated to Government the circumstance of a public subscription having been raised by the friends of the Hon'ble Mr. Reid, and of a resolution having been adopted to appropriate a portion of these subscriptions to the endowment of a scholarship fund in connection with the Medical College."

The interest of the Reid Scholarship Fund is devoted to the payment of three scholarships of Rs. 15 each; making a total expenditure of Rs. 540 per annum.

19. McLennan Scholarship Fund.

In 1855, at a public meeting held to commemorate Dr. John McLennan, Physician General in Bombay, it was resolved :—

1*st.*—That all here present desire, on the occasion of Dr. McLennan's approaching departure from India, after a service of four-and-thirty years, to express their high esteem for his personal character, and their recognition of his honourable and useful career, characterised especially by kindness and skill in the exercise of his profession, and by his zealous exertions in the cause of native education.

2*nd.*—That a scholarship be founded in connection with the Grant Medical College to commemorate the name and services of Dr. McLennan; and that a subscription be opened to provide funds for the purpose.

3*rd.*—That if the funds be sufficient, a medal, or other reward of merit, be provided annually, to be awarded to the most deserving of the Medical Subordinate Establishment, then being educated in the college.

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* "The following were the sums subscribed for these funds :—

| | Rs. |
|---|---|
| Farish Scholarship Fund ... ... ... ... | 7,960 |
| Carnac do. ... ... ... ... | 10,000 |
| Anderson do. ... ... ... ... | 10,700 |

deposited in the Government Treasury and bear interest at 6 per cent.'

A subscription was accordingly opened to provide the means of carrying out the object of the meeting, and measures were taken to procure from England the dies for a medal and a copperplate engraving for the certificate of scholarship. The balance of the subscriptions, amounting to between seven and eight thousand rupees, was made over to Government. The interest on the endowment is devoted to the payment of a scholarship in Grant Medical College of Rs. 25 per mensem, or Rs. 300 per annum.

20. Jamkhandi Scholarship Fund.

This fund was established in 1862 by Rámchandra Appáráo, Chief of Jamkhandi, who gave Rs. 2,630 to Grant Medical College, the interest to be appropriated to further the diffusion of the system of medicine taught there. The income provides for a scholarship of Rs. 10 per mensem, tenable for three years, to be competed for at the entrance examination.

21. Cowasji Jehángir Scholarship Fund.

In 1869, Cowasji Jehángir Readymoney, Esq., (afterwards Sir Cowasji Jehángir Readymoney, Knight) gave Rs. 5,000 in 5 per cent. paper for the purpose of founding a junior scholarship in his name. The interest at first provided for two scholarships of Rs. 10 each, but the interest was reduced by the transfer of the capital to 4 per cent. paper.

22. Hemábhái Vakhatchand Medal Fund.

In 1856, Hemábhái Vakhatchand Nagarsett, Esq., Nagarsett of Ahmedabad, gave Rs. 1,800 in Government notes, with a request that the interest might be devoted to the presentation of a gold medal to be given in the name of the donor to the most deserving student of Grant Medical College in any branch of study the Principal might select.

23, 24. Sir Jamsetji Jijibhoy Medical Book Fund and Sir Jamsetji Jijibhoy Medical Prize Fund.

In 1848, Sir Jamsetji Jijibhoy paid into the Government Treasury the sum of Rs. 10,000, to form a fund, the interest of which is to be annually disbursed in reducing the cost of the medical books required by the students of the college. Sir Jamsetji also gave a sum of Rs. 5,000, the interest of which is to form an annual prize to be awarded to the student of the 4th or 5th year who evinces the greatest familiarity with and knowledge of the practical details of Medicine and Surgery.

25. Sir Jamsetji Jijibhoy Prize Medal Fund.

In 1857, Sir Jamsetji Jijibhoy paid Rs. 3,000, and in 1862 Rs. 1,452, into the Government Treasury for the purpose of providing a gold medal to the student of Grant Medical College most distinguished in Practical Toxicology and Medical Jurisprudence.

26. Sir J. P. Willoughby Prize Fund.

In 1868, Sir J. P. Willoughby of the Bombay Civil Service left by his will a legacy of Rs. 2,000 for the benefit of the Grant Medical College without imposing any condition as to its disposal. With the sanction of Government, the interest is expended in providing prizes of books to student apprentices and students of the vernacular class belonging to the College.

27. Arnott Prize Medal Fund.

In 1870, at a public meeting, the Warrant Officers (Medical) of the Bombay Presidency resolved to perpetuate their grateful sense of the interest evinced on their behalf by Dr. F. S. Arnott, C. B., late Inspector-General, Indian Medical Department, by presenting a silver medal annually to the best second-year student apprentice of Grant Medical College. The medal was to be called "The Arnott Prize Medal." Dies were procured from England, and the sum of Rs. 250, contributed by the subscribers, covers the annual expense of striking the medal in the Mint and engraving the name of successful candidate.

28. Sir Cowasji Jehángir Readymoney Fund.

In 1878, Sir Cowasji Jehángir Readymoney, Kt., C.S.I., gave Rs. 1,500 for the establishment of a suitable prize to students in the Grant Medical College who distinguish themselves in the study of Morbid Anatomy. The interest of the endowment is expended annually in a prize consisting of scientific books or a miscroscope.

29. J. C. Lisboa Scholarship Fund.

In 1879, Mr. Joseph Camillo Lisboa, one of the first graduates of the Grant Medical College, gave Rs. 3,000 in 4 per cent. Government paper wherewith to found a scholarship in Botany of Rs. 10 per mensem, in his name and in connection with Grant Medical College. In 1896, Mr. Lisboa gave a further sum of Rs. 1,500. The scholarship is to be awarded on the following conditions:—

1. That the scholarship be called the Lisboa Scholarship.
2. That the scholarship be awarded every third year and be tenable for one year.
3. That the competition be open to all Medical, Science and Arts graduates of the Bombay University, of not more than three years' standing at the time of the competition, as well as to all medical undergraduates of Grant Medical College.
4. That the competitors shall be examined (*a*) by written papers, and (*b*) orally and practically.
5. That each competitor must submit a Herbarium or *Hortus Siccus* containing at least fifty separate species of plants indigenous to Western India.

The plants must have been collected, dried, named correctly and properly arranged by himself.

6. That the examination shall be conducted at Grant Medical College, by two examiners, one of whom shall be the Professor of Botany for the time being, and the second, either the Professor of Materia Medica or some other competent botanist to be named by the Principal.
7. Instead of the triennial examination, an essay on some Botanical subject may be substituted, on due notice being given to intending candidates. The essay should be illustrated by specimens collected and arranged by the competitor himself.
8. The specimens may be finally deposited in the College, in the Natural History Society's Museum, or in the University Library.

30. Hunter Memorial Fund.

In 1881, to commemorate the services of Dr. William Gayer Hunter, Principal of the College for 10 years ending with 1876, the Honorary Secretaries to the Hunter Memorial Committee gave to the Grant Medical College a Government promissory note for Rs. 1,000, on condition that the interest should be appropriated for a prize to be called "The Hunter Prize," and to be awarded annually for proficiency in such subjects as the College authorities might decide upon.

31. Hunter Prize Fund.

In 1881, in honour of the same Dr. Hunter, the Principal, Grant Medical College, reported that a sum of Rs. 400 had been raised by public subscription to provide an annual prize of books for the apprentices, to be called "The Hunter Prize of Books for the Apprentices."

32, 49. Mayo Memorial Funds.

In 1879, the Mayo Memorial Fund Committee resolved that two notes of the 4 per cent. loan, of the value of Rs. 5,000 each, be transferred to the Sir J. J. School of Art to found such scholarship therein as the Director of Public Instruction may arrange, to be called "The Mayo Scholarships;" and that the remainder of the fund, viz., Rs. 10,000 in 4 per cent. Government paper, and the cash balance Rs. 6,271-15-11 less the expenses still due, be made over to the Principal, Grant Medical College, for the purpose of establishing a Demonstrator of Physiology and for meeting the charges of the necessary apparatus to be used by him. The officer to be called the "Mayo Demonstrator of Physiology." The interest of the medical fund is spent in paying a sum of Rs. 40 per mensem to a Demonstrator of Physiology, who is usually appointed for two years.

The interest of the School of Art Fund is spent under Government Resolution, Educational Department, No. 501 of the 9th of March 1889, which

allotted Rs. 360 to scholarships and 100 to providing medals. The rules approved by Government for the award of the medals are as under :—

Three silver medals, to called "The Mayo Medals," shall be given annually to the most successful students in—

(*a*) Architecture.
(*b*) Painting.
(*c*) Modelling.

Only one medal shall be awarded to any one student, and if he be successful in more than one subject, either in the same or following years, he shall receive the equivalent in books, &c.

The Fund was transferred to the Treasurer of charitable endowments according to Government Resolutions, Educational Department, No. 2311 of the 30th of November 1895, and No. 100 dated the 16th January 1896.

33. Dr. Cursetji Framji Khory Prize Fund.

In 1885, the subscribers to the Dr. Cursetji Framji Khory Testimonial Fund passsed the following resolution :—

"RESOLUTION.—That Government promissory loan of the nominal value of Rs. 1,500, bearing 4 per cent. interest per annum, be handed over to the Principal, Grant Medical College, with a request that the interest accruing therefrom be devoted to an annual prize to be called 'Dr. Cursetji Framji Khory Prize' to be awarded to the student of Grant Medical College who shows the greatest proficiency in Hygiene and microscopical investigation of diseases. The prize to be given in the shape of a miscroscope or instrument or books. The principal sum to remain intact."

34. Dr. Cursetji Framji Khory Scholarship Fund.

In 1886, Dosseebái, widow of Mr. Cursetji Framji Khory, G.G.M.C., gave 4 per cent. Government promissory notes of the nominal value of Rs. 5,000 for the purpose of founding a scholarship in Gynæcology, of Rs. 15 per mensem, in the name of her late husband, in connexion with the Grant Medical College. The rules for the award of the scholarship are as under :—

*1st.*—The annual interest of the said sum of Rs. 5,000 to be appropriated towards founding a scholarship of the value of Rs. 15 per month, tenable for a year, to be awarded after a special examination to be held for that purpose to the student who obtains the highest number of marks in Gynæcology and diseases of women.

*2nd.*—The said scholarship to be called "The Cursetji Framji Khory Scholarship."

*3rd.*—The said scholarship to be open to the competition of those students who have passed the L. M. & S. Examination immediately preceding the special examination referred to in the 1st condition.

*4th.*—The said special examination to be held annually after the result of the L.M. & S. Examination has been declared.

*5th.*—Two examiners to be appointed to conduct the examination, *viz.*, the Professor of Midwifery of the Grant Medical College for the time being, and an independent assessor to be selected from amongst the local Medical practitioners by the Principal of the Grant Medical College for the time being.

35. Dr. MacDougall Memorial Fund.

In 1886, a sum of Rs. 1,500 was subscribed in honour of Henry Robert MacDougall, M.D., some time Civil Surgeon at Rájkot. The Secretary to the Dr. MacDougall Memorial Fund, stated that the managing committee of the fund had resolved that the annual interest should be given to the native of Káthiáwár that got the highest number of marks in the first University examination in Medicine, or that which was considered corresponding to it, for women; and failing a native of Káthiáwár, to a native of any other place; it being understood that in awarding the prize preference be given to a female student over a male, whether the competition be between natives of Káthiáwár or those of another place. The Secretary added that the order of precedence was to be as follows :—

1. As long as there is a girl from Káthiáwár she should have preference over boys from Káthiáwár or elsewhere.

2. Failing girls, boys from Káthiáwár should have preference over natives, boys or girls, of another place.

3. Failing boys from Káthiáwár, girls from any other place should have the preference.

4. And failing girls, the competition should be between boys, not natives of Káthiáwár.

36. The Dinbái Dinshaw Wácha Prize Fund.

In 1888, Mr. Dinshaw Edalji Wácha presented the Grant Medical College with 4 per cent. Government of India promissory notes of the value of Rupees fifteen hundred (1,500) with the object of founding an annual prize as an encouragement to female medical education, in memory of his late wife Dinbái. The conditions attached to the gift were :—

(1). That the principal, *viz.*, Rs. 1,500, be kept intact.

(2). That the yearly interest (Rs. 60) on the principal be appropriated towards awarding an annual prize of books of that value to the *female* student who succeeds in obtaining the highest number of marks in Gynæcology and diseases of women at the special examination to be held for the purpose.

(3). That the prize be called "The Dinbái Dinshaw Wácha Prize."

(4). That the prize be open to competition by those *female* students who shall have passed the L.M. & S. Examination of the Bombay University immediately preceding the special examination referred to in the second condition.

(5). That should there be no *female* student to compete for the said prize according to the foregoing fourth condition, the said prize be open to competition by *such female* students of the practitioner class as have passed the final examination immediately preceding the special examination referred to in the second condition.

(6). That in the absence of any female competitor as stated in the fourth and fifth conditions, the said prize be awarded to the *male* student who obtains the Cursetji Framji Scholarship, provided he be the only competitor for the scholarship. Should, however, the number of competitors for the Cursetji Framji Scholarship be more than one, the said prize be awarded to the male student who stands second best in the special examination for the said scholarship.

(7). That the *special* examination referred to in the second condition be held annually immediately or as soon as possible after the result of the annual L.M. & S. Examination of the Bombay University shall have been declared; and that it be conducted by two examiners, one of whom shall be the Professor of Midwifery for the time being at the Grant Medical College, and the other shall be an independent assessor to be selected by the Principal for the time being of the said college at his discretion from among the local medical practitioners.

37. Framji Dinshaw Petit Library Fund.

In 1888, a library was established for the use of the students of Grant Medical College; and Mr. Framji Dinshaw Petit gave Government promissory notes of the aggregate value of Rs. 3,000, on condition that the interest accruing thereon should be used for the purposes of the library.

38. The Lady Reay Fund for Nurses.

In 1889, His Highness Sir Takhatsingji Jaswantsingji, G.C.S.I., Thákor Sáheb of Bhávnagar, gave Rs. 1,00,000 as an endowment fund for the training and maintenance of nurses at the Jamsetji Jijibhoy Hospital or any of the hospitals connected with the Grant Medical College, under the following conditions :—

*a*. That the fund be called "The Lady Reay Fund for Nurses."

*b*. That the amount be placed at the disposal of the following managers :

i. The Honourable the Advocate General for the time being;

ii. The Principal of the Grant Medical College for the time being ;

iii. The First Physician of the Káma Hospital for the time being ;

iv. A representative of His Highness the Thákor Sáheb of Bhávnagar for the time being ;

v. The lady who for the time being superintends the Nursing Establishment of the Jamsetji Jijibhoy Hospital or any of the hospitals connected with the Grant Medical College, and in case of there being two or more ladies qualified as aforesaid, such one as the other managers may elect.

*c.* That the entire management of the fund shall be at the discretion and under the supervision of the said managers.

*d.* That it shall be competent to the managers to invest the capital in any securities which they may consider advisable, except personal securities, and that only the interest thereof shall be utilized for the purpose aforesaid.

The fund was transferred to the Treasurer of Charitable Endowments according to Government Resolution, Educational Department, No. 445, dated 24th February 1896.

39. The Lord Reay Lectureship Fund.

In 1890, Dr. H. V. Carter, late Principal of the Grant Medical College gave Rs. 10,000 for the institution of a Lectureship on Medical Subjects. The conditions of the endowment are as under :—

(1). The Lectureship is to be called " The Lord Reay Lectureship."

(2). The Lectureship is instituted for the purpose of exposition of subjects in Physiology, Pathology or Therapeutics, to the investigation of which the lecturers have devoted or are devoting special attention in the Petit Laboratory at the Grant Medical College.

(3). The lectures are to be delivered annually at the Grant Medical College whenever sufficient and well-directed energy is shown by a Professor or a Graduate (of either sex) or by an investigator holding a recognized diploma in order to encourage advanced medical studies.

(4). The endowment will be vested in the Accountant General, and the proceeds of the investment will be administered by Government who will select the lecturer and fix the remuneration to be given in each case.

Rules for carrying out the intention of donor were approved by Government Resolution, Educational Department, No. 499, dated the 2nd March 1896, and are as under :—

The object of the Lectureship is the encouragement of advanced medical studies, chiefly through original investigation in Physiology, Pathology and Therapeutics.

1. The subjects of the Lectureship are the following :—

1. Physiology.
2. Pathology.
3. Therapeutics.

II. The lectures shall be delivered annually at the Grant Medical College at any time during the first two months of the winter session.

III. Each series shall consist of not fewer than two lectures, and not more than four.

IV. In the month of January of each year the subjects as laid down in Rule I, in which the ensuing two series of lectures are to be delivered, will be publicly announced, and applications from candidates, for the subject first mentioned, will be received by the Principal, Grant Medical College, up to March 31st following. The lecturer will be selected from amongst the candidates by the Director of Public Instruction, the Surgeon-General and the Principal of the College conjointly. Priority will be given to Professors, Teachers, and Graduates of the Grant College and to Medical Graduates, of either sex of the University of Bombay.

V. Intending candidates may themselves choose, from the general subject announced for any year, the particular sub-division or part of that subject which they desire to discuss. Intimation of the special subject selected should accompany the application for the lectureship.

VI. The amount of remuneration for each series of lectures is fixed at Rs. 300.

VII. Should any given series of lectures be deemed of sufficient merit, it will be published at the expense of the endowment fund.

The fund was transferred to the Treasurer of Charitable Endowments according to Government Resolution, Educational Department, No. 499, dated 2nd March 1896.

40. Hewlett Memorial Fund.

In 1892 Rs. 3,000 were subscribed by the friends of Deputy Surgeon-General T. G. Hewlett, C.I.E., M.R.C.S., Sanitary Commissioner in the Bombay Presidency. The interest is to be applied for the purpose of establishing an annual prize in Hygiene in the Grant Medical College on the following conditions, *viz.*, that the prize be open to students who have passed the examination for the Degree of L. M. & S. in the University of Bombay; that the Sanitary Commiasioner for the day should take part in the examination for it; that the prize should consist of money chiefly with a few of the latest works on Sanitary Science; and that the prize should be designated the "Hewlett Prize in Hygiene."

41. Wellington Gray Memorial Fund.

This fund was subscribed in 1893 by the friends of Brigade-Surgeon Wellington Gray, Principal of the Grant Medical College in 1888—1893, with the object of awarding annually two silver medals in the College, the one to be called "The Wellington Gray Surgery Prize Medal" and the other, "The Wellington Gray Anatomy Prize Medal" on the following conditions:—

(1). That the two medals be awarded after special examinations to be held for the purpose.

(2). That the Surgery Prize Medal be open to the competition of those students of the Grant Medical College who shall have passed at the first trial the Final Examination for the Degree of L. M. & S. of the Bombay University immediately preceding the special examination referred to in condition 1.

(3). That the Anatomy Prize Medal be open to the competition of those students of the Grant Medical College who have passed at the first trial the Second Examination for the Degree of L. M. & S. of the Bombay University immediately preceding the special examination referred to in condition 1.

(4). That the special examinations referred to in condition 1 be held annually immediately or as soon as possible after the results of the Final and the Second Examinations for the Degree of L. M. & S. of the Bombay University have been declared.

(5). That the Examination in Surgery referred to in condition 2 be written clinical and inoperative Surgery and be conducted by the following examiners:—

(*a*) The Professor of Surgery, Grant Medical College and Senior Surgeon J. J. Hospital for the time being.

(*b*) The Honorary Surgeon J. J. Hospital and Tutor in Surgery, Grant Medical College for the time being.

(*c*) An assessor to be selected by the Principal for the time being of the Grant Medical College at his discretion.

(6). That the Examination in Anatomy referred to in condition 3 be written, Oral and in Practical Anatomy and be conducted by the following examiners:—

(*a*) The Professor of Anatomy for the time being at the Grant Medical College.

(*b*) The Demonstrator of Anatomy for the time being of the Grant Medical College.

(*c*) An assessor to be selected by the Principal for the time being of the Grant Medical College at his discretion.

42. Perry Testimonial Fund.

In 1852, on the departure from India of Chief Justice Sir E. Perry, who had been for nine years President of the Board of Education, Rs. 50,700 were raised to endow a "Perry Professorship of Jurisprudence" in connexion with the

Elphinstone Institution, Government undertaking to pay to the Professor the amount of interest accruing on the said fund, together with such an additional sum as would make it worth the while of a Professor to devote sufficient time and attention to the duties of his appointment. The fund was transferred to the Treasurer of Charitable Endowments according to Government Resolution, Educational Department, No. 1267 of 2nd July 1895.

43. Sir Jamsetji Jijibhoy School of Art Fund.

In 1853, Sir Jamsetji Jijibhoy proposed the establishment of a school for the improvement of arts and manufactures and offered to contribute to the cost of the school in the following terms:—

"In case Government consent to provide a building suitable for class-rooms and for workshops, affording accommodation for the several manufactures, and to obtain from England a master competent to afford instruction in the higher branches of the proposed scheme, that is in drawing, designing, and modelling, and to procure artisans qualified to superintend the several branches of manufacture proposed to be carried on, I shall be prepared to endow the institution with Rs. 1,00,000; the whole, or, if sufficient, a portion of the interest thereof to be available for the maintenance of the students and apprentices, until they are in a position to earn wages, and any surplus which may remain to be appropriated by Government towards defraying the other expenses of the institution.

"When the institution shall be in condition to pay its own charges, the funds set apart by me to be appropriated for rewards for inventions, or for superior excellence in any of the departments, or for promoting the advance of the arts and manufactures of the country in any other manner that Government or a committee as their organ may deem advisable. I wish it to be clearly understood, that I have no wish to interfere in any manner with the management or maintenance of the institution, or the disbursement of the funds; I desire to leave the entire control and responsibility of these matters with Government."

The offer of Sir Jamsetji Jijibhoy was accepted, but Government prohibited any payments to the pupils, except in the way of scholarships or exhibitions, to be conferred as rewards for a certain amount of proficiency in the subjects taught in the school.

44. School of Art Prize Fund.

This fund was founded out of the surplus proceeds of the art exhibition held in Bombay in 1868. A sum of Rs. 7,000 was invested and placed under the charge of the Accountant General. The interest is expended in prizes to be given annually to the most deserving students in the Jamsetji Jijibhoy School of Art. The fund is held by Trustees appointed under a deed approved by Government Resolution, Educational Department, No. 2229, dated the 18th November 1895.

45. Sorabji Jamsetji Jijibhoy Scholarship Fund.

In 1862, Mr. Sorabji Jamsetji Jijibhoy, with a view to aid in carrying out the intentions of his father, and to encourage the students of the Jamsetji Jijibhoy School of Art, offered Rs. 3,600 for creating a scholarship in the said institution. The scholarship was to be of the monthly value of Rs. 15; to be designated "The Founder's Scholarship"; and to be awarded annually to the most successful student in the art of "wood engraving." The fund is held by the Trustees mentioned under No. 44.

46. Ráo of Kutch Scholarship Fund.

His Highness the Ráo of Kutch visited Bombay in March 1870 to meet His Royal Highness the Duke of Edinburgh. To commemorate this event and to celebrate the first occasion of a Kutch sovereign's coming to Bombay, the Kutchi residents of the capital resolved to raise a fund by subscription to found a certain number of scholarships for the benefit of Kutchi students prosecuting their studies in Bombay. Rs. 20,000 were subscribed, to which the Ráo added Rs. 25,000; and at a meeting held in Bombay it was resolved to distribute the money as under:—

"Three-fourths of the annual interest, or Rs. 1,350, to endow 5 scholarships in the Bombay University, each of Rs. 20 per mensem, to be styled, "The Ráo Prágmalji Scholarship," for Kutchi students who having matriculated are preparing for higher examinations in any of the colleges affiliated to the University. Failing students from Kutch, the scholarships may be held by other qualified native students.

"In consideration of the remarkable aptitude of the Kutch Artisan Class the remaining one-fourth of the annual interest, or Rs. 450, is to endow 2 scholarships of Rs. 20 and 15 respectively, in the School of Art and Design, tenable by Kutchis under the same conditions as those of the scholarships presented to the University."

The University portion of the fund was made over to the Registrar, and Rs. 15,000 were invested on account of the School of Art. The rules for the award of the scholarships in the School of Art are as under :—

(1) The primary object of these sholarships is to assist natives of Kutch in prosecuting their studies in the advanced departments of the School of Art. For this purpose, after the first year one scholarship will be awarded annually, tenable for three years, of the value of Rs. 20,* or Rs. 15† per mensem, as the case may be.

(2) Persons to be eligible for competition must be *bonâ fide* natives of Kutch who have passed through the elementary school course at the School of Art. But should no such candidates present themselves, or on presentation prove to be not duly qualified, the scholarship or scholarships may be awarded to any other of the students at the School of Art who have passed through the elementary course.

(3). Two of the scholarships, of the monthly value of Rs. 20* and Rs. 15† respectively, will be allotted to the Atelier, Architectural Sculpture, and one of the value of Rs. 15† per mensem will be assigned to the Atelier, Decorative Painting; and it is intended that one of these three scholarships should be awarded every year.

(4). The scholarships will be announced for competition in the month of January in each year, and the examination for them will ordinarily be held at the public examination of the school in the month of March, when they will be awarded to the candidates who obtain the greatest number of marks in the subjects hereinafter mentioned. The examination will be held by the Principal and Art Professsors, and the stipends will be payable from the 1st June in each year, subject to the condition that the successful holder shall have joined the school at its re-opening after the annual vacation which terminates in that month :—

Shading from the round, including the human figure, nude and draped: foliage and ornament of any style; and also architecture, perspective and geometry: Provided that if any native of Kutch appear duly qualified, the scholarship be awarded to him, notwithstanding that he fail to obtain the highest marks in the examination.

(5). No holder of a scholarship will be permitted to receive remuneration other than the emolument of his scholarship for any work which he may execute either within or without the atelier to which he may be attached.

(6). No candidate who has once held a scholarship will be eligible for re-election.

(7). The stipend of the scholarship is payable monthly in arrears on a bill drawn by the Principal of the School of Art, and the bill must certify that the scholar has been in regular attendance at institution, that his conduct is good, and his progrees satisfactory.

(8). Should any scholar discontinue his attandance, or be shown, to the satisfaction of Government on the report of the Principal of the School of Art, to have misconducted himself, his scholarship will be declared by Government to be forfeited.

The fund was transferred to the Treasurer of Charitable Endowments according to Government Resolution, Educational Department, No. 1796, dated the 11th October 1895.

47. Sassoon Scholarship Fund.

Being desirous of promoting art education and in order to excite a laudable emulation among the scholars, Mr. A. D. Sassoon, in 1872, gave Rs. 3,600 in 4 per cent. Government notes for the foundation of a scholarship in the Sir Jamsetji Jijibhoy School of Art. The scholarship was to be awarded in preference to the most meritorious of the Jewish pupils, but if there were none found deserving of it, it was in that case to go to the best scholar without distinction of race. The scholarship was to be held for four years, subject to the satisfactory progress and good conduct of the holder.

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* Now Rs. 18. † Now Rs. 14.

The fund is held by the Trustees mentioned under No. 44.

48. Cowasji Jehángir Ellis Prize Fund.

In 1875, Sir Cowasji Jehángir Readymoney gave a Government promissory note of the value of Rs. 1,000 to found a prize, which is to be awarded each year to the most successful student in a competition, open to the students of all the departments of the Jamsetji Jijibhoy School of Art, for any original subject, the *bonâ-fide* work of the competitors. The object of Sir Cowasji was to connect the name of the Honourable Mr. H. B. Ellis with the School of Art, over which Mr. Ellis presided for many years as President of the Committee of Management. The prize was to be called "The Ellis Prize," and was to be awarded at the annual examination of the school. The fund is held by the Trustees of the Sir J. J. School of Art (see fund 44 above).

49. Mayo Prize Fund.

For this refer to No. 32, "The Mayo Memorial Funds."

50. Venáyek Wásudev Scholarship Fund.

In 1880, Sir Mangaldás Nathubhoy and four other gentlemen offered Rs. 3,000 to perpetuate the memory of Mr. Venáyek Wásudew, late Oriental Translator to Government, by founding a scholarship in his name, of the annual value of Rs. 120, to be awarded annually to the best sketcher from nature among the pupils of the Sir Jamsetji Jijibhoy School of Art. The rules for the award of the scholarship are as under:—

(1). A scholarship, to be called "The Venáyek Wásudew Scholarship," of the value of Rs. 10* a month and tenable for one year, shall be awarded annually to the student who shall produce the best drawing from nature.

(2). Candidates for the scholarship must already have obtained a 2nd grade art certificate.

(3). The scholarship dates from the 1st of June in each year.

(4) A student may compete annually for the retention or renewal of the scholarship, but it cannot be held by the same person for more than three years.

(5). The scholarship shall be tenable at the School of Art, and absence without leave shall entail forfeiture.

(6). In case of the scholarship lapsing through forfeiture or otherwise during the course of the year for which it is tenable, it shall be awarded to the student who shall have made the next best drawing from nature.

(7). The scholarship will be awarded at the annual examination of the school in April, and candidates must send in their works by the 15th of March in each year.

The fund is held by the Trustees of the Sir J. J. School of Art (see fund 44 above).

51. Waddington Memorial Fund.

In 1885, the Honorary Secretary, Waddington Memorial Fund, informed Government that a sum of Rs. 2,100 had been subscribed by the friends of Major-General T. Waddington with the object of founding a memorial to perpetuate the services which he rendered to education, during the many years that he held the Chief Educational Inspectorship of the Bombay Presidency. The collecting committee gave effect to the wishes of the subscribers to the Memorial Fund by founding two annual prizes to be called "The Waddington Prizes," one of Rs. 50† and the other of Rs. 34,‡ in the Sir J. J. School of Art in Bombay. The prizes were to be awarded by the Principal of the school at the annual examination of the school and for the two best designs in any branch of Art that the Principal might think fit to select. The fund is held by the Trustees of the Sir J. J. School of Art (see fund 44 above).

52. The Govarishankar Udayshankar Scholarship Fund.

In 1892, the fund was contributed by the sons of the late Azam Govarishankar Udayshankar, C.S.I., to connect his name with the School of Art in which he took great personal interest and with a view of promoting art education in Káthiáwár. The interest to be devoted to the formation of a scholarship of the value of Rs. 10* per mensem and tenable for three years on the following terms:—

* Now Rs. 8-12-0. † Now Rs. 45. ‡ Now Rs. 28.

I. The Scholarship to be called the Govarishankar Udayshankar Scholarship.

II. That priority in nomination be given as follows :—

(1) Nágar Bráhman of Bhávnagar.
(2) Nágar Bráhman of Káthiáwár or Cutch.
(3) Any subject of the Bhávnagar State.
(4) Any other pupil native resident of Káthiáwár or Cutch studying in the school.

III. Intimation of the name of the student selected for the Scholarship should be made to the donors of the Fund, namely Wajeshankar Govarishankar Oza and Prabhashankar Govarishankar Oza of Bhávnagar.

IV. That the scholarship will be liable to forfeiture for indolence or misconduct at the discretion of the Principal of the school.

V. Any surplus which may arise from the scholarship lapsing through forfeiture or otherwise during the year or part of a year may be utilized in purchasing books to form the nucleus of a good library to be called the Govarishankar Udayshankar collection.

The fund is held by the Trustees of the Sir Jamsetji Jijibhoy School of Art (see fund 44 above).

53. The Griffiths Prize Fund.

In February 1896, the teachers and students, past and present, of the Jamsetji Jijibhai School of Art in order to perpetuate the name of Mr. Griffiths for many years Principal of the school collected, chiefly among themselves, the sum of Rs. 1,000 for the purpose of founding a School Prize to be called "the Griffiths Prize". It was intended that "the Griffiths Prize" should be given for the best original work done during the year out of class by a Student of the School of Art. The fund was accepted by Government Resolution, Educational Department, No. 1399, dated the 23rd July 1896, and was placed in the hands of the Trustees of the school under a deed approved by Government Resolution, Educational Department, No. 2112, dated the 3rd November 1896.

54. Cowasji Jehángir Endowment Fund.

In 1853, Mr. Cowasji Jehángir Readymoney gave a 4 per cent. promissory note for Rs. 1,000 for the establishment of a scholarship in the David Sassoon Industrial and Reformatory Institution. The yearly interest was to be given to a student whom the committee thought worthy of having it. The fund was allowed to accumulate for many years, but rewards are now granted from it to the best boys of the institution at the time of their discharge. The fund is held by Trustees appointed under a deed approved by Government Resolution Educational Department, No 473, dated 6th March 1895.

55. Rustomji Jamsetji School Fund.

In 1863, the Honourable Rustomji Jamsetji Jijibhoy offered to devote the sum of one lakh of Rupees in five per cent. paper to be held in trust by Government for the purpose of establishing new schools at Damaun, Bulsar, Bilimora, and Navsári, and for enlarging and increasing the efficiency of the Bombay Central School in connexion with the Sir Jamsetji Jijibhoy Parsi Benevolent Institution. Damaun being in Portugese territory was, on the advice of Government, separately treated, and Rs. 30,000 or Rs. 1,500 per annum were set apart for the school at that place. The balance of the lakh or Rs. 70,000 was accepted by Government letter, Educational Department, No. 449 of the 24th of August 1863, which also promised a fixed grant equal to the interest of the endowment, or Rs. 3,500 per annum, in aid of the schools proposed to be founded by the Honourable Rustomji Jamsetji Jijibhoy at Bulsar, Bilimora and other places in British territory. The original disposition of the sum available from the interest on Rs. 70,000 at 5 per cent. and from the Government grant was as under:—

| | Per Annum. |
|---|---|
| | Rs. |
| Superior Anglo-Vernacular School, Bulsár ... ... | 1,500 |
| Second Class do. do. Navsári ... ... | 800 |
| Do. do. do. Bilimora ... ... | 800 |
| Total ... | 3,100 |

| | Per Annum. Rs. |
|---|---|
| Bombay Branch School ... ... ... | 2,320 |
| Additional Teacher, Pársi Benevolent Institution ... | 1,200 |
| Total ... | 6,620 |
| For miscellaneous expenses as repairs, furniture, books, contingencies, &c., say ... ... ... | 380 |
| Total per annum ... | 7,000 |

In 1865, Rs. 180 per annum were taken from the grant for miscellaneous expenses and added to the Navsári grant. In 1867 the Bilimora school was closed, and the sum of Rs. 800 thus saved and Rs. 200, the balance of the grant for miscellaneous expenses, were expended in additional grants of Rs. 53 per mensem to the Central School and of Rs. 30 to the Branch School (Chandanvádi) in Bombay. In 1872, the capital sum of Rs. 70,000 was transferred to 4½ per cent. paper, and this necessitated a reduction in the sums granted to the schools. The annual grants were then fixed at Rs. 2,356* for the schools in Gujarát and Rs. 4,284 for the schools at the Presidency. From the 1st of April 1873 the schools at Bulsár and Navsári were changed from aided to Government schools, and the monthly receipts on account of these schools were credited to Provincial Funds as under :—

* Rs. 1,380 for Bulsár and Rs. 976 for Navsári.

| | Government Grant. Rs. a. p. | Interest. Rs. a. p. | Total. Rs. a. p. |
|---|---|---|---|
| Bulsár ... ... ... | 60 8 5 | 54 7 7 | 115 0 0 |
| Navsári ... ... ... | 42 12 11 | 38 8 5 | 81 5 4 |
| Total per mensem ... | 103 5 4 | 93 0 0 | 196 5 4 |
| Total per annum ... | 1,240 0 0 | 1,116 0 0 | 2,356 0 0 |

The interest on the capital sum was further reduced in 1882 when the notes were transferred from 4½ to 4 per cent. paper; and from that year the budget items on account of interest were Rs. 540 for Bulsár and Rs. 420 for Navsári; while the grant to the Bombay schools was reduced from Rs. 4,284 to Rs. 4,180. Lastly, from April 1889 the Bulsár and Navsári schools were re-established as aided schools and the whole of the interest and of the Government grant is now paid to the Committee of the Rustomji Jamsetji Jijibhoy School Fund.

56. Baigrie Memorial Fund. In 1879, the Committee of Management of the Baigrie Memorial Fund resolved :—

"That the memorial shall take the form of an Art Gallery in Bombay, to be called "The Baigrie Gallery."

"That the fund, which amounts to Rs. 10,000, invested in Government paper at 4 per cent., shall be devoted to this purpose.

"That Government be asked to accept the trusteeship of this fund on the following terms :

"1*st*.—That the capital remain invested for ever in Government securities.

"2*nd*.—That the interest accruing be devoted to the purchase of works of art consisting of oil paintings and sculpture, either originals or copies by artists of acknowledged merit.

"3*rd*.—That suitable accommodation for the gallery be provided in the School of Art or other public building in Bombay.

"4*th*.—That each work of art purchased for the gallery shall be inscribed—'The Baigrie Collection.'

"5*th*.—That the committee be permitted to erect a brass tablet in the gallery bearing a suitable inscription, and that a similar tablet be erected in any other public building to which it may hereafter become necessary to transfer any portion of the collection."

And Government Resolution, Educational Department, No. 1755 of the 29th September 1888, ordered that the administration of the Trust should vest in a committee of not less than three or more than five members, of whom the permanent members should be the Secretary to Government in the Educational Department, and the Superintendent of the School of Art for the time being. An additional member or members were to be appointed by Government from time to time to serve for two years, provided that he or they are not absent from India on furlough. These members were to be eligible for re-appointment on the vacation of their office. The committee must meet annually on the second Monday of January in each year, and thereafter on such dates as may be convenient or requisite, and they should submit to Government an annual report in the month of June showing what works they have purchased, the state of the funds, and giving such other information as to the collection and the place of its location as they think necessary. The Secretary to Government, Educational Department, will be *ex-officio* Chairman, and the Accountant General is authorized, with the consent of the Financial Department, to pay to his order the annual interest and balance of interest of the fund, or such part of it as he may require.

57. Cathedral High School Endowment.

In or about 1878, Rs. 25,000 were raised by subscriptions and Rs. 25,000 were given by Government for the endowment of the Cathedral High School. The trust deed is mentioned in Government Resolution, Educational Department, No. 1009 of the 21st of August 1878.

58. Bombay Education ociety Endowment.

In or about 1882, Rs. 25,000 were raised by subscriptions and Rs. 25,000 were given by Government for the endowment of the schools under the Bombay Education Society at Byculla. The trust deed of the fund is mentioned in Government Resolution, Educational Department, No. 1802 of the 12th of October 1882.

59. Sir Mangaldás Nathubhoy Girls' School Fund.

In 1881, Sir Mangaldás Nathubhoy, in a letter dated the 14th of February proposed to endow a girls' school which he had maintained in Bombay for the last thirty years or thereabouts, at a cost amounting to not less than Rs. 1,200 a year during the last eight years. This school was known as "The Sir Mangaldás Nathubhoy Gujaráti Hindu Girls' School." Sir Mangaldás offered to entrust the management of the School to Government with a permanent fund of Rs. 20,000 in 4 per cent. Government securities (in addition to the Scholarship Fund of Rs. 1,500 in 4 per cent. Government securities, founded by His Highness the Nawáb Sáheb of Junágad as stated below), on the following conditions :—

"(1). That the present name of the school should be continued.

"(2). That as the income of Rs. 800, which the sum of Rs. 20,000 in 4 per cent Government securities would annually produce, would not be sufficient for defraying the expenses of the school, Government should contribute from Government Educational Funds, to the extent of Rs. 400 per year, to make up the deficiency.

"(3). That a scholarship of the value of Rs. 5 (the monthly interest on Rs. 1,500 in 4 per cent. Government securities) per mensem should be awarded in the name of Lady Frere, to the most deserving pupil of the school, after examination by the Government Educational Inspector, in accordance with the wishes of His Highness the Nawáb Sáheb of Junágad, who had made the endowment.

"(4). That a consulting committee of three Gujaráti Hindu gentlemen should be appointed by Government to see that the school was kept in Bombay in some central locality, where the bulk of Gujaráti Hindus reside, and that no rules, repugnant to the religious beliefs and prejudices of Gujaráti Hindus, were made for the management of the school, because it was apprehended that if such rules were made, the school would become unpopular and the object of the founder would not be attained."

Government proposed some modifications of these conditions, and in 1883 Sir Mangaldás paid to Government the sum of Rs. 20,000 on the following terms :—

"(1). I should hand over to Government Rupees twenty thousand and Rupees fifteen hundred (the latter amount being presented to the school by His Highness the Nawáb

Sáheb of Junágad for founding a scholarship in the name of Lady Frere) in 4 per cent. Government paper, and they may pay me only the interest on the sum of Rupees twenty-one thousand and five hundred thus formed to be applied exclusively towards the expenses and scholarships of the school, without contributing a single pie from the State Educational Funds, except what the school may be entitled to under the Government grants-in-aid rules. I am to make up all the deficiency that will be found, and the school is to be managed by me in the same way as at present. This arrangement will continue only during my lifetime.

"(2). After my death Government will take the management of the school in their own hands, subject to the conditions which I have proposed in my letter of the 14th February 1881."

These proposals were accepted by Government on the understanding :—

"(*a*) that there should continue to be a consulting committee of 'three Gujaráti Hindu gentlemen appointed by Government,' who should see that the wishes of the donor, as expressed in paragraph 4 of the conditions set forth in Sir Mangaldas Nathubhoy's letter dated 14th February 1881, are carried out as to the location of the school, and also that admission is reserved to girls of the class contemplated by the donor, and

"(*b*) that it be understood that the Director of Public Instruction shall have power to charge such fees as may be leviable according to the usage of the Department of Public Instruction and suitable to the means of the parents, so as to diminish the charge on the public revenues caused by the deficit of the interest of the endownment fund below the total cost."

Government reserved to themselves the power to transfer the management, subject to the provisions of the endowment, to any school board, if such board were formed to take over the functions of Government or some of them.

The fund was transferred to the Treasurer of Charitable Endowments according to Government Resolution, Educational Department, No. 2786, dated 22nd December 1892.

60. Lady Frere Scholarship Fund.

In 1868, His Highness the Nawáh Sáheb of Junágad presented to the Sir Mangaldás Nathubhoy Gujaráti Hindu Girls' School a some of Rs. 1,500 in 4 per cent. Government securities, for the purpose of founding a scholarship of the value of Rs. 5 per mensem, to be awarded in the name of Lady Frere to the most deserving pupil of the school. (*See* No. 59.)

61. Jairázbhoy Peerbhoy Girls' School Fund.

In 1884, Mr. Jairázbhoy Peerbhoy offered Rs. 15,000 under the following conditions:—

i. That a girls' school be established at Chinch Bunder, outside the Fort, Bombay, to be called "The Jairázbhoy Peerbhoy Girls' School," and that the administration of such school be conducted by the Educational Department under Government.

ii. That suitable premises at Chinch Bunder for the school to be so established be rented by Government.

iii. That instruction in such school be imparted in the vernacular by female teachers.

iv. That the Mahomedan girls attending such school be also taught the Arabic, Persian, and Hindustani languages, and that such instructor may be a male.

v. That the salaries of teachers and all other expenses of the school be paid out of the interest of the endowment so far as the interest shall extend, and that any portion of the expenses that may remain uncovered by such interest be paid by Government, Government undertaking to conduct such school efficiently and to maintain it permanently.

In a subsequent letter Mr. Jairázbhoy Peerbhoy stated that he had no objection to the school which he proposed to endow being managed by a Local Board acting in virtue of a legislative enactment. The endowment was accepted by Government and the school was placed on the Local Fund Budget of the Island of Bombay.

It appears, as far as can be ascertained, that some time before 1852, Sir J. P. Willoughby deposited Rs. 8,200 in the Bank of Bombay, as a fund for the encouragement of vernacular versions of useful, scientific and entertaining English works. The money was invested in Government securities and for a long time stood in the name of the Accountant General. The securities were deposited for safe custody with the old Bank of Bombay and in 1880 were transferred to the present Bank of Bombay with the following instructions:—

62. Willoughby Translation Fund.

"Moiety of interest is to be paid to the Secretary, Deccan Vernacular Society, and the remaining to be sent to the Collector of Ahmedabad for payment to the Secretary, Gujarát Vernacular Society."

In or about the year 1883, Government gave a sum of Rs. 25,000 to meet an equal sum raised by subscriptions. The interest is to be devoted to the sole purpose of clothing and maintaining at least 12 European and Eurasian orphans belonging to the Frere-Fletcher School, who shall be nominated by the Trustees of the school, or in default by the Bishop of Bombay for the time being.

63. Frere-Fletcher Orphanage Endowment Fund.

In 1888, Surgeon-Major G. Waters offered for the acceptance of Goverment as custodian, in memory of his wife, a Government of India 4 per cent. note for Rs. 1,000 on behalf and for the benefit of the Indo-British Institution, and desired that the Bishop of the Diocese for the time being should be Joint Trustee for the execution of the gift with an officer appointed by Government for that purpose. The conditions of the gift are set forth in Government Resolution, Educational Department, No 304 of the 13th of February 1895, as under:—

64. The Winifred Gift.

"1. Government in the Educational Department under Resolutions Nos. 2148 dated 30th November 1888, 249 dated 5th February 1889, and 395 dated 25th February 1889, having accepted charge of an endowment of Rupees 1,000 from Surgeon-Major G. Waters in memory of his wife, the following regulations are, with the concurrence of the Founder, laid down for its administration.

"2 The endowment is to be called. 'The Winifred Gift.'

"3. The Honorary Secretary of the Indo-British Institution for the time being shall be the administrator.

"4. Out of the interest of the Trust Fund of Rs. 1,000, the sum of Rs. 10 net free of all deductions shall be annually paid by the administrator to the Chairman of the Bombay Christian Burial Board for the time being to cover the expenses in connection with the care and proper maintenance of the grave and tomb stone of the Founder's wife in the Sewri Cemetry and which tomb is indicated by the name 'Winnie' shown diagonally on a grey marble cross and by the words 'until the daybreak and the shadows flee away' engraven on the pedestal; and underneath by four verses on a marble book above the initials W. E. H. and by the name of the Founder cut thereon.

"5. The residue of the annual interest of the Trust Fund in each year, after the payment of the Burial Board fee as above, shall be placed at the disposal of the Ladies Committee of the Indo-British Girls' school for distribution in prizes of extra clothing or materials for clothing or money of such numbers and value and for proficiency in plain needle-work or such other subjects as the Committee by Resolution may from time to time determine."

In 1890, Kázi Sháhábudin deposited a lakh of rupees with Government, with the view of spending Rs. 2,400 of the interest on scholarships. The rest of the interest is at present returned to the donor. The rules for the scholarships which were sanctioned by Government Resolution, Educational Department, No. 269, dated 8th February 1892, are as under:—

65. Kázi Sháhábudin Fund.

1. Sixteen scholarships have been founded by Khán Bhádur Kázi Sháhábudin, C.I.E. Four of these scholarships are offered annually. Each scholarship will be tenable for four years, and will be of the value of Rs. 10 per mensem for the first and second years, and of the value of Rs. 15 per mensem for the third and fourth years.

2. The scholarships are open to Musalman candidates who have passed the entrance examination of the University of Bombay from any public* institution in

*A public institution is an institution which is open to Government inspection and submits annual returns to the Educational Department.

the eighteen British Collectorates of the Central, Northern and Southern Divisions,† but no candidate will be selected who has not been a *bonâ fide* student of such public institution for at least twelve months immediately preceding the entrance examination he has passed. If possible‡ each Division shall have one scholarship each year, the fourth scholarship being given to the best candidate remaining over.

† The Central Division comprises the collectorates of Poona, Sholápur, Sátára, Khándesh, Ahmednagar and Násik; the Northern Division, Thána, Surat, Broach, Kaira, Ahmedabad and the Panch Mahâls; and the Southern Division, Ratnágiri, Kolába, Dhárwár, Belgaum, Bijápur and North Kánara.

‡ A scholarship not claimed by a Division shall be given to a claimant from another Division.

3. The scholarships shall be awarded by the Director of Public Instructon, who in awarding the scholarships shall consider the merits of the candidates as shown in the entrance examination. The Director may also take into consideration the poverty of the candidates and their need of assistance in the prosecution of their studies, and may award an Honorary Scholarship to a claimant, who is not in need of assistance, and give the scholarship to the next claimant. Provided always that the holder of any other scholarship specially founded for the benefit of Mahomedan students shall be debarred from holding concurrently one of the Kázi Sháhábudin Scholarships. The names of successful candidates and of the schools at which they were prepared shall be published annually in the *Government Gazette*.

4. Applications for the scholarships must be made to tho Director in the printed form appended (see Appendix A). These applications must reach the Director within a fortnight of the declaration of the results of the entrance examination.

5. Each scholarship will be tenable for four years from the 1st of January succeeding the entrance examination passed by the successful candidate; conditionally on the regular attendance, good conduct and satisfactory progress of the holder at any college affiliated to the University of Bombay. No scholarship shall be withdrawn from its holder for misconduct, or for any other cause, without the sanction of the Director.

6. The scholarships must be drawn quarterly in arrears, upon printed bills signed by the Principal of the College and countersigned by the Director; and the holder of a scholarship cannot change his College without the sanction of the Director.

*N. B.*—These rules apply to girls as well as boys.

The fund was transferred to the Treasurer of Charitable Endowments according to Government Resolution, Educational Department, No. 1469, dated 11th July 1892.

66. Candy Scholarship and Prize Fund.

In 1858, certain native gentlemen of Poona subscribed a sum of Rs. 2,200 with a view of founding, out of the interest, 2 scholarships of Rs. 4 each and an annual prize of Rs. 14 in the Poona College in the name of Major Candy.

The fund is held by Trustees appointed under a deed approved by Government Resolution, Educational Department, No. 526 of 15th March 1895.

67. Havelock Memorial Fund.

In 1877, the Civil Servants on the Bombay establishment founded a prize in memory of the late William Henry Havelock of the Bombay Civil Service, Companion of the Star of India. The subscriptions for the prize amounted to Rs. 2,000, and the rules for the award are as under :—

1. A prize consisting of books to the value of Rs. 80 will be awarded annually in June to the student of Deccan College who obtains the highest marks in an examination as hereafter described.

2. The prize has been founded by members of the Bombay Civil Service in memory of W. H. Havelock, Esq., C.S.I., and will be called "The Havelock Prize."

3. The prize is open to all students of Deccan College of not more than three year's standing from the date of Matriculation.

4. The subject of examination will be the English language, literature and original composition.

The fund is held by the Trustees of the Deccan College. (See fund 66).

68. Mahájani Prize Fund.

In 1879, Mr. Vishnu Moreshwar Mahájani, M.A., some time Fellow of the College, gave a thousand rupees to found a prize in the Deccan College. The interest of the sum was to be devoted to founding an annual prize consisting of books of the value of rupees (40) forty, to be awarded to the scholar who gains the highest number of marks in Sanskrit in the junior scholarship examination. The fund is held by the Trustees of the Deccan College. (See fund 66).

69. Náráyan Govind Apte Prize Fund.

In 1884, Ráo Bahádur Náráyan Govind Apte gave a Government Promissory Note of Rs. 1,000 at 4 per cent. to the Deccan College for the purpose of founding an annual prize of Rs. 40. The prize is to be awarded in Mr. Apte's name to the student of the first B.A. class who comes first in the Sanskrit paper in the scholarship examination. The fund is held by the Trustees of the Deccan College. (See fund 66).

70. Frere Scholarship Fund.

In 1886, Rs. 7,500 were subscribed by the native community of Poona to perpetuate in Poona the memory of Sir Bartle H. Frere, Governor of Bombay. The interest is devoted to the payment of a scholarship, value Rs. 25 per mensem, to be held in the College of Science, Poona, and to be awarded annually after the first examination in Civil Engineering. The scholarship is awarded to the student who obtains most marks in the (University) first examination in Civil Engineering, and is tenable in each case for one year, provisional on good conduct and regular attendance at the college. The fund is held by trustees appointed under a deed approved by Government Resolution, Educational Department, No. 1614, dated 20th August 1895.

71. MacDougall Scholarship Fund.

In 1862, a subscription was raised by some of the ex-students of the College of Science for the purpose of founding a scholarship and thus perpetuating the name of the first Principal of the institution. The sum of Rs. 1,300 was subscribed and from the interest accruing from this principal a sum was regularly placed at the disposal of the Principal of the College and awarded as "The MacDougall Scholarship." Owing to accumulation of interest over and above the amounts paid as scholarships, the capital sum has now reached a total of Rs. 1,500. At 4 per cent. the yearly interest is Rs. 60, which allows of a scholarship of Rs. 5 per mensem. The fund is held by the Trustees of the College of Science. (See fund 70).

72. Watt Scholarship Fund.

In 1886, the friends of the late Mr. Arthur Watt, C.S., subscribed Rs. 4,050 in order to found scholarships in the College of Science at Poona. The scholarships are to be called "The Watt Scholarships" and are to be awarded for mechanical engineering. The arrangement of the matter was left to the Principal of the College, who decided that two scholarships of the monthly value of Rs. 8 and Rs. 5 should be annually awarded to the two most proficient students in the senior and junior workshop classes respectively. The fund is held by the Trustees of the College of Science. (See fund 70).

73. Kaikhasru Rastomji Woonwálla Scholarship Fund.

In 1888, Mr. Kaikhasru Rustomji Woonwálla gave the sum of Rs. 3,000 in Government 4 per cent. paper to found a scholarship in the College of Science on the following conditions :—

1. The scholarship, to be called "The Rastomji Sorábji Woonwálla Scholarship," and to be paid monthly from the interest of the sum above-named to that Párși student who at the Previous Examination passed before his entry into the college obtains the highest number of marks.

2. The scholarship is to be tenable for the three years of the college course, provided that the holder at the end of each year passes the University examination prescribed for students of his class. Should any student fail to pass, he is to forfeit the scholarship, which is then to be given to a fresh student newly entering the college. The fund is held by the Trustees of the College of Science. (See fund 70).

74. Poona Normal School Fund.

In 1870, the Chiefs and Sardárs of the Deccan and Southern Marátha Country subscribed Rs. 30,000 to commemorate the visit to Bombay of His Royal Highness the Duke of Edinburgh. As a plan of disposing of the fund, Government proposed to the subscribers to give Rs. 10,000 to establish a Fellowship of Rs. 500 annually for the graduate who obtained the highest numbers at the B. A. honour examination, to be held by him for two years, on the condition that he remained at the University and went up for honours at the M. A. examination (the Fellowship to be granted every second year); and to apply the balance, Rs. 20,000, to the formation of an endowment for the Normal School for mistresses at Poona. The proposal of Government was adopted by the subscribers and the sum of Rs. 10,000 was handed over to the University, and Rs. 20,000 were invested on account of the Normal School at Poona. The Poona fund was afterwards increased by Rs. 6,000, contributed by various donors.

The fund was transferred to the Treasurer of Charitable Endowments according to Government Resolution, Educational Department, No 1172, dated 18th June 1895.

75. Wedderburn Scholarship Fund.

In 1882, Mr. W. Wedderburn, C. S., on the eve of his departure from Nagar, gave a sum of Rs. 500 as a present from Mrs. Wedderburn for the encouragement of female education in the Ahmednagar District. Some of Mr. Wedderburn's friends subscribed amongst themselves a further sum of Rs. 500, and it was proposed to found a scholarship in the name of Mrs. Wedderburn. The conditions for the award and tenure of the scholarship were as follows :—

(1). That a scholarship of Rs. 3 per mensem be given to a Hindu girl of the Ahmednagar District who passes under the 3rd or a higher standard with the highest marks in the annual examination of the schools.

(2). That the scholar must, on her nomination, proceed at once to Poona to prosecute her studies at the Training College, Poona.

(3). That the girl selected must not be under 12 years of age.

(4). That she must be prepared to take up an appointment as a mistress.

(5). That in the award of the scholarship, preference should be given to the wives of school-masters or students of the Training College or such other persons as may like employment in the Educational Department.

(6). That the scholarship may be held till the completion of the college course, provided the scholar continues to give satisfaction to the College authorities.

(7). That if a girl possessing the necessary qualifications be not found, the scholarship may be given to the best Hindu girl in the Ahmednagar schools to be held for one year only.

The subscribers desired the scholarship to be held at Poona in addition to any Government stipend that might be won by the holder; and hoped that the holders of the scholarship would come back to the Ahmednagar District as school-teachers. The balance of interest was to be awarded to a deserving girl in the shape of prize books, in the names of Mr. and Mrs. Wedderburn, in the Ahmednagar schools at the annual distribution of prizes.

76. Bhima A'ba Puránik Prize Fund.

In 1887, Ráo Bahádur Aba Vishnu Puránik gave a Government promissory note for Rs. 500 as an endowment for two prizes to be annually awarded to students of the Poona Training College in memory of his deceased daughter Bhima A'ba Puránik. The rules for the award of the prizes are as under :—

(1). There shall be two Bhima Aba Puránik Prizes in the Female Training College.

(2). An annual prize of the value of Rs. 15 in books or clothes shall be awarded to the female student who shows the greatest proficiency at the annual examination in Domestic Economy, including Household Accounts.

(3). An annual prize of the value of Rs. 5 in books or clothes shall be awarded to the female student who shows the greatest proficiency in penmanship and is the best instructress of the art.

(4). The prize shall be awarded along with the annual prizes of the Training College and at the public ceremony, if one be held.

(5). In event of there being more than one candidate qualified for a prize, the prize shall be awarded to the most advanced of the candidates.

(6). In the event of there being no candidate qualified for either or both of the prizes, the interest of the year shall be added to the capital, and additional prizes of like amounts and on like conditions shall be awarded in the following year or years at the discretion of the Lady Superintendent of the Training College, provided that all such prizes be approved in writing by the Educational Inspector.

(7). In the event of the Poona Training College being at any time disestablished or transferred to local or private management, it shall be competent for the Director of Public Instruction to attach the Bhima Aba Puránik prizes to any Training College or native girls' school in Poona, provided the managers agree to abide by the above rules; and in that case the above rules shall apply in all respects to the selected Training College or school just as if it were the Poona Training College.

77. Byrámji Jijibhoy Medical School Fund.

In 1878, the Trustees of the Honourable Byrámji Jijibhoy Trust Settlement (of 1872) offered to endow the Government Medical School at Poona to the extent of Rs. 40,000, either in 4 per cent. Government paper or in the shape of a home for the school, on the following conditions:—

1. Should Government prefer the endowment to be in notes, the Trustees are prepared to present to the school Government promissory notes of the 4 per cent. loan for the sum of Rs. 40,000 (forty thousand), to be always kept intact as a permanent endowment fund and only the annual interest accruing thereon to be spent in maintaining the school.

2. Should the Government be inclined to have a home for the school, in preference to notes, the Trustees will be glad to present to the school the commodious bungalow office, which is situated conveniently near to the Sassoon Hospital, together with the extensive compound in which it stands, in one of the best localities in Poona, to be used as a home for the school, and in addition Rs. 10,000 (ten thousand) in 4 per cent. Government paper, to be kept as a fund in Mr. Byrámji Jijibhoy, C.S.I.'s name, the interest to be used for the current expenses of the school.

3. In either case the school to be always called "The Byramji Jijibhoy Medical School," and a deed of contract to be executed, Government undertaking to carry on the school permanently, and in the first case to defray whatever expenses may be incurred from time to time in excess of the income or interest accruing on the 4 per cent. Government promissory notes of Rs. 40,000 (forty thousand), and in the second case, to permanently maintain the school from Government or other funds and to take upon themselves to keep the abovementioned bungalow in proper and thorough repair and good order at all times.

4. The school should not be attached to or be situated in the compound of any other institution, but should be located in a quite separate compound by itself.

Government decided that the endowment, in the shape of a bungalow valued at Rs. 30,000, and Government promissory notes for Rs. 10,000, should be accepted, the school to be called "The Byrámji Jijibhoy Medical School," Government undertaking, as a matter of course, to carry it on permanently and defray whatever expenses may be necessary in excess of the income of the endowment. The bungalow will, under the Public Works Department rules, be kept in thorough repair.

78. Venáyekráo Jagannáth Sankarshet Memorial Fund.

In 1877, the Honorable Secretary, Venáyekráo Jagannáth Sankarshet Memorial Fund, gave Rs. 500 in Government notes for the fundation of a prize in the Grant Medical College. The interest of the capital sum sufficed for a prize of books to be presented to the Maráthi vernacular pupil who at the entrance examination of the College is deemed best prepared for his professional studies. The prize was afterwards transferred with the Maráthi class to the Medical School at Poona.

79. Dr. Bálkrishna Chintoba Testimonial Fund.

In 1879, the Committee of "The Dr. Bálkrishna Chintoba Testimonial Fund" placed at the disposal of Government Rs. 3,000 as an endowment to be applied to scholarships and prizes to students of the Poona Medical School. The annual interest is spent on—

(*a*) a scholarship of Rs. 5 per mensem, to be styled "The Bálkrishna Chintoba Scholarship", and

(*b*) two money prizes of Rs. 30 each.

80. Sir James Fergusson Prize Fund.

In 1884, His Excellency Sir James Fergusson, Governor of Bombay, placed Government promissory notes for Rs. 1,200 and stock notes for Rs. 50, in trust for the foundation of a prize in connexion with the new English school at Poona. The prize is given under the following conditions :—

1. Subject to clause seven the said Trustees shall, out of the interest of the said securities, yearly in every year purchase a prize to be called "The Sir James Fergusson Prize" of the value of Rs. 50 or thereabouts.

2. Subject to clause four the prize shall be given to the student from the said New English School, Poona, who during such year shall have passed the Matriculation Examination at Bombay and obtain at least forty-five per cent. of the marks awarded for English and General Knowledge (the subject of "General Knowledge" to include History, Geography and Science). Provided, however, that if more than one student from the said New English School shall during any one year have passed the said Matriculation Examination and have obtained more than forty-five per cent. of the marks for English and General Knowledge as aforesaid, the said prize shall be given to such one of the said students who shall have obtained the highest number of marks for English and General Knowledge.

3. No person shall, for the purposes of these presents, be deemed a student from the said New English School unless he shall have attended the said school for at least eight months previous to his having passed such examination.

4. In case during any year a Previous Examination class is attached to the said New English School, the prize shall be given to the student of the said school who shall have obtained the highest number of marks in such examination.

5. The name of the successful student shall be declared at the time of the annual distribution of prizes of the said school.

6. The prize shall consist of books which may be selected by the successful student.

7. In case during any year a prize shall not be given under any of the clauses above written, the Trustees shall pay the interest of the said securities for the time being in their hands of the Head or Superintendent

of the said school for the time being, to be added to the prize fund of the school for that year.

8. In case the said school shall cease to exist, the securities for the time being subject to these presents and all interest thereon shall be transferred to Sir James Fergusson, his executors, administrators or assigns.

81. Duke of Albany Memorial Fund.

In 1886, Mr Vinayak Wasudev submitted a list of subscribers who had subscribed Rs. 701 towards the proposed Duke of Albany Memorial Fund, and requested Government to found an annual prize in the name of His Royal Highness, to be awarded to meritorious pupils in the Female High School recently opened in Poona.

82. Náráyan Govind Apte Prize Fund,

In 1886, Mr. Náráyan Govind Ápte gave Government a sum of Rs. 500 on the following conditions:—

i. The interest of the said sum should be annually awarded as a prize in Mr. Ápte's name to the student of the Sanskrit Páthshála in Poona who comes first in the Alankara Shastra examination. This prize should not be given to the same student more than once. The prize will be awarded by the Ved Shastrottejak Sabha, or Poona Association for the encouragement of the students of the Ved and Shastras.

ii. In case there be no student who passes the examination creditably or if by chance no student appears for being examined, in Alankara Shastra, the Sabha should have the discretion of awarding the prize to a student who distinguishes himself most in any of the other examinations held in different Shastras every year.

iii. Lastly, if the Sanskrit Páthshála ceases to exist, the prize should be given by the Director of Public Instruction to a student who passes and comes first in Sanskrit in the Matriculation Examination held at Poona Centre. In case the first or even the next be Shankarshet scholars, the prize is to be given to one who stands just below in rank, that is, to the 2nd or to the 3rd.

83. Colonel Young's Fund.

In 1887, Mrs. Young and Mrs. Whitehill, the widow and sister of Colonel D. B. Young, gave £100 as an endowment for the benefit of a vernacular school in the village of Yerrowda near Poona, which was established by Colonel Young in 1878 and maintained by him till his death, and since that date by the members of his family. The conditions under which the endowment was given were as under:—

(1). A scholarship of annas 12 a month, tenable for one year, shall be awarded to the boy who does best in the second standard at the annual examination of the Government Inspecting Officer, provided that he has been a pupil of the school for not less than one year and that he has been fairly regular in attendance.

(2). A scholarship of 12 annas a month shall be awarded to the boy who does best in the third standard in the annual examination of the Government Inspecting Officer, provided that he has been a pupil of the school for not less than one year and has been fairly regular in his attendance.

(3). A scholarship of Re. 1 a month shall be awarded to the girl who does best in the annual examination of the Government Inspecting Officer, provided she is able to read and explain the First Reading Book at least and can do plain needle-work, and provided also she has been at least six months a *boná-fide* scholar of the school, and that there are at least two competitors for the scholarship.

(4). In the event of a scholarship remaining unawarded in any year, an additional scholarship or scholarships shall be awarded in the following year of like amount and on like conditions, the award in each such case to be specially sanctioned by the Educational Inspector of the Division.

(5). The amount of interest which remains after the scholarships are provided for is to be expended each year in prizes of books, clothes or

other useful articles and sweetmeats to be given on founder's day to the most regular and deserving pupils. The prize list shall be drawn up by the Headmaster for the approval of the Government Inspecting Officer and special prizes and special encouragement shall be given to the female pupils of the school.

(6). The 31st August in each year is to be kept as founder's day, except when it falls on a Sunday, when founder's day shall be Monday, 1st September. On founder's day these regulations shall be read aloud to the school in the presence of the committee and visitors, and the scholarships and prizes shall be awarded and the sweetmeats distributed.

(7). The school shall continue to be called "Colonel Young's School," and in the event of the school being closed or ceasing to be connected with the Educational Department, it shall be competent for the Educational Inspector of the Division to transfer all the advantages of the endowment to any other village school in the neighbourhood of Poona, and such school shall thenceforth be called "Colonel Young's School" and all the above regulations shall apply thereto.

84. Pensioners' School Fund.

In or about 1883, Rs. 7,500 were raised by subscriptions and Rs. 7,500 were given by Government for the endowment of the Pensioner's School at Poona.

85. European Schools endowment.

Government Resolution, Educational Department, No. 2158, dated the 7th December 1885, sanctioned a grant of Rs. 25,000 to meet an equal sum raised by subscription for the endowment of the Bishops' High School and St. Mary's School at Poona. The whole of this grant has not yet been claimed but the sum invested belongs to the two schools in equal shares.

86. Dhulia High School Fund.

In 1853, the people of Khándesh raised a fund for the establishment of an English school at Dhulia. Out of the money which was collected Rs. 2,500 were spent in the purchase and repair of a suitable building, and in the purchase of furniture; Rs. 2,500 were deposited in the treasury to meet emergent demands; and Rs. 21,000 were invested in Government securities. Up to 1864 the management of this fund was in the hands of the school committee. In that year the school was raised to the rank of a high school, and the control of the money which had been invested was made over to the Educational Department.

87. Dhulia Gymnasium Fund.

In 1863, the sum of Rs. 2,500, which had been deposited in the treasury (*see* No. 86), was invested in Government securities for the benefit of the school gymnasium.

88. Trimbak Garud Sanskrit Prize Fund.

In 1869, Mr. Govindráo Rámchandra Garud, of Dhulia, gave Rs. 575 to the high school for the purpose of founding a Sanskrit prize in memory of his deceased nephew Trimbak, who had been a student in the school. The interest is devoted to the purchase of prize books for the student who obtains the highest marks in an examination in Sanskrit held in or about September of each year. The prize is to be awarded immediately before the commencement of the Diváli holidays, and is not to be given more than once to the same student.

89. Garud Prize Fund.

In 1887, Ráo Bahádur Govindráo Rámchandra Garud offered Rs. 500 in 4 per cent. paper with a request that the interest thereof might be utilized in awarding prizes, to be called "The Garud Prizes" to the successful students of the vernacular schools under the Dhulia Municipality.

90. Probyn Memorial Fund.

In 1889, the Collector of Khándesh reported that he had been requested by the President Probyn Memorial Committee, to take charge of Government Promissory notes for Rs. 5,500 purchased out of the subscriptions to the memorial; that it was proposed to offer Rs. 4,000 to the University to found a scholarship for students from the Dhulia High School and to allot the interest on Rs. 1,500 for prizes in certain

schools in that district; and that the Committee had asked him to take charge of the fund until arrangements could be made with the University. Government permitted the Collector to take temporary charge of the fund.

The fund was transferred to the Treasurer of Charitable Endowments according to Government Resolution, Educational Department, No. 1357, dated the 17th July 1896.

91. Sadáshiv and Yamuna Scholarship Fund.

In 1871, Mr. Nilkant Bhagwant Muley, a native of Ahmednagar, gave the sum of Rs. 1,500 for the purpose of founding two scholarships, one to be held at the high school and to be called "The Sadáshiv Scholarship" in memory of his deceased son, and one to be held at the Government girls' school and to be called "The Yamuna Scholarship" in memory of his deceased wife. The rules for the scholarships were as under :—

*Rules for the Sadashiv Scholarship.*

1. The Sadáshiv Scholarship, founded by Mr. Nilkant Bhagwant Muley in memory of his son, is of the value of Rs. 2½ per mensem ; and it shall be tenable at the Ahmednagar High School, under certain conditions stated below, for two years.

2. The scholarship shall be offered for competition every alternate year in November or December at the Ahmednagar High School entrance examination.

3. At the close of the examination the Head Master shall forward to the Educational Inspector of the Division a list of the candidates with the marks obtained by them, and shall report on the circumstances and moral conduct of the candidates furnishing such evidence as may seem necessary ; and the scholarship shall be awarded by the Inspector to the candidate who has gained the highest number of marks, provided he has passed the entrance examination *with credit* (*i.e.*, has passed with a total of not less than half the aggregate number of marks obtainable); and provided also that the Inspector is satisfied that he is in poor circumstances, and of good character.

4. If the candidate who has passed the examination with the greatest credit is not in need of pecuniary aid, he shall be declared "Honorary Sadáshiv Scholar" ; and the stipend, with the title of "Stipendiary Sadáshiv Scholar", shall be awarded to the most meritorious of the candidates who are known to be poor.

5. The successful candidate shall hold the scholarship from the 1st December, and shall receive his first stipend in January.

6. At the annual examination of the school for the official year next following that in which the scholarship was awarded, the scholar shall be required to pass in each head of Anglo-Vernacular Standard IV ; and if he fail to do so, he shall forfeit the scholarship.

7. The scholar shall also be required to be regular in his attendance at the high school, diligent in his studies, and exemplary in his behaviour; and if the Head-master has reason to be dissatisfied with the conduct of the scholar in any respect, he shall report the circumstances to the Inspector, and the Inspector may suspend the scholar for any period he may think fit, or may declare the scholarship forfeited.

8. If no candidate passes the entrance examination with credit, the scholarship shall not be awarded ; and it shall be offered for competition as an extra scholarship in the following year.

9. The Inspector shall determine (in each case that may arise) whether the Sadáshiv Scholarship may be held with another scholarship or exhibition.

10. The interest of the Sadáshiv Scholarship endowment shall be paid into the Ahmednagar Treasury, and shall be credited to a fund to be called "The Sadáshiv Scholarship Fund", and the stipend shall be paid each month by the Treasury Officer if it is entered in the pay abstract of the school establishment, in the usual way.

11. The savings arising from the forfeiture of the scholarship, or from its not being awarded, or otherwise, shall be invested, from time to time, in 4 per cent. Government paper in the joint names of the Director of Public Instruction nd the Collector of Ahmednagar, and the interest shall be applied to increase he value of the scholarship or to form an additional scholarship as the Director of Public Instruction may determine.

*Rules for the Yamuna Scholarship.*

1. The Yamuna Scholarship, founded by Mr. Nilkant Bhagwant Muley in memory of his wife, is of the value of Rs. 2½ per mensem ; and it shall be tenable at the Ahmednagar Government Girls' School, under certain conditions stated below, for one year.

2. The scholarship shall be offered for competition every year at the annual examination of the Ahmednagar Girls' School ; and the candidates for the scholarship, who must have been pupils in the school for at least three months preceding the examination, shall be examined by the Deputy Inspector under Vernacular Standard IV.

3. The Deputy Inspector shall report the result of the examination to the Educational Inspector of the Division, and shall furnish such evidence of the circumstances and moral character of the candidates as may seem necessary ; and the scholarship shall be awarded by the Inspector to the candidate who has passed the examination with the highest marks, provided the Inspector is satisfied that she is in poor circumstances and of good character. If no candidate has passed (according to the usual rules), the scholarship shall not be awarded.

4. If the candidate who has passed the examination with the greatest credit is not in need of pecuniary aid, she shall be declared "Honorary Yamuna Scholar", and the stipend with the title of "Stipendiary Yamuna Scholar" shall be awarded to the most meritorious of the candidates who are known to be poor.

5. The successful candidate shall hold the scholarship from the 1st of the month following that in which the examination is held, or if the scholarship is not then vacant, from the date on which it is vacated.

6. The scholar shall be required to be regular in her attendance at the Ahmednagar Girls' School, diligent in her studies, and exemplary in her behaviour ; and if the Head Master has reason to be dissatisfied with the conduct of the scholar in any respect, he shall report the circumstances to the Inspector through the Deputy Inspector, and the Inspector may suspend the scholar for any period he may think fit, or may declare the scholarship forfeited.

7. The Inspector shall determine (in each case that may arise) whether the Yamuna Scholarship may be held with another scholarship or exhibition.

8. The interest of the Yamuna Scholarship endowment shall be paid into the Ahmednagar Treasury and shall be credited to a fund to be called "The Yamuna Scholarship Fund" ; and the stipend shall be paid each month by the Treasury Officer if it is entered in the pay abstract of school establishments prepared by the Deputy Inspector, in the usual way.

9. The savings arising from the forfeiture of the scholarship, or from its not being awarded, or otherwise, shall be invested, from time to time, in 4 per cent. Government paper in the joint names of the Director of Public Instruction and the Collector of Ahmednagar, and the interest shall be applied to increase the value of the scholarship or to form an additional scholarship as the Director of Public instruction may determine.

92. Krishna Prize Fund.

In 1871, Mr. Nilkant Bhagwant Muley, of Ahmednagar, gave the sum of Rs. 110 for the purpose of founding a prize in the Government Girls' School at Ahmednagar in memory of his deceased daughter. The prize is awarded at the annual exhibition of the school.

93. Sávitribái Scholarship Fund.

In 1883, Ráo Sáheb Dinánáth Atmárám Dalvi, Subordinate Judge, Ahmednagar, offered Rs. 500 for the founding of a scholarship in the Government Girls' School at Ahmednagar in the name of his deceased wife Sávitribái. The

scholarship was to be bestowed on the best girl scholar of the local girls' school, without distinction of race, caste, creed, or colour.

94. D'Oyly Prize Fund.

In 1878, the leading members of the community of Ahmednagar subscribed Rs. 343 in order to perpetuate the memory of the Collector Mr. D'Oyly. Out of the interest on the capital sum an annual prize, to be named "The D'Oyly Prize", was to be awarded to the student of the Ahmednagar High School who passed the Matriculation Examination with the highest number of marks. The prize was not to be given to a student of less than two years' standing in the school. A further sum of Rs. 100 was added to the fund by Mr. Shâhu Udarâm Dânge.

95. Frámji Ardasir Scholarship Fund.

In 1884, Khán Bahádur Frámji Ardasir gave a sum of Rs. 600 for founding a scholarship in the Ahmednagar High School of the value of Rs. 2 per mensem. The scholarship is to be awarded, in the name of the Khán Bahádur, to a poor and deserving boy who has attended the Ahmednagar High School consecutively for three years.

96. Rukhminibái Sháráng-páni Prize Fund.

In 1884, Ráo Bahádur Krishnaráo Vináyek Shárangpáni gave Rs. 320 for the foundation of a prize in memory of his deceased wife Rukhminibái. The conditions of the endowment were as under :—

(1). The prize of Rs. 12 to be named "The Rukhminibái Shárangpáni Prize".

(2). It will be awarded every year to the girl who stands first in Mathematics (Arithmetic and its cognate branches that are taught at present in the girls' school) in the 1st class of the Maráthi Girls' School at Násik, at the annual examination by the Deputy Educational Inspector, on his certifying that the girl deserves the award of the prize.

(3). The prize to be given in the shape of books or "Sári and Khan."

(4). The name of the girl to whom such prize is awarded should be communicated to the donor or to his heirs every year. The name of the girl obtaining the prize may be published every year in the Bombay Educational Record.

(5). When such prize may be given, one or more members of the donor's family residing at Násik (if present there at the time) should be asked to attend the ceremony.

(6). If in any one year the Deputy Educational Inspector does not certify that a particular girl deserves a prize in the subject, the amount remaining in balance may be utilized next year, with or without the consent of the donor, for that purpose.

(7). The trust fund of the amount of Rs. 320 to be invested in Government promissory notes, or in the Government Savings Bank, at $3\frac{3}{4}$ per cent., in the name of the Accountant General or the Director of Public Instruction (as the custom of depositing such trust funds may be), with the conditions that the person in whose name the fund is invested is to be simply entitled to draw the amount of interest, the ownership over the sum of Rs. 320 still remaining vested in the donor.

97. Gujarát College Fund.

The history of the fund begins in 1856, when a subscription was set on foot for the establishment of a College at Ahmedabad. A sum of Rs. 50,000 was collected, and by favourable investment and accumulation of interest, this amount was afterwards raised to Rs. 70,000. In 1858 the sanction of Government was given to proposals made by Mr. Howard for the "establishment of a professional school at Ahmedabad (to be called a college if thought desirable), in which English Composition, Translation, the Elements of Jurisprudence (as required by Deputy Magistrate and Police Officers), Positive Law in its most popular and useful branches, the Elements of Political Economy, the Revenue and Administrative System of Government in India, Drawing as a useful rather than a fine art, Surveying and the most practically useful applications of Natural Science (especially Agricultural Chemistry) might be taught." The object of the College was stated by the Director to be the special preparation of youths "for Government employment

in the Revenue and Judicial lines and in the Public Works Department"; and Mr. Howard rejected the idea of employing the fund which had been raised in the establishment of an arts college, partly because of the insufficiency of the endowment, and partly because he believed that if it were explained that the characteristic function of the college would be to train up candidates for University degrees in general literature and science and not to give special instruction of a professional kind, the subscribers would not be altogether satisfied with the application of the funds contributed by them. In according assent to Mr. Howard's proposals Government promised a State contribution equal to the annual interest of the endowment; and with the total sum thus available from the interest and the Government grant, or Rs. 430 per mensem, classes were sanctioned for the instruction of youths in Law and Civil Engineering. But the insufficiency of the income for even a school of this character, and the want of precise and definite objects at which the institution might aim, were from the first apparent, and combined with other causes to prevent the development and growth of the college. The Engineering class was never opened, partly because of the difficulty of obtaining a competent lecturer for the salary offered, partly because of the discouraging want of funds and opportunities for practical instruction. In the Law class, on the other hand, it was found that the general education of the pupils was not as high as was required for the effective study of Jurisprudence, and it was considered that instruction in literature was necessary to liberalize their minds. Accordingly in 1863 the salary of Rs. 150 set apart for the Engineering lecturer was divided between three teachers in the High School, who for the Extra allowance were required to teach in the college. These three teachers were assigned the subjects of—

(1). Logic, Moral Philosophy, and History.

(2). Applied Mathematics (Surveying, Mechanics, &c.)

(3). Drawing.

The two last subjects were intended for boys desirous of preparing for admission to the new Civil Engineering College at Poona. These arrangements continued in force until 1872 when the failure of the Law students to pass the test imposed on candidates for the Pleaders' examination led to an inquiry, which resulted in the closing of the Law class. The other classes were continued for a time, until it could be decided how the funds might be applied to a less vague object than that assigned to the college—"of keeping up a taste for literary pursuits in young men who had matriculated, and of extending the knowledge of those who were unmatriculated". The leading native gentlemen of Ahmedabad acquiesced in this condemnation of the old institution, but applied to Government for the establishment at Ahmedabad of an arts college such as that given to Poona, and set themselves to the task of collecting additional subscriptions, which with the old fund might form a sufficient endowment to justify compliance with their application. Their application was granted, and a Government Arts College was opened in March 1879. The constitution of the college was altered by Government letter, Educational Department, No 1429 of the 8th of September 1886, and since the 1st April 1887 the college has been an aided college.

98. Maganbhái Karamchand Scholarship Fund.

In 1855, Ráo Bahádur Maganbhái Karamchand gave Rs. 7,000 in Government promissory notes of 5 per cent. to establish five scholarships in a Government college which he understood was to be founded at Ahmedabad.

The scholarships were to be as follows:—

| | Per month. Rs. |
|---|---|
| 1st scholarship ... ... ... | ... 9 |
| 2nd. do. ... ... ... | ... 7 |
| 3rd do. ... ... ... | ... 5 |
| 4th do. ... ... ... | ... 4 |
| 5th do. ... ... ... | ... 4 |

99. Maganbhái Girls' School Fund.

In 1850, Mr. Maganbhái Karamchand gave the sum of Rs. 20,000 for the purpose of founding a girls' school at Ahmedabad—Rs. 6,000 for a suitable building, and the balance to be invested for the maintenance of the school. A trust

deed was drawn up by the donor, and the interest of the endowment is paid to the school committee which was appointed under the trust deed.

100. Shetáni Harkuvarbái Girls' School Fund.

In 1855, Nek Námdár Shetáni Harkuvarbái, widow of the late Hathising Keshrising, offered the sum of Rs. 6,000 for the purpose of endowing a girls' school, to be managed by a committee of local officers and native gentlemen under the same rules and regulations as apply to Ráo Bahádur Maganbhái's school. In 1856, the same lady gave a further sum of Rs. 6,000.

101. Mahárája of Mysore Prize Fund.

In 1888, His Highness the Mahárája of Mysore gave Rs. 200 for prizes in the Mahálaxmi Training College for mistresses at Ahmedábad. The Mahárája did not specify how he wished the prizes to be given; but it was arranged that the money should be invested and that the yearly interest should be added to the prize fund of the college in the shape of a prize to be called "The Mahárája of Mysore's Prize" and to be given at the discretion of the Lady Superintendent.

102. His Highness the Diván of Pálanpur's Prize Fund.

In 1887, the Diván Sáheb of Pálanpur gave Rs. 500 for investment, the interest to be awarded in the shape of an annual prize to be given to the best student or students of the last year's course of the Mahálaxmi Training College, Ahmedabad. The prize was to be called " His Highness the Diván of Pálanpur's Prize".

103. Dinshaw Mánekji Petit Book Fund.

In 1869, Mr. Dinshaw Mánekji Petit offered the Grant College Rs. 500 for the encouragement of the Gujaráti class. The offer was accepted by Government Resolution, Educational Department, No. 643 of the 18th November 1869, and it was ordered that the annual interest should be credited to the book fund of the class. The endowment was afterwards transferred with the Gujaráti class to the Medical School at Ahmedábád.

104. Keshowji Náik Scholarship Fund.

In 1869, Mr. Keshowji Náik offered the Grant Medical College Rs. 3,000 for the establishment of a scholarship on behalf of the Gujaráti class. The scholarship was accepted by Government Resolution, Educational Department, No. 420 of the 16th August 1869 ; and the scholarship was afterwards transferred with the Gujaráti class to the Medical School at Ahmedabad.

105. Byrámji Jijibhoy Scholarship Fund.

In 1869, the Honourable Mr. Byrámji Jijibhoy offered the Grant College Rs. 3,000 in 4 per cent. paper for the establishment of a scholarship of Rs. 10 per mensem in connection with the Gujaráti class. The scholarship was accepted by Government Resolution, Educational Department, No. 466 of the 31st August 1869 ; and the scholarship was afterwards transferred with the Gujaráti class to the Medical School at Ahmedabad.

106. Cowasji Jehángir Scholarship Fund.

In 1869, Mr. Cowasji Jehángir, C.S.I., offered the Grant College Rs. 2,500 in 5 per cent. Government notes for the foundation of a scholarship of the value of Rs. 10 per mensem. The scholarship was for the encouragement of Gujaráti speaking natives desirous of being trained in the science of European medicine. The scholarship was accepted by Government Resolution, Educational Department, No. 402 of the 6th August 1869 ; and the scholarship was afterwards transferred with the Gujaráti class to the Medical School at Ahmedabad.

107. Gáikwár Book Fund.

In 1869, His Highness the Gaikwár offered Rs. 2,000 for the Gujaráti class in the Grant College. The offer was accepted by Government Resolution, Educational Department, No. 457 of the 27th August 1869, and it was ordered that the donation should form the nucleus of a book fund, the interest being distributed among the pupils of the Gujaráti class to assist them in the purchase of text books. The book fund was afterwards transferred with the Gujaráti class to the Medical School at Ahmedabad.

108. Mangaldás Nathubhái Scholarship Fund.

In 1869, the Honourable Mr. Mangaldás Nathubhái offered the Grant College Rs. 3,000 in 4 per cent. paper for the purpose of establishing a scholarship of Rs. 10 per mensem. The scholarship was for the encouragement of the

Gujaráti class in Medicine. The scholarship was accepted by Government Resolution, Educational Department, No. 425 of the 17th August 1869; and the scholarship was afterwards transferred with the Gujaráti class, to the Medical School at Ahmedabad.

109. Hirjibhoy Narsingji Prize Fund.

In 1875, Mr. Cooverji Cowasji Ghándy offered the Grant College Rs. 1,000 in 4 per cent. paper for the foundation of an annual prize of books for the most "distinguished and best conducted pupils" of the Vernacular Medical Class in the name of the late Hirjibhoy Narsingji, Esq. It was arranged that the prize should consist of two standard works, one in Medicine and one in Surgery, for the best vernacular pupil of his year. The endowment was accepted by Government Resolution, Educational Department, No. 927 of the 26th August 1875. The endowment was afterwards transferred to the Ahmedabad Medical School.

110. The I'dar Prize Fund.

His Highness the Mahárája Sir Keshrisingji of I'dar, K.C.S.I., on the occasion of his visit to Ahmedabad in December 1887, gave a sum of Rs. 500 for the establishment of prizes in the Government High School. This sum was invested in Government promissory notes and the annual interest, Rs. 20, is to be distributed as follows :—

Rs. 12 to the best student of the High School for the year.

Rs. 8 to the best student of the drawing class who is studying for the 2nd Grade Art Examination. (In case it is necessary, this amount may be given in two prizes of Rs. 4 each to deserving boys studying the 1st Grade Art.)

The prizes to be called "The Mahárája Sir Keshrisingji of I'dar's Prizes".

111. Lálkáka Prize Fund.

A student of the Ahmedabad High School Gymnasium, Kuverji J. Lálkáka, having been killed by the fall of his house in the floods of 1875, his relations, friends and others raised by subscription a sum of more than Rs. 200 to establish a prize in his memory, to be awarded every year to the most deserving student of the High School Gymnasium. The interest was allowed to accumulate till, with additional subscriptions, the sum amounted to Rs. 300. The annual interest is now utilized in awarding two prizes, one of Rs. 8 and the other of Rs. 4, every year to the first and second student of the High School Gymnasium.

112. Soábsha Dádábhái Munsiffna Prize Fund.

In 1886, Mr. Sorábsha Dádábhái Munsiffna gave Rs. 500 in Government stock notes to found a prize in the Broach High School, on the following conditions :—

(1). The investment is to be called "The Sorábsha Dádábhái Munsiffna Prize Fund".

(2). Books of the value of Rs. 20* per annum are to be given to the unmarried Pársi boy who is by the vote of the teaching staff accounted the most manly and best behaved boy in the highest standard of the school. In the event of no unmarried boy being in the highest standard, the prize shall be given in the VI Standard, and so on.

*or the net sum that is annually received as interest on the investment.

(3). In the event of arrangements being made for the higher education of girls in Broach, the prize shall be transferred from the High School and given under the same conditions to a Pársi girl in any school where such higher education is given.

113. Ardesir Kámdin Victoria Jubilee Prize Fund.

In 1886, Mr. Ardesir Sorábji Dustur Kámdinna offered Rs. 500 in Government 4½ per cent. notes for an annual prize to be awarded from the interest thereof to a student of the Broach High School. The prize is to be called "The Ardesir Kámdin Victoria Jubilee Prize", and is to be given to the student that passes the Matriculation Examination with the highest number of marks in English and Classics, and joins one of the colleges. The endowment was accepted, but Government noted that if the Government High School

or the Matriculation were abolished, the prize would be given to the best student joining a University class.

114. Ráo Bahádur Párvatishankar Manishankar Dáve Prize Fund.

In 1890, Mr. Dárásha Rastamji Dalál and other—chiefly Pársi—friends of Ráo Bahádur Párvatishankar M. Dáve, with a view to perpetuate his memory in connection with the school at the head of which he had spent more than thirty years of his life, offered to the Broach High School a sum of Rs. 800 to be invested in 4 per cent. paper. From the interest two prizes were to be founded, one of Rs. 20 and the other of Rs. 12. These prizes were to be called "The Ráo Bahádur Párvatishankar Manishankar Dáve Prizes," the one of Rs. 20 being awarded annually to the student of the school who passed the University School Final Examination with the highest number of marks, and the other of Rs. 12 to the student who passed the preliminary examination of the Matriculation class with the highest number of marks in English. The endowment was accepted by Government Resolution, Educational Department, No. 1909 of the 8th September 1890, on the understanding that Government reserved the right to award the prizes at discretion if the examinations in question were abolished, &c.

115. Dahi Lakshmi Scholarship Fund.

In 1886, Mr. Haridas Viháridás, Diván of Junágad in Káthiáwár gave Rs. 1,200 to found a scholarship at the Nadiád Girls' School in memory of Dahi Lakshmi, the late wife of Mr. Mansukhrám Suryaram Tripathi of Nadiád. The scholarship is to be called "The Dahi Lakshmi Scholarship", and to be of the value of Rs. 4 per mensem. The scholarship is to be given to the best girl in Standard V or VI of the Nadiád Girls' School. In the case of its being given to a girl in Standard VI it is tenable for one year, and in the case of its being given to a girl in Standard V it is tenable for two years, *i. e.*, until she has passed both Standards V and VI. The scholarship is tenable on the conditions of good behaviour, fair progress in study, and regular attendance.

116. Fardunji Sorábji Párakh School of Art and Industry Fund.

In 1863, Mr. Cursetji Fardunji offered Rs. 50,000 for the foundation of a school at Surat, to be called "The Fardunji Sorábji Párakh School of Art and Industry." The offer was accepted, and Government sanctioned an annual grant-in-aid of Rs. 2,000, payable half-yearly on the certificate of the Educational Inspector that the school is well conducted, and that at least Rs. 1,200 has been expended during the half-year on behalf of the school out of the income of the endowment and other school funds. The school at Surat was opened by a local committee and was maintained up to the year 1868, when it was closed as a failure, and Mr. Cursetji Fardunji consented to the temporary transfer of the interest of the fund to the Jamsetji Jijibhoy School of Art in Bombay. In 1878, the Surat school was re-opened as a municipal school.

117. Chotálál Párvatishankar Prize Fund.

In 1889, Ráo Bahádur Párvatishankar Manishankar Dáve, formerly Headmaster of the Broach High School, gave Rs. 500 to found a prize in memory of his deceased son Chotálál. The prize is to be called "The Chotálál Párvatishankar Prize", and to be awarded to a Vadnagara Nágar Bráhman candidate who passes the Matriculation Examination from the Surat or the Broach High School with the highest number of marks and joins any of the colleges affiliated to the Bombay University. Should there be no such candidate any year, the prize may be awarded to the "Vadnagara Nágar Bráhman" from the Surat or the Broach High School who passes the University School Final Examination with the highest number of marks. And in the absence of such a candidate, the interest may be allowed to accumulate, and the accumulated interest may be used in awarding a prize when an eligible candidate is found on the above conditions.

118. Jalálpur School Fund.

In 1860, a sum of Rs. 2,793-8 was collected from the inhabitants of the Jalálpur Táluka, the interest of the sum being intended to pay the moiety of the expenses of the Vernacular School at Jalálpur. The subscription was accepted, and Government ordered

that the school should henceforth be a free school. The interest now goes to the District Educational Cess Fund as a contribution towards the expenses of the school.

119. Dinsháw Máneckji Petit Fund.

In 1862, Mr. Dinsháw Máneckji Petit gave Rs. 2,500 for the establishment of a vernacular school at Kursad in the Olpád Táluka of the Surat Zilla. In accepting the endowment, Government ordered that the school should be called after the donor. The school is now under the District Board, and the interest is credited to the District Fund for expenditure upon the school.

120. Tulsidás Varajdás Scholarship Fund.

In 1883, Mr. Tápidás Varajdás of Bombay gave Rs. 1,200 in 4 per cent. Government notes to found a scholarship in the Surat High School, to be called "The Tulsidás Varajdás Scholarship", and to be awarded yearly under the following conditions:—

i. That a scholarship of the monthly value of Rs. 4 be maintained in the Surat High School out of an endowment of Rs. 1,200 in the four per cent. Government promissory notes.

ii. That it be awarded to a pupil of the Surat High School every year after an examination of candidates held by the Educational Inspector of the Division and the Headmaster of the Surat High School in the subjects of Standard VI or in any standard just below the highest that may be substituted in its place by the Department of Public Instruction.

iii. That it be given to the candidate obtaining the highest number of marks in the total and passing the examination in all subjects with Sanskrit as the second language, preference being given to boys in poor circumstances.

iv. That the scholarship awarded in the last year of the school course, as stated in Rule No. ii, be tenable for one year, subject to the conditions of good behaviour, regular attendance, and fair progress of the holder at the Surat High School.

v. That if the Scholarship-holder ceases to hold it before the end of the year, it may be given to another boy eligible for it.

vi. That in case the candidate who is found qualified for the scholarship is aided from the Surat "Niráshrita Fund," the scholarship is to be awarded to the pupil next entitled to it.

vii. That the scholarship be awarded with the approval of the Director of Public Instruction.

viii. That the award be communicated each and every time to Mr. Tápidás Varajdás or to the survivor or survivors of his family, whose names may from time to time be intimated.

121. Hope Scholarship Fund.

In 1879, a subscription was raised to commemorate the services of Sir T. C. Hope as Collector of Surat. After providing for the cost of a bust of Sir T. C. Hope, which was placed in the Municipal Hall of Surat, the subscription list showed a balance of Rs. 1,600. From this balance Rs. 500 were given for the construction of a class-room in the Gopipura Ráichand Dipchand Girls' School, and the remaining Rs. 1,100 were invested in a scholarship to be given in honour of Lady Hope; the proceeds to be annually distributed to the Pársi and Hindu girls' schools in alternate years.

122. Lalubhái Keshavlál Scholarship Fund.

In 1885, Mr. Máneklál Keshavlál gave Rs. 1,200 for the foundation of a scholarship of the monthly value of Rs. 4 in the Surat High School, in memory of his deceased brother Lalubhái Keshavlál. The rules for the award are as under:—

i. That a scholarship of the monthly value of Rs. 4 be maintained in the Surat High School out of an endowment of Rs. 1,200 in 4 per cent. Government promissory notes.

ii. That it be awarded to a pupil of the Surat High School every year after an examination of the candidates held by the Educational In-

spector of the Division and the Head Master of the Surat High School in the subjects of Standard VI or any standard just below the highest that may be substituted in its place by the Department of Public Instruction.

iii. That it be given to the candidate obtaining the highest number of marks in the total and passing the examination in all subjects either with Sanskrit or Persian as the second language, preference being given to a boy in poor circumstances, provided he is not elected to any other scholarship tenable for one year, but if he is, it may be given to the one who comes next in the examination list.

iv. That the scholarship awarded in the last year of the school course, as stated in Rule No. ii, be tenable for one year, subject to the conditions of good behaviour, regular attendance, and fair progress of the holder at the Surat High School.

v. If the scholarship-holder ceases to hold it before the end of the year, it may be given to another boy eligible for it.

vi. That the scholarship be awarded with the approval of the Director of Public Instruction.

vii. That the award be communicated each and every time to Mr. Máneklál or to his representatives, whose names may from time to time be intimated.

123. Atmárám Bhukanwála Prize Fund.

In 1887, Shet Gulábdás Parsotamdás Atmárám Bhukanwála offered Rs. 600 in Government 4 per cent. notes for the foundation of a prize in the Surat High School, as a humble token of loyalty to the Throne and on the auspicious occasion of the Jubilee of Her Most Gracious Majesty the Empress of India. The conditions of the prize were as under :—

(1) That an annual prize of the value of Rs. 24 be maintained in the Surat High School.

(2) That the prize be awarded every year to the boy who passes highest in Standard VI in the annual examination of the Surat High School either by the Inspector, or if not, by the Head Master.

(3) That it be given to the candidate obtaining the highest number of marks in the total and passing the examination in all subjects with Sanskrit or Persian as his second language provided that he is not elected to any scholarship awarded for the same examination. If he is so elected the prize should be given to the next candidate on the list who fulfils the conditions required.

(4) That in the case of two boys being equal, the prize be given to the poorer candidate ; otherwise the best boy must get it.

(5) That the prize should consist of books or a watch or some other useful article, and in the case of a poor boy the prize may be given in cash, to help him with his school fees, &c. This may be settled by the Head Master in consultation with the donor.

(6) That the prize be awarded with the approval of the Director of Public Instruction.

(7) That the award be communicated every year to the donor or to the eldest member of his family whose name will be intimated.

The endowment was accepted, but Government added the condition that in case the school was closed or transferred, the prize would be continued to some other school in Surat or, in the latter case, to the transferred school.

124. The Nárandás Purshotamdás Poor Encouragement Fund.

In 1890, Mr. Nárandás Purshotamdás offered Rs. 2,500 as an endowment for the assistance of poor and deserving students of the Surat High School. Mr. Nárandás gave an additional sum of Rs. 500 in 1895. The conditions of the endowment are :—

I.—That the scholarships be called after the name of the donor.

II.—That they be awarded for a term according to the results of the terminal and the annual examination, and that they be tenable on the usual conditions of regular attendance, fair progress, and good behaviour at the Surat High School.

III.—That a candidate to be eligible for a scholarship should pass the examination fully. That if poor students competing for the scholarships fail to satisfy this condition, they be given to the best from among other students fully passing the examination and that the award be made with the sanction of the Director of Public Instruction.

IV.—That the scholarships be given to those who are not in receipt of any help from the Surat Nirashrit (Charity) Fund or from any other source.

V.—That the award be communicated to the donor each and every time or to his heir whose name will be intimated.

VI.—That if there be a material change in the situation at Surat or in the event of Government severing its connection from the school or abolishing it, the scholarships be maintained under Government supervision and that the object of establishing them for the benefit of the poor students of Surat be fully kept in view.

The endowment was accepted by Government Resolution, Educational Department, No. 368, dated the 20th February 1891 and Government Resolution, Educational Department, No. 1582 of the 15th of August 1895.

125. Coghlan Memorial Fund.

In 1884, Rs. 1,200 or thereabouts were subscribed at Thána, with the view of establishing a scholarship in hōnour of Mr. Coghlan of the Bombay Civil Service and formerly Judge at Thána. The subscribers resolved that, the interest of the money be devoted to a scholarship, payable monthly, to be given to the boy who passes the VI Standard Examination with the highest number of marks and continues his Matriculation studies in the Thána High School.

126. Vináyak Náráyan Bhágvat Scholarship Fund.

In 1882, Mr. Vináyak Náráyan Bhágvat gave four per cent. Government notes for Rs. 1,500 for the foundation of a scholarship or exhibition. The exhibition was primarily to be open to any Rájput Girásia of Cutch studying in any of the schools at Bhuj under the control or inspection of the State, and whose parents were habitually residents of any place in Cutch except Bhuj.

127. Kalpan School Fund.

This fund was founded by the late Khoja Kalpan Dáma. The interest is devoted to the maintenance of the Anglo-Vernacular School establishment at Mándvi in Kutch.

128. Mahomedan School Fund.

This fund was raised by the Kutchi Mahomedan community by subscription. The interest is devoted to the maintenance of an Urdu-Gujaráti School establishment at Bhuj.

129. Káthiáwár Educational Fund.

130. Junágad and Jaitpur Scholarship Fund.

In 1867, His Highness the Nawáb of Junágad and the Kathi Chiefs of Jaitpur gave Rs. 10,000 to provide for two scholarships of Rs. 10 each, and four of Rs. 5 each, tenable in the Rájkot High School. The rules for the award of the scholarships will be found under No. 132.

131. Ráwat Wála Scholarship Fund.

In 1868, this fund was created by Bái Kumári Bái of Bilkha in memory of her husband whose name was Ráwat Wála. The fund was created in order to found a scholarship in the Rájkot High School. The only condition proposed by the donor was that the scholarship should be awarded in the first place to a boy from Bilkha desirous of prosecuting his studies in the high school, and that in the absence of any such boy, the scholarship was to be conferred upon a

resident of the southern division of the Province of Káthiáwár. It was arranged that Anglo-Vernacular Standard III should be the test for the scholarship in the case of a boy from Bilkha, and Anglo-Vernacular Standard IV in the case of boys from the rest of Sorath. The scholarship was to be held one year under the usual conditions of good conduct and regular attendance; and poverty was to be taken into account as far as possible.

132. Hebbert and La-Touche Scholarship Fund.

In 1869, their Highnesses the Nawáb of Junágad and the Jám of Navánagar gave 5 per cent. Government notes of the value of Rs. 10,000 to provide for scholarships in memory of Captains Hebbert and LaTouche, who in 1867 were killed in a fight with a band of outlaw Wághirs. The conditions of the endowment were as under :—

i. That a scholarship of Rs. 20 per mensem, called "The Hebbert and LaTouche Scholarship," be established in the University of Bombay, to be awarded to such *boná-fide* natives of Sorath as may be desirous of prosecuting their studies in any one of the affiliated colleges of the University after passing the Matriculation Examination.

ii. That the above scholarship is to be tenable for two years and to be awarded at the expiration of every two years or whenever vacant.

iii. Should there be more than one candidate of the above description, the scholarship to be awarded to one who may appear to have obtained the highest number of marks in the Matriculation Examination.

iv. Other detailed arrangements as to the award of the scholarship to be left to the University authorities so as to carry out the twofold object of the donors—(*a*) to perpetuate the memory of the deceased officers and (*b*) to encourage higher education among the natives of Sorath.

v. That two scholarships, each of Rs. (10) ten per mensem, called "Hebbert and LaTouche Scholarships", be established in connection with the Káthiáwár High School, Rájkot.

vi. That these scholarships be annually awarded to *boná-fide* natives of Hálár after an examination to be held at the Káthiáwár High School for the purpose.

vii. That these scholarships be tenable for one year, subject to conditions of good conduct and regular attendance at the Káthiáwár High School.

viii. That the details of these scholarships may be arranged by the Political Agent in consultation with the Educational Department.

The sum of Rs. 5,000 was handed over to the University, and Government Resolution, Political Department, No. 3311 of the 14th of October 1869, added the following conditions as to the school scholarships :—

(*a*). That to the conditions of good conduct and regular attendance should be added that the scholarship should only be given to those who are known to need pecuniary aid.

(*b*). That the scholarships should be held in the last year of the high school course and that the competitive examination for them should be according to the V Anglo-Vernacular Standard.

(*c*). That one scholarship should be assigned for the highest proficiency in English, and the other for the highest proficiency in Sanskrit, provided that the most successful candidates in these subjects show creditable proficiency also under the other heads of the standard.

(*d*). That the examination be held in December at the commencement of each school year, by the Educational Inspector, Northern Division, or an examiner or examiners appointed by him.

In 1870, revised rules for, "The Hebbert and LaTouche" and "The Junágad and Jaitpur" scholarships were issued as under :—

(1). Four senior scholarships of Rs. 10 each, tenable for one year, will be awarded yearly after the examination of the high school. Two of these scholarships were founded by the Junágad and Navánagar Darbárs and are called "The Hebbert and LaTouche Scholarships"; and two were founded by the Junágad and Jaitpur Darbárs and are called "The Junágad and Jaitpur Scholarships". The two former will be awarded by preference to inhabitants of Hálár, and the two latter to inhabitants of Sorath and Jaitpur villages in Káthiáwár.

(2). The senior scholarships will be awarded in December after the yearly examination of the high school, held either by the Educational Inspector, Northern Division, or by a committee appointed by the Inspector, or by the Political Agent at the Inspector's request.

(3) The senior scholarships will be awarded according to the results of the Examination held according to the V Anglo-Vernacular Standard, which shall therefore be made with special care. The Hebbert and La-Touche Scholarships, shall be assigned, one for the highest proficiency in English and one for the highest proficiency in Sanskrit; and the Junágad and Jaitpur Scholarships shall be assigned, one for the highest proficiency in Mathematics and the other for the highest proficiency in History, Geography and Elementary knowledge of the Mechanical Powers, Chemistry and the Solar System. Besides special proficiency in one subject, the successful candidates shall be required to show creditable proficiency also under the other heads of the standard.

*See* Matriculation subject.

(4). All the boys examined under the V Standard shall be considered candidates for the senior scholarships. But if there shall be a candidate from Hálár who shall in the opinion of the examiners show sufficient proficiency in English or Sanskrit, or a native of the other districts who shall show sufficient proficiency in either of the other two subjects to deserve a scholarship, and shall also pass creditably under the other heads of the standard, the scholarship reserved for the subject in which he shows proficiency shall be awarded to him. Otherwise the scholarships shall be awarded to the four candidates who show the highest proficiency of all the boys examined under Standard V in the four subjects respectively and also pass creditably in the other subjects of the standard.

(5). If the scholar who shows the highest proficiency has no need of pecuniary assistance the scholarships shall be awarded to him, but the money shall be paid to the scholar nearest to him in proficiency who is in need of pecuniary assistance, provided that he shall in the opinion of the examiners have shown sufficient proficiency to deserve the benefit. The payment of the scholarships shall be conditional on good conduct and regular attendance.

(6). Four junior scholarships of Rs. 5 each, founded by the Junágad and Jaitpur Darbárs, tenable for one year, shall be awarded yearly according to the results of the examination held under the IV Anglo-Vernacular Standard and for special proficiency in English, Sanskrit, Mathematics and History and Geography respectively. In other respects the junior scholarships will be regulated by the conditions laid down for the senior scholarships.

133. Anderson Scholarship Fund.

In 1869, Colonel W. W. Anderson, Political Agent in Káthiáwár, established a scholarship of Rs. 50 per annum in connexion with the Rájkot High School. The conditions of the endowment were as under:—

(1). That the scholarship be called after the name of the donor.

(2). That it be held in the last year of the school course.

(3). That it be conferred for proficiency in Sanskrit.

(4). That it be given to a qualified young man on condition of his proceeding to Bombay for the University Matriculation Examination.

(5). That the amount of the stipend be paid at the time that the holder thereof leaves Rájkot for Bombay for the examination above alluded to.

134. Rájkumár College Endowment Fund.

135. Gondal Prize Fund.

136. Ráo Bahádur Keshavrao Bháskerji Victoria Jubilee Prize Fund.

In 1887, Ráo Bahádur Keshavrao Bhaskerji gave Rs. 500 for the establishment of annual prizes in the Tálukdári Girássia School and the Victoria Jubilee Girls' School at the Wadhwán Civil Station.

137. Sir James Fergusson Medal Fund.

138. Barton Scholarship Fund.

In 1884, His Highness the Ráo of Kutch founded a scholarship as a lasting memorial of Colonel Barton's connexion with the Province of Kutch. Rs. 5,000 were set apart for the scholarship, and the rules for the award are as under :—

(1). The Kutch Barton Scholarship will be available to Kutchi females willing to attend the Ahmedabad or Rájkot Training College for mistresses.

(2). The candidates for this scholarship should be from twelve to twenty years of age.

(3). The candidates should have learnt the Gujaráti V or VI Standard.

(4). The female holding "The Kutch Barton Scholarship" shall have to serve the Kutch State at any convenient place in Kutch.

(5). The scholarship shall cease in the event of the scholar failing to obtain, every six months, from the Principal of the College, a satisfactory certificate of her progress, attendance and behaviour.

(6). When a holder of this scholarship has completed her course of study at Ahmedabad or Rájkot, another will be given this stipend on the same conditions.

(7). The scholarship will be tenable for three years, or until the scholar has passed her final examination.

139. Desai Nanji Gokalji Scholarship Fund.

In 1887, Shet Devakráo Nanji gave Government securities of the value of Rs. 300 for the foundation of a scholarship in the Anglo-Vernacular School at Porbandar. The conditions of the endowment were as under :—

(1). The scholarship to be styled "The Desái Nanji Gokalji (the father of the donor) Scholarship."

(2). Re. 1, the monthly amount of interest, should be given as a scholarship to one who keeps the highest rank from amongst the poor Bania boys in Standard III class.

(3). The boy should be of good conduct in the opinion of the Headmaster and should be present at least for $\frac{3}{4}$ths of the total number of working days in the school.

(4). In case no boy is found eligible for the scholarship, the amount of interest to be carried to the savings which may be utilized when more than one fit candidates are available, but in no case should any boy be paid more than Re. 1 at a time.

140. Vináyak Bhágvat Book Fund.

141. Barton Training School Fund.

142. MacLelland Scholarship Fund.

143. Wadhwán Tálukdári School Fund.

144. Premábái Scholarship Fund.

In 1885, Shet Thákarsi Mulji gave a promissory note of Rs. 500 to found a scholarship in the Khambhália Girls' School, to be called "The Premábái Scholarship," in memory of his daughter-in-law, and to be held by the best girl of the school. Mr. Mulji stated that the condition of the scholarship-holder should be considered, though he did not absolutely preclude the holding of the scholarship by the daughter of a man in good circumstances.

145. Mrs. Lely Prize Fund.

In 1887, certain merchants of Porbandar, represented by Shets Kánji Liládhar and Mádanji Sundarji, gave a Government promissory note of the value of Rs. 500, the interest of which is to be devoted every year to prizes in the Porbandar Girls' School.

146. Khán Bahádur Dhanjisháh Hormasji Victoria Jubilee Scholarship Fund.

In 1887, Khán Bahádur Dhanjisháh Hormasji offered Rs. 4,000 in Government promissory notes, the interest to be applied to the following purposes:—

1. A monthly scholarship of Rs. 10, to be called "The Khán Bahádur Dhanjisháh Hormasji Victoria Jubilee Scholarship," to be awarded in the projected college of technical education at Bombay, tenable by a student being a native of the Rájkot station, or in the absence of such, by a native of Káthiáwár.

2. Annual prizes, to be called "The Khán Bahádur Dhanjisháh Hormasji Victoria Jubilee Prizes," to be awarded as under:—

(*a*) One of Rs. 20 to the best qualified student of the Rájkot station in the Rájkot High School.

(*b*) One of Rs. 10 to the best qualified student in the Boys' Vernacular School in Rájkot station.

(*c*) One of Rs. 10 to the best qualified student in the Girls' School in Rájkot station.

Out of the endowment Rs. 3,000 belong to the Victoria Jubilee Technical Institute and Rs. 1,000 to the Rájkot schools.

147. MacDougall Memorial Fund.

In 1885, the Secretaries to the Dr. and Mrs. MacDougall Memorial Fund placed Rs. 500 in trust for the benefit of the girls' school in Rájkot station. The interest of the fund is to be expended in accordance with the following Resolution:—"Resolved that a single prize of the value of the annual interest in the shape of books or cloth or other article or articles suited to girls (but never in the form of cash) be awarded to the girl of the station girls' school getting the highest marks in the Deputy Inspector's annual examination." In 1886, an additional sum of Rs. 75 was invested, the interest to be spent in accordance with the following Resolution:—"That stock notes of Rs. 75 be purchased and be handed over by the Secretaries to the proper authorities for the creation of a new prize in the station girls' school, the conditions of award of the new prize being the very same as those of the previous prizes."

148. Jubilee Prize Fund.

In 1887, the Committee for the celebration of Her Majesty the Queen Empress' Jubilee in the Rájkot Civil Station resolved to establish two permanent Jubilee prizes of Rs. 10

each annually, of which one was to be given to the station girls' school and the other to the Practising School of the Barton Female Training College; to be awarded to the best attendant of each school in each year. For this purpose stock notes of the value of Rs. 250 were invested for each of the two institutions.

149. Miss Manning's Prizes.

In 1890, Mrs. Wádya, the wife of H. A. Wádya, Esqr., Barrister-at-Law, offered Rs. 300 for establishing prizes to be given in commemoration of a visit Miss Manning paid the station school for girls at Rájkot. The endowment was accepted by Government Resolution, Educational Department, No. 1208, dated the 17th June 1891.

150. Lang Scholarship Fund.

A sum of Rs. 5,563 was subscribed by the Chiefs of Káthiáwár to commemorate the name of Colonel Lang, Political Agent, Káthiáwár. The interest of this endowment was at first applied for the maintenance of a girls' school which was founded at Rájkot by Colonel Lang in 1885. In 1891, the State of Rájkot agreed to bear the cost of maintaining this school, and Government Resolution, Political Department, No. 2617 of the 24th of April 1891, ordered the interest to be applied to the creation of a Lang scholarship or scholarships in the Barton Training College for mistresses, so that the whole province might benefit by the endowment.

151. Pálanpur Educational Fund.

This fund was formed in 1871 by subscriptions from Native Chiefs and Tálukdárs of the Superintendency for meeting the educational needs of the people of that province. It is kept up by annual contributions received from the Chiefs and Tálukdárs, to meet the current expenditure, which consists chiefly of charges on account of pay, &c., of the Deputy Educational Inspector and his establishment. The amount of Rs. 1,000 put aside and invested in the name of the fund represents the endowment made by a Bania gentlemen of Pálanpur for founding a scholarship termed "The Háthibái Scholarship," payable to a Pálanpur boy studying in any of the Government high schools.

152. Talackchand Mánchand Scholarship Fund.

In 1886, Mr. Nathubhái Talackchand offered Rs. 600 in 4½ per cent. paper for the purpose of founding a scholarship at Pálanpur to perpetuate the name of his father Talackchand Mánchand. In a subsequent letter the donor agreed to the following rules :—

(1). That the scholarship shall be held in the Anglo-Vernacular School at Pálanpur in the first instance and, in default of any suitable candidate in that school, in a vernacular school of the same town.

(2). That the monthly value of the scholarship shall be Rs. 2; and that the scholarship shall be given to one of the more backward castes of Hindus, *i. e.*, not to a Bráhman or Wánia boy, but to a boy of any other Hindu caste.

(3). That a prize of Rs. 3 in books shall annually be given to another boy of the same school, who shall be of any Hindu caste other than Bráhman or Wánia, and who shall show suitable proficiency in Mathematics.

Mr. Nathubhái also added a condition that poverty should be regarded as one of the necessary qualifications to entitle a boy to the scholarship; and expressed a wish that when the scholarship had once been awarded, it should continue to be held by the same boy during his career in the school, so long as his conduct and progress were satisfactory. Subject to these conditions, Mr. Nathubhái left it to the Government Inspector to make any arrangements he might think the fittest so that the scholarship might be as useful as possible.

153. The Rewa Kántha Educational Fund.

The fund consists of amounts paid annually by the Chiefs on account of portions of the salaries and allowances of the Deputy Educational Inspector and his Assistant and their establishments.

154. Abu Lawrence School Fund.

155. Dáji Sáheb Kibe Scholarship Fund.

In 1862, Ganpatráo Vithal *alias* Dáji Sáheb Kibe visited the Ratnágiri Girls' School and founded a scholarship with a view to induce the most advanced girls to continue longer at school.

156. Ellis Prize Fund.

In 1869, the Hon'ble Mr. Ellis, of the Bombay Civil Service, gave Rs. 500 for the establishment of a prize of books, of the value of Rs. 25, to be awarded annually by the Educational Inspector to the best scholar in the Ratnágiri High School in testimony of the feeling with which he still regarded the district where he passed the first five years of his service.

157. Ratnágiri Jubilee Fund.

In 1887, the Jubilee Committee at Ratnágiri handed over a sum of Rs. 162-8, being the unspent balance of the Jubilee subscriptions. The interest of the fund is to be at the disposal of the President of the Municipality and is to be given annually in prizes which are open to all girls' schools within the municipal limits of Ratnágiri. For the present, the rules for the award of prizes are as under :—

(1). A first prize of Rs. 4 is to be given to the girl who passes in all the subjects of Standard IV for girls with the highest number of marks.

(2). A second prize of Rs. 2-8 is to be given to the girl who passes in all the subjects of Standard III for girls with the highest number of marks.

158. Vináyák Náráyan Bhágwat Book Fund.

In 1881, Mr. Vináyak Náráyan Bhágwat, Sir Nyáyádhish, Bhúj, gave a Government Note of Rs. 1,000 as a donation to the vernacular schools of the town of Ratnágiri, and begged that the interest might be applied towards defraying the expenses of poor scholars in purchasing books, slates, &c. Mr. Vináyak made this donation in gratitute for the education he received in the Ratnágiri schools. Mr. Vináyak also gave Rs. 500, and begged that the interest might be spent similarly on the vernacular schools of Chiplún, his native place.

159. Luxmon Vithal Sáthé Scholarship Fund.

In 1834, Mr. Luxmon Vithal Sáthé, Nyáyádhish at Jaitpur in Káthiáwár, gave a Government 4½ per cent. Note for Rs. 1,000 under the following conditions :—

(1). A scholarship, of the monthly value of Rs. 3½, shall be awarded to a pupil found qualified to study in any standard of the Ratnágiri High School or any other high school under the control or inspection of the Educational Department, provided the parents of the scholarship-holder are residents of the Chiplún Táluka and of founder's kin and bear his surname of Sáthé, and provided the selected pupil be of good character.

(2). The scholarship shall be held until Matriculation or passing the first class Public Service Certificate Examination, provided the holder be annually well reported on by the Government Educational Inspector.

(3). In the event of the scholarship becoming or remaining vacant for any reason, the amount so saved until the date of the next examination shall be added to the capital fund.

(4). Should the accumulations under Regulation 3 at any time be sufficient for the purpose, a second scholarship, of like amount and on like conditions as prescribed in Regulation 1, shall be awarded.

(5). But in the event of no pupil of the founder's kin and bearing his surname of Sáthé being found qualified under Regulation 1 for two successive years, the scholarship or scholarships shall be open to the competition of any boy from the Chiplún Táluka, without distinction as to family, but subject to the provisions of Regulation 1 or 2 as regards good character and being well reported on annually by the Inspector.

(6). In the event of there being more than one candidate for the scholarship under rules 1 and 5, it shall be awarded to the most advanced of the candidates.

160. Gangádhar Rámchandra Tilak Memorial Fund.

In 1887, Ráo Sáheb Bhikáji Krishna Patwardhan offered a sum of Rs. 150 which had been collected in memory of Mr. Gangádhar Rámchandra Tilak, Headmaster of a Maráthi school at Ratnágiri. The interest was to be at the disposal of the President of the Ratnágiri Municipality; and the rules for the award of the interest were as under :—

The fund may be styled "Gangádhar Rámchandra Tilak's Memorial Fund", and the following prizes may annually be awarded to the successful students of the Ratnágiri Maráthi School No. II :—

(1). The first prize of Rs. 2½ to a boy who passes in all the subjects of Standard VI for Maráthi boys' schools and obtains the highest number of marks in Maráthi.

(2). The second prize of Rs. 2 to a boy who passes in all the subjects of Standard V for Maráthi boys' schools and obtains the highest number of marks in Arithmetic.

(3). The third prize of Rs. 1½ to a boy who passes in all the subjects of Standard IV for Maráthi boys' school and obtains the highest number of marks in History and Geography.

161. Izon Prize Fund.

In 1887, Mrs. Barton, sister of the late Mr. C. B. Izon, District Judge of Ratnágiri, gave Rs. 1,000 with a view to encourage technical education in the School of Industry at Ratnágiri and to perpetuate Mr. Izon's name. The interest is for the present to be used by the President, Ratnágiri District Board, as under :—

"1. A Rs. 25 prize to the boy from the School of Industry who passes the best examination in Art.

"2. A Rs. 15 prize to the boy from the School of Industry who passes the 2nd best examination in the 1st grade examination in Art.

162. Ellis Fund.

Sir Barrow Ellis, K.C.S.I., left by his will Rs. 25,000 to the Government of Bombay, to be applied by them in such manner as they thought fit towards any object or objects of a permanent character for the benefit of the native inhabitants of the district of Ratnágiri; and by a Resolution of the Financial Department, No. 3489 of the 20th November 1888, the Governor in Council sanctioned proposals for the utilization of the interest as follows :—

| | Rs. |
|---|---|
| (1). One scholarship annually, of Rs. 10 per mensem, to be held for three years by the best Ratnágiri student in the Victoria Jubilee Technical Institute, amount per annum. ... ... ... ... | 360 |
| (2). Prizes to the most successful students of the Ratnágiri School of Industry at the annual examination ... ... ... ... | 100 |
| (3). Five scholarships annually, of Rs. 3 each per mensem, tenable for three years in the Ratnágiri School of Industry, to be reserved for boys belonging to and resident in the Ratnágiri District, but whose parents do not live in or within a radius of 4 miles of the town of Ratnágiri ... | 540 |
| Total Rs. ... | 1,000 |

The fund was transferred to the Treasurer of Charitable Endowments according to Government Resolution, Educational Department, No. 1733, dated 11th September 1896.

163. Sir Salar Jung Mahomedan School Fund.

In 1868-69, the Mahomedan community of Belgaum applied to His Highness Sir Salar Jung for a monthly allowance to be given to poor Mahomedan boys attending Government schools. His Highness declined to assign a monthly allowance but offered a grant of Rs. 1,000. In September 1870, this sum of Rs. 1,000 was invested in Government paper of 4 per cent. A meeting of certain Mahomedan gentlemen was convened by Mr. Russell in the rains of 1870, at which it was settled that the interests realized on the promissory notes purchased be spent in giving books, slates, and other necessaries to poor Mahomedan boys attending schools in Belgaum.

Government Resolution, Revenue Department, No. 1456, dated 20th February 1895, accepted the sum of Rs. 3,400 in 3½ per cent. Government of India securities to perpetuate the name of Major-General W. Peyton. The rules for the Fund are as under:—

164. Peyton Memorial Fund.

The proceeds of the investment yielding about Rs. 10 per month shall bear the name of the Peyton Forest Scholarship, which shall be tenable by one person during the whole course prescribed for foresters and rangers.

2. This Scholarship can be held only by a *bonâ fide* Native of any of the districts of North Kánara, Dhárwár or Belgaum in the Bombay Presidency, who has passed the matriculation examination of an Indian University, entitling him to enter as a forest student at the Poona College of Science or at whatever other institution that may be selected in future for the training of forest subordinates by Government.

3. The selection of the candidates will be by competitive examination. The subjects to be prescribed by Government from time to time who may appoint a committee to examine the candidates. The trustees of this fund should be the Collector of North Kánara and the Conservator of Forests, Southern Circle.

4. The Scholarship should be tenable so long as the holder of it remains at the College or other Institution at which he may have been directed by Government to prosecute the prescribed studies, and if at any time there is no suitable candidate whose native country is either Belgaum, Dhárwár or Kánara, the Scholarship should not be awarded at all, until a suitable person is available.

5. The fund was transferred to the Treasurer of Charitable Endowments according to Government Resolution, Financial Department, No. 2489 of 20th July 1896.

165. Würth Prize Fund.

In 1871, Mr. W. A. Russell, Educational Inspector, Southern Division, reported as under:—

"I have invested Rs. 1,000 in Government 4 per cent. for an annual prize of Rs. 40 to the best scholar in Kánarese in the Southern Division. He may be of the Training College, High School, Mission School or of no school at all. Only he must be over 18 and below 25, and a *bonâ fide* scholar able to explain, interpret, and compose in new and old Kánarese. The examination to be conducted by the Educational Inspector, Southern Division, with competent assistance. One essential is a thorough acquaintance with the 'Prakkavya Mala' (Würth); without this no candidate will get the prize. The Examination will include explanation, commentary, and original composition (prose and verse). The prize to be called 'The Würth Prize' and to be given by the Educational Inspector for the time being in the name of the late Mr. Würth to the best candidate. The time and requirements of the examination to be notified annually (giving a year's notice) in the Kánarese school paper and *Belgaum Samáchar*. The prize (value Rs. 40) may be cash, books, or clothes, &c., at the option of the successful candidates. No prize shall be given except for high proficiency, say at least 75 per cent. of the total marks and no gross failure anywhere.

166. Moorsavirda Scholarship Fund.

In 1869, Moorsavirda Natadaya contributed Rs. 3,000 for the establishment of two scholarships, one of Rs. 7, and the other of Rs. 5 per mensem, to be held for one year by pupils prosecuting their studies at the Dhárwár High School.

167. Yerdeten Aya Scholarship Fund.

In 1869, Yerdeten Aya contributed a sum of Rs. 1,500 for the establishment of a scholarship of Rs. 6 per mensem, to be held for one year by a pupil prosecuting his studies in the Dhárwár High School.

168. Dhárwár English School Fund.

In 1861, Government promissory notes in the 5 per cents., to the value of Rs. 3,500, were purchased from subscriptions and donations paid by the people of Dhárwár and the Southern Maratha Country for the endowment of the English School at Dhárwár. An additional sum of Rs. 1,500 was collected and invested in 1863.

169. Victoria Jubilee Prize Fund.

In 1887, the Jubilee Committee of Dhárwár decided that a sum of Rs. 500, being the unspent balance of the Jubilee subscriptions, should be invested in 4 per cent. Government securities, with a view to the interest accruing thereon being

expended annually in prizes to successful students in the girls' schools within municipal limits at Dhárwár. The interest of the fund is to be placed annually at the disposal of the President of the Dhárwár Municipality for expenditure in the manner specified.

170. Jardine Scholarship Fund.

In 1870, J. Jardine, Esq., C.S., invested Rs. 1,000 in the name of the Educational Inspector, Southern Division, for the time being. The intention of the donor was to give prizes to girls of the Dhárwár Collectorate who successfully pass under the higher vernacular standards.

171. Dhárwár Scholarship Fund.

In 1869, a sum of Rs. 6,000 was subscribed in Dhárwár for the establishment of scholarships under the following rules :—

Two Dhárwár scholarships, value Rs. 10 per mensem each and, except as specially provided in Rule 5, only tenable by a student of one of the Government Colleges in the town of Bombay. One scholarship, tenable for two years, to be given each year to a student of the Dhárwár High School who shall fulfil all the following conditions, namely :—

1*st.*—That he shall have studied in the Dhárwár High School consecutively for two years immediately before his passing the Matriculation Examination.

2*nd.*—That he shall have passed the said Matriculation Examination in the year in which the scholarship is to be competed for.

3*rd.*—That he shall agree to attend one of the Government colleges in the town of Bombay.

4*th.*—That he shall have obtained the highest aggregate number of marks in the Matriculation Examination of the year amongst those passed students of the Dhárwár High School consenting to attend any of the Government colleges at Bombay, and who are otherwise eligible for the scholarship: Provided, however, in the case of two students obtaining an equal number of marks, preference shall be given to the student who has obtained the highest number of marks in English literature.

5*th.*—It is further herein provided that in the event of no matriculated student of the year qualified by the above rules desiring to attend one of the Government colleges in Bombay, then that in Rule 3rd and Rule 4th, the word "Poona" may be substituted for "Bombay.".

6*th.*—Should the student holding this scholarship cease within the period for which the scholarship is tenable to prosecute his studies at the college, he at once forfeits his scholarship, and the balance of scholarship money will not be awarded to any other student, but will be credited to the scholarship fund.

7*th.*—The Director of Public Instruction to yearly award this scholarship in accordance with these above rules and also to arrange for the payment of the scholarship money.

172. Hubli Scholarship Fund.

In 1869, Rs. 4,000 were subscribed in Dhárwár for the purpose of establishing two scholarships under the following rules :—

Two Hubli Scholarships, value Rs. 80 per annum each. One scholarship, tenable for two years, to be given each year to a student of the Dhárwár High School who shall fulfil all the following conditions, namely :—

1*st.*—That he shall have studied in the Dhárwár High School consecutively for two years immediately before his passing the Matriculation Examination.

2*nd.*—That he shall have passed the said Matriculation Examination in the year in which the scholarship is to be competed for.

3*rd*.—That he shall agree to attend any of the Government colleges either in Poona or Bombay.

4*th*.—That he shall have obtained the highest aggregate number of marks in the Matriculation examination of the year amongst those passed Students of the Dhárwár High School consenting to attend any of the Government colleges either in Poona or Bombay and who are otherwise eligible for the scholarships: Provided, however, in the case of two students obtaining an equal number of marks, preference shall be given to the student who has obtained the highest number of marks in English literature.

5*th*.—The student who shall have secured the Dhárwár Scholarship is to be excluded from making the selection for the Hubli Scholarship.

6*th*.—Should the student holding this scholarship cease within the period for which the scholarship is tenable to prosecute his studies at the college, he at once forfeits his scholarship, and the balance of scholarship money will not be awarded to any other student, but will be credited to the scholarship fund.

7*th*.—The Director of Public Instruction to yearly award this scholarship in accordance with these above rules and also to arrange for the payment of the scholarship money.

After the opening of the Rájárám College at Kolhápur, the Collector of Dhárwár, as representing the subscribers to the fund, determined that the scholarships might be held at the Rájáram College, but that preference should be given to a student willing to attend a college at Bombay or Poona.

173. Churmure Scholarship Fund.

In 1883, the Collector of Dhárwár, the executor or administrator of Shesho Rámchandra Churmure, purchased 4 per cent. Government promissory notes for Rs. 4,000, in order to establish a scholarship according to the intentions of the testator. The rules for the award are as under:—

The Collector of Dhárwár having been appointed by the District Court of Dhárwár administrator to the estate of the late Shesho Rámchandra Churmure, a pensioned overseer in the Irrigation Department, who by his will, dated 23rd April 1883, bequeathed all his property for the foundation of a scholarship, tenable by a student of the Dhárwár High School or any other student whose mother-tongue is Kánarese, hereby gives notice, that in conformity with the apparent intentions of the testator the said scholarship will be paid by him, the Collector of Dhárwár, subject to the following rules and conditions (namely):—

1. The amount of the scholarship, which will be called "The Churmure Scholarship," will be Rs. per mensem, that being the interest on the property as now invested, *viz*.:—

| | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Interest on Rs. 4,000 of Government promissory notes of the 4 per cent. loan of 18 , per annum | Rs. | 160 | 0 | 0 |
| Interest on Rs. invested in the Government Savings Bank at per cent. per annum .... | Rs. | | | |
| Total per annum ... | Rs. | | | |

2. The said scholarship will be given by the Collector preferably to any person whose mother-tongue is Kánarese, and who having been a student of the Dhárwár High School repairs, after matriculating at any University, to some Medical College or school for the purpose of studying Medicine thereat.

3. Failing a student of the Dhárwár High School, the scholarship will be given to any person whose mother-tongue is Kánarese and who having been a student at any school in the Bombay Presidency repairs, after matriculating at any University, to some Medical College or school for the purpose of studying Medicine thereat.

4. In the event of there being no person entitled to the scholarship under either of the last two rules, it will be given to any person

whose mother-tongue is Kánarese, and who having been a student of the Dhárwár High School, repairs, after matriculating at any University, to any college for the purpose of continuing to study in any branch of learning.

5. If there be no person whose mother-tongue is Kánarese entitled under any of the last three rules to the scholarship, it will be given to any other person who fulfils the other conditions of those rules, respectively, a person who falls under Rule 2 being preferred to one who falls under Rule 3 or Rule 4, and one who falls under Rule 3 to one who falls under Rule 4.

6. If at any time there be two or more persons equally entitled to the scholarship under any of the foregoing rules, it will be given to the one who has obtained the highest marks in the Matriculation examination, or if they have obtained an equal number of marks in that examination, to the one whose circumstances shall, in the opinion of the Collector, most entitle him thereto.

7. The above scholarship will be tenable for as long as the student remains at the college or school in respect of his studying at which it is granted, provided that the holder thereof studies and otherwise conducts himself to the satisfaction of the Principal of such college or school.

8. When one person ceases or is about to cease to hold the scholarship, public notice will be given by the Collector by advertisement in the *Bombay Government Gazette* and in such other manner as he deems fit, inviting applications from persons claiming to be entitled to it. Applications must be in writing and must be delivered to the Collector within six weeks from the date of the notice, and must set forth the circumstances under which the claim is made. Applications not received within the above period will not be regarded. The decision of the Collector of Dhárwár as to the person entitled to hold the scholarship will be final. The name of the elected student will be published by the Collector in the *Bombay Government Gazette* and in such other manner as he thinks fit.

9. The Collector will, if he thinks fit, award to the elected student any arrears of the scholarship accrued since the last payment to the last holder thereof, provided that not more than three months' arrears will be so granted in any case.

10. The interest of the testator's property, if any, which remains from time to time unexpended under the foregoing rules will be utilized by the Collector for defraying the charges of advertising public notices under Rule 8 and any other charges which he may incur in connection with the scholarship.

11. The Collector reserves to himself the right of revising and altering these rules if at any time it shall appear to him to be necessary so to do.

**174. Lingáyat Educational Fund.**

In 1884, the Collector of Dhárwár reported that a movement had been started amongst the Lingáyats in that district to raise a fund, to be called "The Lingáyat Educational Fund", for the promotion of education in that caste. The rules finally approved are as under:—

1. A committee shall be appointed, consisting of 18 members, namely, 4 inhabitants of Dhárwár Táluka, 2 of Hubli Táluka, 2 of Gadag Táluka 1 from each of the other tálukas in Dhárwár District and 2 from Belgaum District. They must be Lingáyats by caste and they shall be selected on account of their education, influence and good character. They shall be nominated by the Officiating Collector of Dhárwár for the time being and shall hold office for five years. If a vacancy occurs, the Collector shall nominate another member to hold office for the remaining

portion of the term of five years. In addition to the 18 members, with the consent of Government, the Officiating Collector of Dhárwár shall be President of the committee.

2. A meeting of the general committee shall be held once a year between 1st June to 30th September. The President shall also call special meetings whenever he thinks fit, and shall be bound to call a meeting within one month whenever two or more members require him in writing to do so.

3. The general committee shall, at the general meeting held in the monsoon, elect six of their members who, together with the Collector, shall be a managing committee and shall hold office for one year or until another managing committee is appointed. With the consent of Government, the Collector shall be President of the managing committee.

4. When the Collector is absent from any meeting of the general or managing committee, the members present shall choose one of themselves as President for the occasion.

5. At all meetings of the general committee and the managing committee, questions shall be decided by a majority of votes of the members present. The Collector shall have no vote, except a casting vote when there is an equality of votes. In the absence of the Collector the member who is President for the occasion shall have an ordinary vote and also in cases of equality a casting vote.

6. The proceedings of the committee shall be entered in books to be kept for the purpose. All correspondence about the affairs of the fund shall be carried on by the Collector on behalf of the committee. The books, accounts, records and seal of the fund shall be kept by him and shall be open to inspection at any reasonable time by the public.

7. A statement of the administration of the fund shall be published annually soon after the end of March in the *Government Gazette* and in one or more newspapers in Dhárwár and Belgaum.

8. Rules for the award of scholarships :—

The object of the fund is to promote higher education among the Lingáyats. Candidates for the scholarships must be Lingáyats, but there is no restriction as to their place of birth or residence.

9. Two scholarships worth Rs. 10 each per month, and tenable for 4 years shall be awarded to candidates who wish to prosecute their studies in Sanskrit or in the Lingáyat religion. The scholarships shall be forfeited if it appear to the committee that the candidates have neglected their studies.

10. Two scholarships shall be given to candidates who wish to attend a Science or Medical College in the Bombay Presidency.

11. The funds available after providing for the scholarships (if any) awarded under the previous rules shall be awarded as scholarships to candidates who wish to attend an Arts or Technical Institution, High School, or College, or Law Class in the Bombay Presidency. All the scholarships granted to Lingáyat students attending the Victoria Jubilee Technical Institution, Bombay, from the Lingáyat Education Fund shall be called "Reay scholarships".

12. No candidate shall be eligible for a scholarship under the last two rules unless he passed the Matriculation examination in Kánarese as a vernacular language.

13. Each candidate to whom a scholarship is awarded under Rule 10 or 11 must satisfy the President, within four weeks from the date of award, that he has duly joined a recognized college or institution.

14. If a candidate declines or fails to proceed to a college, the scholarship shall be conferred on the candidate who stands next in rank.

15. A scholarship under Rules 10 and 11 shall be tenable for the necessary period during which a candidate is obliged to remain at college to obtain one or more of the following degrees :—

Bachelor of Arts.

Do. Laws.

Do. Science.

Licentiate of Medicine.

Licentiate of Civil Engineering.

16. Each scholarship shall be paid monthly on a bill drawn by the holder and countersigned by the Principal of the college, who shall certify on such bill that the scholar is in regular attendance (except in case of sickness) at the college, that his conduct is good, and that his progress in his studies is satisfactory. Should any scholar discontinue his University studies or be unfavourably reported of by the head or Principal of the college, the managing committee may declare his scholarship to be forfeited.

17. In the event of a scholar failing to pass in due time the University examination in the course in which he is studying, his scholarship may be forfeited, provided always that it shall be in the option of the managing committee to continue the scholarship for a further period if it thinks fit. If the holder of a scholarship ceases to be a college student, he loses his scholarship, and if he applies for it again, it shall be at the option of the managing committee to award it to him again or not.

18. The scholarships shall be awarded by the managing committee. In awarding them under Rule 10 the committee shall take into consideration any special aptitude shown by the candidates for the studies which they wish to prosecute and also their pecuniary circumstances. In awarding scholarships under Rule 11 preference shall be given to candidates who passed in a classical language as one of the subjects at the Matriculation examination. If there are no candidates who did so, the scholarships shall be awarded to candidates who matriculated without passing in a classical language.

19. No scholar shall receive more than Rs. 30 per mensem in the aggregate. If any scholar obtains a University or a College Scholarship in addition to the Lingáyat Education Fund Scholarship, and the total amount exceeds Rs. 30 a month, the excess shall be deducted from the Lingáyat Education Fund Scholarship.

20. Other qualifications being equal, preference shall be given in awarding scholarships under Rules 10 and 11 to the candidates who obtained the highest number of marks at the Matriculation Examination.

21. The scholarships under Rules 10 and 11 shall not exceed Rs. 18 each a month. The managing committee may fix a smaller sum not less than Rs. 10 in any case, taking into consideration the pecuniary circumstances of the candidate.

22. If the funds available cannot be fully spent under the above rules the amount remaining over shall be spent in giving scholarships to boys attending a high school or First Grade Anglo-Vernacular school in any of the districts of Dhárwár, Belgaum, Bijápur and Kánara, or in providing a teacher to give instruction in Sanskrit to the Lingáyet students of any English or high school in Dhárwár. The amount of a scholarship shall not exceed Rs. 8 a month and may be less. The managing committee shall award the scholarship and fix the amount. The scholarships shall be tenable for one year only, but may be awarded again to the same student, if available, under the rules.

23. The scholarship and other reasonable expenses incurred in the management of the fund shall be paid from the amount of interest on the fund and not out of the capital.

24. When a student who has received a scholarship afterwards gets an appointment of not less than Rs. 30 in Government service, he shall refund the amount, without interest, which he received, by monthly instalments equal to 10 per cent. on his salary. Every candidate to whom a scholarship is awarded shall enter into an agreement to this effect.

25. No change shall be made in these rules without the consent of ¾ths of the members of the general committee present at a meeting called to consider the subject, and without the sanction of Government. Notice of the proposed change shall be published in the newspapers at Dhárwár and Belgaum at least one month before the meeting, and it shall be the duty of the President to lay before the meeting any communications received on the subject.

175. Venkasani Scholarship Fund.

Venkasani, daughter of Radhasani Gutal, died at Dhárwár in 1884, leaving a will that after making provision for her two adopted daughters in the manner stated in it, her estate should be applied by Government for the education of Bráhman boys. The amount available for this purpose was Rs. 8,000. The rules for the administration of the fund are as under:—

(1). There will be four "Venkasni Scholarships", of the monthly value of Rs. 6-8-0, each tenable for four years in the Dhárwár High School, on condition that the holder's conduct and progress in his studies are satisfactory.

(2). One scholarship will be competed for every year in the month of November.

(3). The competition will be open to Bráhman boys of not more than twelve years of age, who are certified by two gentlemen of known respectability to be too poor to pay for their English education.

(4). The competitive examination will be according to the Anglo-Vernacular (Kánarese) Standard III. It will be conducted in writing under the direction of the Educational Inspector, Southern Division, at Dhárwár, Hubli and Gadag, and at such other places as the Inspector may appoint. The date and place of examination shall be publicly notified by the Inspector at least a fortnight beforehand.

(5). The scholarship of the year will be awarded to the candidate who may score the highest number of marks and shows most intelligence in his answers. If no candidate succeeds in securing the minimum number of marks, *viz.* 33⅓ per cent., the scholarship shall be withheld till next year.

(6). If a scholarship falls vacant by the resignation, death, misconduct or bad progress of the holder before the expiration of the period for which it was awarded to him, it shall be awarded for the remaining period by competition under similar conditions, the standard of examination and the eligible age of candidates being specified by the Inspector in each case, according to the length of time the scholarship will be tenable.

(7). The successful candidate may be required to reside in the Training College buildings and to conform to all rules laid down for the resident students of the college.

(8). The scholarships and all reasonable expenses in connexion with the management of the fund shall be paid out of the interest accruing on the fund. If the interest is in excess of the expenditure, an additional scholarship for one or more years may be awarded, or additional assistance may be given to the existing scholars in the shape of books or school-fees at the discretion of the Collector and the Educational Inspector.

(9). The holders of the Venkasani Scholarships shall not be allowed to hold, at the same time, any other scholarship.

(10). The decision of the Collector and the Educational Inspector in all points regarding the administration of the fund and the award of scholarships shall be final.

176. Dáda Náthájí Jubilee Prize Fund.

In 1887, on the occasion of the Jubilee of Her Most Gracious Majesty Queen Victoria, Empress of India, Mr. Dáda Náthájí Selke gave Rs. 500 for the endowment of four prizes under the following conditions:

(*a*). The amount should be devoted for founding four prizes of Rs. 5 each, two to be awarded to poor and deserving Marátha boys studying under higher standards in the primary schools in the town of Hubli, and two in Kolhápur.

(*b*). The amount should be invested in Government promissory notes, and the Deputy Educational Inspector of Dhárwár to arrange to send yearly half the amount of interest to the Deputy Educational Inspector, Kolhápur, for distribution as aforesaid, and to spend the other half for the same object in Hubli.

(*c*). The Collector of Dhárwár and the Educational Inspector, Southern Division, for the time being, to be the Trustees of the Fund.

177. Totadswámi Sanskrit Education Fund.

In 1890, Shri Jagadguru Totadswámi, Guru Totadswámi, Sansthán Dambal, contributed a sum of Rs. 10,000 for the establishment of a Sanskrit school, and requested that the management of the Fund should be entrusted to the Lingáyat Education Fund Committee, and that the President of the Committee should be the President of this Fund also, and that the contributions towards the Fund as they are received should be invested in Government paper in the name of the Collector of Dhárwár for the time being. This offer was accepted by Government Resolution, Educational Department, No. 2114 of the 7th October 1890; and the rules subsequently made for the management of the fund, and which were sanctioned by Government Resolution, Educational Department, No. 2433 of the 23rd November 1891, are as under:—

The name of the Fund.

1. The Fund shall be called the Totadswámi Sanskrit Education Fund.

Object.

2. The object of the Fund is to establish a Sanskrit school either in Dhárwár, Hubli or Gadag for the promotion of Sanskrit education among the Hindus.

Management of the Fund. General and Managing Committees.

3. The management of the Fund shall be entrusted to the present general and managing committees of the Lingáyat Education Fund, and the Collector and President of the Lingáyat Education Fund Committees shall also be the President of this Fund.

Note.—The members of the present managing committee of the Lingáyat Education Fund may be the members of the managing committee of this Fund, or may, if it is considered necessary, be elected afresh from amongst the members of the general committee.

Rules.

4. The rules as at present framed or as may hereafter be framed for regulating the management of the Lingáyat Education Fund, the holding of meetings in connection therewith, the decision of questions relating thereto, the general discharge of all correspondence about the affairs thereof, and the keeping of books, accounts and records relating thereto shall be applicable to the administration of this Fund.

Seal and Secretary.

5. The President of the Fund shall have a seal in the name of this Fund and the Secretary for the time being to the Lingáyat Education Fund Committee shall be the Secretary of this Fund.

Proceedings.

6. All proceedings of the general as well as the managing committee of this Fund shall be entered in books kept for the purpose, and all such preceedings, books, accounts, records and the seal of the Fund shall be kept by the President, and shall be open to inspection at any reasonable time by the public.

Capital and interest of the Fund.

7. The sum of Rs. 10,000 already contributed towards this Fund by the Totadswámi and any other sum that may hereafter be contributed by the said Totadswámi or by Lingáyats and other Hindus, whether in large or small sums,

shall be invested in Government promissory notes in the name of the Collector and President, Lingayat Education Fund Committee, for the time being, and the interest accruing thereon shall be expended in paying the salaries of the teachers and servants of the school and all other reasonable expenses in connection with the management of the Fund. The principal shall under no circumstances whatever be utilized for any purpose.

Scholarships and Prizes.

8. If any liberal-minded Hindu gentleman is desirous of establishing a scholarship or scholarships, or prizes in the shape of books or in any other form in his name for the encouragement of the pupils attending the school, his offer may be accepted by the Committee, if they approve of the terms on which it is made.

9. The Managing Committee shall—

(1) make provision for a suitable place for the school and fix the number and nature of classes to be opened in the school, the number of pupils to be taught in each class, the number of competent teachers* and servants and their salaries and contingent expenditure, taking into consideration the amount of interest available on the fund:

(2) fix the time at which the school shall be opened and closed, and sanction holidays;

(3) select the books to be taught in the school and make provision for the purchase of such books and other necessary dead-stock articles;

(4) grant casual leave or leave without allowance for periods not exceeding one month to the teachers and servants;

(5) select the pupils for admission into the school subject to the approval of at least five members of the Committee;

(6) expel pupils who seem to be negligent in their studies or who otherwise disqualify themselves by misconduct;

(7) visit and examine the school once at least every three months;

(8) hold meetings once at least every two months in the school or in some other convenient place for the discharge of such of the business as is under the circumstances considered necessary, provided due previous intimation of the same is given to the members concerned;

(9) arrange for the distribution of prizes.

10. The managing committee shall frame such bye-laws as are consistent with the above regulations for the maintenance and management of the school and carry out such rules effectually.

11. If the amount of interest available cannot be fully spent under the above rules the sum so remaining over may be spent in establishing a library to be attached to the institution and in supplying it with Sanskrit books, &c., for ready reference.

Admission into the school.

12. The backward classes of Hindus shall have a preferential claim for admission into the school.

Accounts.

13. The Secretary of the Lingáyat Education Fund shall keep accounts of the receipts and expenditure of this Fund under the supervision of the President, and shall draw against it by means of cheques signed by the President.

Annual report.

14. A statement of the administration of this Fund shall be published annually along with the administration report of the Lingáyat Education Fund, and a copy of it shall be furnished to the donor of the Fund.

15. The Educational Inspector and the Deputy Educational Inspector may examine the school annually. The Headmaster of the High School and the Principal of the Training College may also examine the school at any time,

* Note.—The teachers must be of pure Kánarese birth.

provided due previous intimation of their intention to examine is given to the teachers.

16. The above rules are subject to such additions and alterations as circumstances may require. No such additions and alterations shall be made without the consent of at least three-fourths of the members of the general committee present at the meeting called to consider the subject and without the sanction of Government. Notice of the proposed additions and alterations shall be published in the newspapers at Dhárwár at least one month before the meeting, and it shall be the duty of the President to lay before the meeting any communications received on the subject.

178. Jághirdár's Fund.

In 1850, a sum of Rs. 15,000 was subscribed by the Chiefs and Jághirdárs, of the Southern Marátha Country for the support of the Sardárs' High School at Belgaum. The interest of the fund is now given to the Rájáram College at Kolhápur.

179. Alfred Scholarship Fund.

The late Rájáram Maháráj to commemorate the visit of His Royal Highness the Duke of Edinburgh to this country invested Rs. 45,000 in the four per cent. promissory notes the interest thereon being applied to the formation of Scholarships for the encouragement of higher education in the State. The following are the rules regarding the award of the above Scholarships:—

(*a*) One Alfred Scholarship of Rs. 20 per mensem tenable for four years at the Grant Medical College, Bombay, will be awarded to a deserving freshman who shall have matriculated from the Rájárám High School after having attended that school for not less than three continuous years immediately previous. The stipend may be continued for a fifth year if funds are available and the Principal recommends it. If there be no fresh man desirous of studying medicine, a scholarship of the same value to be held in Bombay and tenable for two years will be given to a deserving candidate, who passes the Previous Examination from the Rájárám College with the highest number of marks.

(*b*) Two Alfred Scholarships of Rs. 15 per mensem, each tenable for one year and to be held at any college, will be awarded to two deserving students who have passed the First B. A. Examination from the Rájárám College after having attended it for two full terms.

(*c*) Three Alfred Scholarships of Rs. 10 each per mensem will be tenable for one term only in the First B. A. class and will be rewarded on the results of the Terminal Examination held in April. The rewarded scholarships to be tenable for the 2nd term and to be open to all students who have attended the college during the 1st term.

(*d*) Four Alfred Scholarships of Rs. 10 per mensem will be awarded to 4 deserving students who have passed the Matriculation Examination from the Rájárám High School after having attended it for not less than two continuous years immediately previous.

(*e*) All the above scholarships will be awarded by the Council of Administration on the recommendation of the Principal of the Rájáram College. Industry, ability and good conduct will be taken into consideration along with due regard to pecuniary circumstances in making the selection.

(*f*) The scholars will be liable to forfeit their scholarships for misconduct or irregularity in attendance.

180. Rájárám Scholarship Fund.

To perpetuate the memory of His Highness the late Rájárám Mahárája, a committee was formed in 1871 and a sum of Rs. 20,000 (known as the Rájárám Memorial Fund) was subscribed for the purpose of founding the Rájárám Scholarships, by the Sardárs and Native gentry headed by the liberal minded Chiefs of Jamkhandi and Kurundvád. This sum has been invested in 4 per cent. Government Securities and the interest thereon utilized for the proposed scholar-

ships in connection with the Rájárám High School. The rules regarding the award of these scholarships are as follows:—

(*a*) Standard VII.

Scholarships 4 of Rs. 5 each.

Standard VI.

Scholarships 2 of Rs. 5 each.

Scholarships 2 of Rs. 4 each.

Standard V.

Scholarships 4 of Rs. 4 each.

Standard IV.

Scholarships 4 of Rs. 4 each.

(*b*) Conditions of awarding scholarships:—poverty and merit combined.

(*c*) All Rájárám Scholarships to be tenable for one term only and to be re-awarded on the results of the Terminal Examinations.

(*d*) One scholarship in each standard to be reserved for special proficiency in Sanskrit and to be given to any student in the standard who passes under all heads in the terminal examination and obtains at least 85 per cent. of the marks assigned for the Sanskrit paper. This will give special encouragement to the study of Sanskrit and will stimulate students to compete for the two Sanskrit (Shankarshet) scholarships that are awarded every year by the University.

(*e*) One of the four scholarships in the VII standard to be reserved for special proficiency in general knowledge and to be given to any student in that standard who passes under all heads in the Terminal Examination and obtains at least 85 per cent. of the marks assigned for the Science and History and Geography papers. This is calculated to encourage students to compete for the general knowledge prize awarded by the University every year.

(*f*) In no case is a boy to be allowed to hold more than two scholarships at a time, also if there is not to be found any student in any standard duly qualified to hold any of the special scholarships all such scholarships to be treated as ordinary scholarships.

(*g*) Age of candidates for IV standard scholarships not to exceed 15 years.

(*h*) Scholarships may be taken away at any time on account of idleness or misconduct and may be offered to competition by the boys studying under the standard to which such scholarships belong.

(*i*) Scholars not to be exempted from school fees, &c., unless unable to pay.

(*k*) Scholarships not to be awarded to boys who have no fixed purpose of studying up to V standard.

(*l*) Rules may be altered from time to time with the approval of the Council of Administration.

(*m*) By merit in rule (*c*) is intended both the *highest general proficiency* as tested by marks and *also good conduct.*

181. Rájárám College (Poor Boys' Library) Fund.

This institution was first opened by Mr. M. M. Kunte, the Head Master, in 1869. He asked the sanction of the Political Agent, Colonel Anderson, in the letter No. 183, dated 17th February 1869, to open a Library called the "Poor Boy's Library," stating therein the inconvenience caused to the Poor Boys of the High School by their not being able to buy the books required for their study in each class. Mr. Kunte thus puts it in his letter. "The poor boys of this school are exceedingly inconvenienced for want of books when they are transferred from one class to another or when a new book is introduced. They cannot afford

to buy them and therefore find it very difficult to keep up with the class. To remove this inconvenience and to meet this want, I and my assistants have thought of a plan which I believe is feasible. A library consisting of such books as are used in the High School and to be called " The Poor Boys' Library " should be opened in connection with the High School to be supported by contributions from charitable gentlemen." The Political Agent sanctioned the proposal of Mr. Kunte and permitted him to establish that institution and receive subscriptions from charitable gentlemen in his letter No. 327, dated 25th February 1869.

The fund was first started with a sum of Rs. 40, contributed by the Chief of Kurundvád and a Vakil. A sum of Rs. 100 which was a part of the savings from the Prize Fund of the High School was further added to it by permission of the Political Agent. Thus the fund began to make progress by receiving good sums of money from several people. One of the assistant masters was put in charge of the Library as Secretary who looked after the business and kept regular accounts. Some gentlemen contributed in the form of books and thus the stock increased. When the fund amounted to more than Rs. 1,000, a sum of Rs. 1,000 was deposited in the Savings Bank. When subsequently the Government declined to permit this institution to open an account with the Government Savings Bank, the fund amounting to Rs. 1,200 was deposited in the State Treasury at 4 per cent. under instructions, from the Political Agent. Later on, the Political Agent also refused to have the fund placed in the State Treasury and advised trustees of the fund to have their own arrangements. Thereupon Mr. Wahkarkar, the Head Master, managed through the Deputy Secretary of the Bank of Bombay to invest the sum in the 4 per cent. promissory notes and two notes of Rs. 800 and Rs. 500 = Rs. 1,300 were purchased in the month of June 1876. A sum of about 400 rupees accumulated thereafter has been deposited in the Postal Savings Bank in the Principal's name.

The interest of the promissory notes is received half-yearly through the Darbár Treasury. Formerly it was the custom to ask every visitor to the High School for a donation to the Library Fund, but the practice has now for a long while been dropped.

The rules of the " Poor Boys' Library " are as follows :—

1. The library is to be used by such students as produce a certificate of poverty and obtain the sanction of the Principal.

2. Students on being admitted to the use of the library shall pay the following entrance fees :—

| | Rs. |
|---|---|
| Undergraduates ... ... ... ... | 2 |
| High School Standards | |
| VII, VI, and V ... ... ... | 2 |
| „ IV, III, II, and I ... ... ... | 1 |

3. A set of the necessary class books is lent to two boys conjointly on some respectable person standing security for the due return of the books. If, however, it be found to be necessary with the special sanction of the Principal, a single boy may have a set of books on his paying a double fee.

4. The library is managed by one of the assistant masters under the orders of the Principal.

182. Jayasinghráo Ghátge Technical School Fund.

A public meeting under the presidency of W. Lee-Warner, Esquire, C.S., Acting Political Agent, Kolhápur and Southern Maratha Country, was held on 29th March 1886 for the purpose of addressing a letter of condolence to His Highness the Mahárája of Kolhápur on the occasion of the untimely death of his natural father Jayasinghráo Abásáheb Ghátge, the late Chief of Kágal and Regent of Kolhápur, and also for the purpose of raising a subscription to perpetuate his memory. The subscription was actually collected and it was proposed that the amount of subscription should be appropriated for promoting technical education. This fund was amalgamated with the Fergusson Fund and the Narsobávádi Charitable Dispensary Fund which amounted to Rs. 19,900. As a new dispensary was opened at Shirol and was maintained at the expense of the State, it was deemed unnecessary to open one at Narsobáchivádi which

is only about 3 miles from Shirol and, therefore, the fund was amalgamated with the above fund. The amounts of these funds were apportioned as follows:— Rs. 20,000 being the amount of the Fergusson fund were set apart for scholarships to be founded in the name of Sir James Fergusson in connection with the Technical School, and Rs. 26,900 (Rs. 7,000 being the amount of the Jayasinghráo Ghátge Fund and Rs. 19,900 of the Narsobáchivádi Charitable Dispensary Fund) were set apart for payment of stipends of the students in that school. No Government sanction was asked regarding this fund.

183. Fergusson Scholarship Fund.

In view of the approaching departure of His Excellency Sir James Fergusson, Governor of Bombay, the people of Kolhápur held, in the Town Hall on the 10th February 1885, a general public meeting, presided over by the late Abásáheb, the Chief of Kágal and Regent of Kolhápur, and in token of their grateful appreciation of the sympathising and judicious policy which His Excellency adopted in connection with the affairs of this State resolved to raise subscriptions for the purpose of commemorating His Excellency's special interest in the welfare and prosperity of this important Marátha Principality. His Excellency the Governor gratefully accepted the honour conferred upon him, in his letter, dated 18th March 1885, which was communicated to the Darbár by the Political Agent in his No. 841 of 21st idem. This fund was afterwards amalgamated with the Jayasinghráo Ghátge Fund.

184. Ghorpade Fellowship and Lectureship Fund.

In 1883, the Rája of Mudhol on leaving the Rájárám College, presented an endowment of Rs. 15,000 to be held in trust by the Political Agent, Southern Marátha Country and the Rája of Mudhol for the time being. The interest of this sum to be applied towards the support of a "Ghorpade Lectureship" in honour of the Rája's father.

185. Jayasinghráo Ghátge Scholarship Fund.

*By the Kágal School on the occasion of the opening the Hinduráo Ghátge Anglo-Vernacular School at Kágal in 1887.

A scholarship of Rupees 5 per month called "Jayasinghrào Ghátge Scholarship" was founded* in honour of the late Regent of Kolhápur in connection with the Rájárám High School (tenable for one year) and awarded to a student sent to that school from the Hinduráo Ghátge Anglo-Vernacular School at Kagal. A sum of Rs. 1,500 was invested for this purpose in 4 per cent. Government promissory notes in the joint names of the Political Agent, Kolhápur and Southern Marátha Country, and the Diván of Kolhápur for the time being.

186. Bhikájipant Gokhale Scholarship Fund.

Mr. Krishnáji Bhikáji Gokhale who was once first assistant master in the Rájárám High School and now tutor to His Highness the Mahárája founded in the year 1884 a scholarship of Rs. 5 a month in the name of his deceased father Bhikájipant Gokhale to be awarded to a student of the Miraj High School, who would get the highest number of marks in the Matriculation Examination, and join the Rájárám College. The scholar is admitted as a free student.

187. Krishnáji Bachàji Sováni Prize Fund.

Mr. Ganesh Krishna Sováni, Head Clerk, Political Agent's office, and his two brothers in memory of their late father paid into the Darbár Treasury a sum of Rs. 1,500 for investment in Government promissory notes with a view that the interest realized thereon be annually received and applied for awarding a prize to be called the "Krishnáji Bachàji Sováni Prize" to a student in the Rájárám High School who obtains the highest marks in general knowledge (*i. e.*, History and Geography and Science), in the Matriculation Examination and joins the Previous Class, Rájárám College.

188. Baji Scholarship Fund.

189. The Miraj Junior Scholarship Endowment Fund.

Government Resolution, Political Department, No. 3808 of the 11th June 1892, sanctioned a proposal of the Political Agent, Kolhápur and Southern Marátha Country, for the transfer of Government promisory notes of the nominal value of Rs. 11,100, out of the securities held by the

Accountant General on account of the State of Miraj Junior to "the Miraj Junior, Scholarship Endowment Fund" and ordered the half-yearly interest to be remitted to the Political Agent for payment to the State Karbhári who would arrange to pay the scholars elected by the State. The Scholarships are to be called the "Reeves Scholarships," in memory of Colonel Reeves, some time Political Agent of Kolhápur and the Southern Marátha Country. The rules for the award of the Scholarships are as under:—

(1) A Scholarship of Rs. 13 per mensem, tenable for three years, in the new Victoria Technical Institute, Bombay, will be given by the *Board of the Institute to a student who is a *bonâ fide* subject of Miraj (Junior) State and has received his primary education in the schools of that State.

*In the event of a qualified student not presenting himself the interest to be applied in furtherance of the object of the endowment only.

(2) A Scholarship of Rs. 12 per mensem, tenable for three years, will be given to a student who is a *bonâ fide* subject of the Miraj (Junior) State and has received his primary education in the schools of that State, to enable him to prosecute his studies in one of the Arts Colleges recognised by the Bombay University as teaching up to the B.A. degree.

(3) Two Scholarships of Rs. 6 per mensem each will be given to boys who are *bonâ fide* subjects of the Miraj (Junior) State, have studied in the schools of that State, have passed the English Third Standard Examination and wish to prosecute their further studies in a high school.

190. Jacob Endowment Fund.

This is an endowment made by the late Sir G. LeGrand Jacob for the advancement of education in the Sávantvádi State, and the interest realized thereupon is expended annually for the purchase of prizes, which are distributed to deserving boys in the schools of the State.

191. Frere Prize Fund.

This prize was founded in 1860 out of the balance of the funds collected for an entertainment given to Sir Bartle Frere on the eve of his departure from Sind. The best student in the Karáchi High School is rewarded annually with books of the value of Rs. 20

192. MacLeod Memorial Fund.

In 1854, about Rs. 2,500 were subscribed at Karáchi for the establishment of a scholarship in memory of the late Collector of Customs, Mr. John MacLeod. The scholarship was to be called "The MacLeod Scholarship," and was to be given annually to the most deserving native Sindhi student in the Government school at Karáchi. In order that the value of the scholarship might be not less than Rs. 10 per mensem, Government was asked to make a contribution of Rs. 500. The Board of Education supported this request and suggested that the scholarship would be of use in enabling a native of Sind to pursue his studies in the Elphinstone Institution or Poona College. Government Resolution, General Department, No. 3382 of the 9th November 1854, sanctioned the grant of Rs. 500; and Government left the management of the scholarship with the local committee of education. For many years after the Government Education Department assumed charge of education in Sind, the interest of the scholarship was applied, with other money, in paying scholarships to students from Sind, who were studying at Bombay or Poona colleges affiliated to the University; but now that a college has been opened at Karáchi, the original intention of the subscribers can be carried out.

193. Karáchi Fair and Exhibition Fund.

In 1870, Rs. 1,313, the balance of the Karáchi Fair and Exhibition Fund, were deposited in the Government Savings Bank, and the interest placed at the disposal of the Educational Inspector, Sind, to be awarded annually to the most successful candidate from Sind at the Matriculation Examination, without prejudice to the recipient's claims to other prizes.

194. Mansfield Scholarship Fund.

Subscriptions were raised in honour of Mr. Samuel Mansfield, C.S.I., some time Commissioner in Sind. A portion of the money was spent by the committee of the fund in procuring a portrait of Mr. Mansfield as voted by the public of

Sind in 1867, and the balance of Rs. 1,440 was handed over to Government for a scholarship in the Náráyan Jagannáth High School, Karáchi. The rules for the award of the scholarship are as under :—

(1). The object of the fund is to found a scholarship in the Náráyan Jagannáth High School of the annual value of Rs. 56.

(2). The scholarship shall be tenable for one year and will be paid in two instalments to a boy preparing for the V Standard, who may have passed fully with the highest number of marks under Anglo-Vernacular Standard IV at the Educational Inspector's examination.

(3). The scholarship will be awarded annually about the time of the distribution of prizes or soon after the yearly examination of the school as the Educational Inspector may think fit, by presenting the boy selected with a ticket bearing the following inscription :—

"Mr. Mansfield Scholarship awarded to (name) for passing Anglo-Vernacular Standard IV with the highest number of marks at the Educational Inspector's examination."

Signed.
Commissioner in Sind,
or
Educational Inspector in Sind.

(4). The first instalment may be paid in cash in advance either at the annual distribution of prizes or at any other date at the option of the Educational Inspector in Sind ; and the balance will be paid at the close of his training in the V Standard.

(5). The holder of the scholarship shall be expected to be regular in attendance and to bear a good character or, otherwise, upon the Head Master's report he will become liable to be deprived of the balance payable to him at the close of the year, or such part of it as the Educational Inspector in Sind may deem fit.

(6). The rules are subject to modification.

195. Virbáiji School Fund.

In 1886, an investment of Rs. 8,000, which belonged to the Virbáiji School at Karáchi and which stood in the name of the Collector as President of the school committee, was transferred to the Accountant General. A further sum of Rs. 2,000 has lately been invested by the Accountant General.

196. Amir Sir Ali Murad Scholarship Fund.

In August 1894, the Commissioner in Sind reported that His Highness Mir Faiz Muhammadkhan of Khairpur had, with the view to encouraging higher education amongst the Mahomedans of Sind, placed at his disposal the sum of Rs.60,000 for the purpose of founding scholarships to be called the Amir Sir Ali Murad Scholarships in memory of his father. The endowment was accepted by Government Resolution, Educational Department, No. 1768, dated the 29th August 1894, and the rules for the administration of the Scholarship Fund are as under :—

1. This fund has been founded by His Highness Mir Faiz Muhammad of Khairpur in memory of his father, His Highness the late Amir Sir Ali Murad, G.C.I.E., of Khairpur, for the encouragement of higher education amongst the Musalmán population of Sind, and shall be called the Amir Sir Ali Murad Scholarship Fund.

2. The fund consists of the sum of Rs. 60,000 invested in Government securities, and deposited with the Treasurer of Charitable Endowments, Bombay, the interest of which shall be devoted to the maintenance of scholarships as prescribed in Rule 5.

3. The scholarships are open to all Mahomedans born or domiciled in Sind.

4. The fund shall be administered by a committee, consisting of the Commissioner in Sind, the Educational Inspector in Sind and the Principal, Dayaram Jethmal Sind College.

5. The scholarships shall be tenable by undergraduates attending any of the courses prescribed by the Bombay University, the Victoria Jubilee Technical Institute at Bombay, and the Dayaram Jethmal Sind College, especially the B.A. at Karáchi, the LL.B. at Karáchi or Bombay, the L.M. & S. at Bombay, the Victoria Jubilee Institute course at Bombay, the L.C.E. at Poona.

All scholarships tenable in Sind shall be of the annual value of Rs. 300; those tenable only at Bombay or Poona shall be of the annual value of Rs. 360.

The scholarships shall ordinarily be tenable for a period not exceeding four years.

6. The fund at present admits of the foundation of seven scholarships, four of which will be awarded in January 1895, if a sufficient number of eligible candidates present themselves.

7. Applications for scholarships must be made before the 1st of January in each year to the Educational Inspector in Sind, from whom printed forms of application (Form A) are obtainable.

In case of more applications than one, it shall be open to the committee to award the scholarships by competitive examination, but this shall not be compulsory.

8. Scholarships will be payable quarterly in arrears by the Educational Inspector in Sind on bills countersigned by the Principal of the Institution in which the scholar is studying. Printed forms of bill (Form B) are obtainable from the Educational Inspector in Sind.

9. Any scholar failing to pass any Collegiate or University examination will be liable at the discretion of the committee to forfeit the whole or a part of his scholarship.

10. Any savings that may from time to time accrue may either be added to the invested fund or be utilised in any other way for the furtherance of the objects of the fund, such as increasing the endowments or adding to the number of the scholarships.

11. His Highness Mir Faiz Muhammad Khan having seen fit to entrust this fund entirely to the management of the Commissioner in Sind for the time being, the fund shall be entered in the name of the Commissioner in Sind in the books of the Treasurer of Charitable Endowments, and sales or investments shall be made on his authority and signature alone.

The Commissioner in Sind shall have full power to revise or alter these rules or conditions in such manner as may from time to time seem to him necessary.

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## AMIR SIR ALI MURAD SCHOLARSHIPS.

### Form A.

*Form of application for a Scholarship to the Educational Inspector in Sind.*

I_____ being a Mahomedan born* or domiciled* in Sind, beg to apply for an Amir Sir Ali Murad Scholarship, and request that my claims may be considered by the Committee of Administration at the next award.

* Strike out words which do not apply.

The course for which I *am studying / *propose to study is the_____ for which I *have joined / *propose to join the_____ College. I hereby declare that, I am a *bonâ fide*

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on 31 October, 2019